Annual
Comprehensive
Financial Report
for the Year Ending
December 31, 2021



County of Berks, Pennsylvania County of Berks, Pennsylvania

Annual

Comprehensive
Financial Report
for the Year Ending

December 31, 2021

Commissioners:

Christian Y. Leinbach, Chair

Kevin S. Barnhardt, Vice Chair

Michael S. Rivera

Prepared by the

Office of the Controller

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Year ended December 31, 2021

County of Berks

Table of Contents:	Page(s)
Introductory Information:	
Letter of Transmittal	1 - 5
County of Berks - List of Elected Officials	6
County of Berks Organizational Chart	7
Financial Information:	
Independent Auditor's Report	8 – 11
Management's Discussion and Analysis	12 - 23
Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	FS 2 - 3
Statement of Activities	FS 4 – 5
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	FS 6
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	FS 7
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds	FS 8
Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	FS 9
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds – Enterprise Funds	FS 10
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds – Enterprise Funds	FS 11
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds – Enterprise Funds	FS 12
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	FS 13
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	FS 14
Statement of Net Position – Component Units	FS 15

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Year ended December 31, 2021

County of Berks

Table of Contents (continued)	:	Page(s)						
Statement of Activities/Revenue – Component Units	Statement of Activities/Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Component Units							
Notes to Financial State	ments:							
Note 1 – Summary of Si	gnificant Accounting Policies	N 1						
Note 2 – Cash and Inves	tments	N 11						
Note 3 – Restricted Asse	ets	N 25						
Note 4 – Real Estate Tax	xes and Tax Abatements	N 26						
Note 5 – Interfund Balar	nces and Activity	N 27						
Note 6 – Capital Assets		N 29						
Note 7 – Retirement Pla	ns	N 35						
Note 8 – Future Lease R	entals Receivable and Related Debt	N 47						
Note 9 – Risk Managem	ent	N 48						
Note 10 – Long-Term D	ebt	N 52						
Note 11 – Fund Balance	Policy	N 61						
Note 12 – Obligations un	nder Capital Leases	N 63						
Note 13 – Commitments	and Contingencies	N 64						
Note 14 – Contractual A	greement Revenue	N 66						
Note 15 – Post Employn	nent Benefit Plans other than Pensions	N 67						
Note 16 – Subsequent E	vents	N 76						

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report County of Berks Year ended December 31, 2021 Page(s) **Table of Contents (continued): Required Supplemental Information:** General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -General Fund – Budget and Actual RSI 1 - 3Children and Youth Services Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Children and Youth Services Special Revenue Fund – Budget and Actual RSI 4 **Health Choices** Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Health Choices Special Revenue Fund – Budget and Actual RSI 5 Note to Required Supplemental Information RSI 6 Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension Asset (Liability) and Related Ratios – Berks County Employees' Retirement Fund RSI 7 Schedule of County Contributions Berks County Employees' Retirement Fund RSI 8 **Other Supplemental Information:**

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:

Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	OSI 2 – 4
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	OSI 5 – 7
<u>Liquid Fuels</u> Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Liquid Fuels Special Revenue Fund – Budget and Actual	OSI 8
<u>Domestic Relations</u> Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Domestic Relations Special Revenue Fund – Budget and Actual	OSI 9
Employment and Training Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Employment and Training Special Revenue Fund – Budget and Actual	OSI 10

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Year ended December 31, 2021

County of Berks

Table of Contents (continued):	Page(s)
Other Supplemental Information (continued):	
Office of Aging Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Office of Aging Special Revenue Fund – Budget and Actual	OSI 11
Special Legislation Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Special Legislation Special Revenue Fund – Budget and Actual	OSI 12
Mental Health/ Developmental Disabilities Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Mental Health/ Developmental Disabilities Special Revenue Fund – Budget and Actual	OSI 13
<u>Human Services</u> Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Human Services Special Revenue Fund – Budget and Actual	OSI 14
<u>Drug and Alcohol</u> Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Drug and Alcohol Special Revenue Fund – Budget and Actual	OSI 15
<u>Department of Emergency Services Special Revenue Fund</u> Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Department of Emergency Services Special Revenue Fund – Budget and Actual	OSI 16
Community Development Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Community Development Special Revenue Fund – Budget and Actual	OSI 17
COVID Impact Grants Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Capital Projects Special Revenue Fund – Budget and Actual	OSI 18
Berks County Residential Center Enterprise Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Berks County Residential Center Enterprise Fund – Budget and Actual	OSI 19
Berks Heim Enterprise Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Berks Heim Enterprise Fund – Budget and Actual	OSI 20

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Year ended December 31, 2021

County of Berks

SI 25

Page(s) **Table of Contents (continued): Statistical Information:** SI₁ Statistical Section – Categories Net Position by Component – Last Ten Years SI 2 Changes in Net Position – Last Ten Years SI 3 - 4 Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Years SI 5 Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Years SI 6 Total Revenue by Source, Governmental Funds – Last Ten Years SI 7 Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property – Last Ten Years SI 8 Property Tax Rates per \$1,000 of Assessed Value – Direct and Overlapping Governments – Last Ten Years SI 9 SI 10 Principal Taxpayers – Current and Nine Years Ago Property Tax Levies and Collections – Last Ten Years SI 11 Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates – Last Ten Years SI 12 - 13Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type – Last Ten Years SI 14 Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding – Last Ten Years SI 15 Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt – December 31, 2020 SI 16 - 17Legal Debt Margin Information – Last Ten Years SI 18 Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Obligation Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures – Last Ten Years SI 19 Demographic and Economic Statistics – Last Ten Years SI 20 Principal Employers – Current Year and Nine Years Ago SI 21 Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Function/Program – Last Ten Years SI 22 Operating Indicators by Function/Program – Last Ten Years SI 23 - 24

Capital Assets Statistics by Function/Program – Last Ten Years

County of Berks,
Pennsylvania
Annual Comprehensive
Financial Report
Introductory Information
for the Year Ending
December 31, 2021



COUNTY OF BERKS, PENNSYLVANIA

Office of the Commissioners

Services Center, 13th Floor 633 Court Street Reading, PA 19601 Phone: 610.478.6136 Fax: 610.478.6293 E-mail:commissioners@countyofberks.com

Christian Y. Leinbach, Chair Kevin S. Barnhardt, Vice Chair Michael S. Rivera, Commissioner Ronald R. Seaman, Chief Administrative Officer Christine M. Sadler, Solicitor Carmen Torres, Chief Clerk

September 2, 2022

To: The Citizens of the County of Berks

This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the County of Berks for the year ended December 31, 2021 is submitted herewith to the citizens of the County of Berks and other interested readers of these financial statements. This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report was prepared by the Office of the Controller on behalf of the Board of Commissioners. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with County management. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the County, as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a clear understanding of the County's financial affairs have been included.

The organization, form, and contents of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report and the accompanying financial statements and statistical tables were prepared in accordance with the standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). The County's financial statements have been audited by the certified public accounting firm of RKL LLP. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the year ended December 31, 2021 are free of material misstatement. The independent certified public accounting firm has issued an unmodified opinion on the County's financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021. The auditor's report is located at the beginning of the financial section of this report.

As a recipient of federal financial assistance, the County is also required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1984 and Subpart F of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Information related to this single audit is included in a separately issued Single Audit Report issued by the County's external CPA firm.

In developing and evaluating the County's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance regarding (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements; and (3) maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of internal controls should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and that the evaluation of cost and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. All internal accounting control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the County's internal accounting controls (1) adequately safeguard assets, (2) provide

reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions, and (3) maintain accountability for assets.

The letter of transmittal is designed to complement, and should be read in conjunction with, Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), and the included financial statements and financial statement notes. MD&A provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the financial statements and can be found immediately following the report of independent auditors.

Profile of the County and Government

The County of Berks is a diamond shaped area of 866 square miles located in Southeast Pennsylvania. It is strategically located at the intersection of a dynamic market of economic, trade and industrial activities in the New York - Washington, DC corridor. The county seat, the City of Reading, is 56 miles northwest of Philadelphia, one of the leading industrial and trade complexes of the nation, while also being near other major metropolitan areas of Baltimore, 97 miles to the south, and New York City, 125 miles to the northeast. The County is bordered by Lebanon and Lancaster Counties to the Southwest, Chester and Montgomery Counties to the Southeast, Lehigh County to the Northwest.

Originally settled over 250 years ago, the County has shifted from primarily an agrarian-based economy to mining and forging, to manufacturing, and most recently to service-related business. The trend away from manufacturing is expected to continue into the next decade. The service industry, in particular banking, retail, business, health, and social services, is projected to grow the most over the next ten years. Based on the United States Census Bureau the County's estimated population as of July 1, 2021 is 429,342 in 73 boroughs, townships and the City of Reading, and has been exhibiting an upward trend for the last decade.

The County is a third class county, by population, and is governed by a Board of Commissioners under the County Code of 1955. Three County Commissioners, not all from the same political party, are elected every four years, and are assisted in the operation of County government by 9 elected Row Officers, 16 elected Judges of Court and Judicial Officers, and several appointed department heads. A full organization chart follows this Letter of Transmittal.

On an annual basis, the County must develop an Operating and Capital Projects Budget, which serves as the foundation of the County's financial planning and control system. The County Commissioners must adopt this annual revenue and expenditure budget for the County by December 31 of each year for the subsequent year.

Financial Reporting Entity

This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes all funds (agencies) of the County, and through those funds, provides a full range of services including the court system, prison, nursing home, education and cultural programs, public safety, economic development, human services programs for children, families and the aged, as well as general administration. In addition to general governmental activities, the County also has discretely presented component units. These units of government are included in the County's reporting entity because of the County's authority to appoint a voting majority of their boards of directors and their dependent financial relationships with the County. Please refer to Note 1.A in the Notes to the Financial Statements for detailed information about the County's component units and related organizations.

Economic Condition & Outlook

In 2021 regional businesses along with consumer fiscal spending levels point to Berks County's economic growth and significant recovery from the pandemic related disruptions in 2019 and 2020. Despite tightening labor supply, most of the Berks County businesses managed to preserve their workforce. At the end of 2021 unemployment rate of 4.5% was slightly higher than the state unemployment level of 4.3%. The manufacturing remains the largest employer followed by healthcare and government sector. Rising inflation and the looming recession will have a great impact on the trajectory for growth in the coming months and years.

The County maintains many investments to facilitate operations, capital expansion and retirement plans. The investment policy is to minimize credit and market risks, while maintaining a competitive yield on the portfolios. Accordingly, deposits are insured by federal depository insurance, invested in governmental obligations, or collateralized in accordance with the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Act 72. The County maintains a defined benefit retirement plan with mandatory membership for all full-time County employees, through a 5% required contribution. Net plan position was valued at \$584,977,309, an increase of 8.8% from the prior year. Please refer to Note 2 in the Notes to Financial Statements for a detailed analysis of cash and investment information and to Note 7 in the Notes to the Financial Statements for disclosure on the County's Employees' Pension Plan.

Even though the County was able to implement a no tax increase budget for the 2021 year, succeeding year's budgets are forecast to face a continued revenue compression from both federal and state governments in funding the areas of the Children and Youth Services, Berks Heim, and the Criminal Justice System, notably the Jail. The County is now completing its 15th year of self-insurance in healthcare coverage, while maintaining other third-party coverage to control the rising, overall cost of insurance protection. Analysis of the ten-year history points to a substantial out-of-pocket savings through self-insurance. Workers' Compensation Insurance has been similarly self-insured, in this case since 2002. Please refer to Note 9 in the Notes to Financial Statements for detailed Risk Management information.

Several major capital projects were under construction during the year 2021. The most notable of which was the Department of Emergency Services GPS project. The expected final cost of construction is projected to be approximately \$2.3 million. The management anticipates this project to be completed by December 31, 2022.

Ongoing major initiatives of the County are restorations and maintenances of other County owned bridges. Total aggregate construction in progress on other bridges is approximately \$3.5 million at December 31, 2021. The bridge projects have varying dates of completion. The ongoing projects include the Althouse Mill Bridge, the Ebling Memorial Bridge, Peach Street Bridge and Pinnacle View Bridge.

Going forward, to eliminate the need for future tax increases, it is imperative that the County continue to maximize non-property tax revenue and streamline its service delivery. It is likewise vital to maintain an adequate level of General Fund balance, and not look to this fund to finance future shortfalls in operating revenues. These steps and a five-year financial forecast are part of the County's long-term financial planning process.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report could not have been accomplished without the dedicated efforts and professionalism of the staff of the Accounting Department in the Office of the Controller and the Office of Budget and Finance. We would like to personally thank these individuals for their assistance in improving both the accuracy and quality of this important County document.

We would like to further express our appreciation to the certified public accounting firm of RKL LLP, who audited the general ledger and financial statements from which these schedules are taken, and who provided invaluable guidance in its presentation.

Respectfully submitted,

Christian Y. Leinbach Commissioner Chair

Kevin S. Barnhardt Commissioner

Michael S. Rivera Commissioner

Sandra M. Graffius

Controller

Grazyna Nykiel, CGFM, CICA Deputy Controller/Project Manager

Andrew Noll, CFE, CGFM Manager of Financial Reporting and Accounting

Patrick Sleppy

Senior Governmental Accountant

Scott S. Poch, CPA, CGMA Senior Governmental Accountant

Mitchel D. Salvatore

Senior Governmental Accountant

County of Berks List of Elected Officials

July 2022

Commissioners

Christian Y. Leinbach, Chair Kevin S. Barnhardt, Vice Chair Michael S. Rivera

Clerk of Courts
James P. Troutman

District AttorneyJohn T. Adams, Esq.

CoronerJohn Fielding

Sheriff Eric J. Weaknecht

Judges of Court

Honorable Thomas G. Parisi, President Judge Honorable Jeffrey K. Sprecher, Judge Honorable Scott E. Lash, Judge Honorable Paul M. Yatron, Judge Honorable Tina M. Boyd, Judge Honorable James E. Gavin, Judge Honorable Jill Gehamn Koestel, Judge Honorable Madelyn S. Fudeman, Judge Honorable M. Theresa Johnson, Judge Honorable James M. Lillis, Judge Honorable Eleni Dimitriou Geishauser, Judge Honorable Patrick T. Barrett, Judge Honorable J. Benjamin Nevius, Judge Honorable James M. Bucci, Senior Judge Honorable Mary Ann Ullman, Senior Judge Honorable Stephen B. Lieberman, Senior Judge Honorable John A. Boccabella, Senior Judge

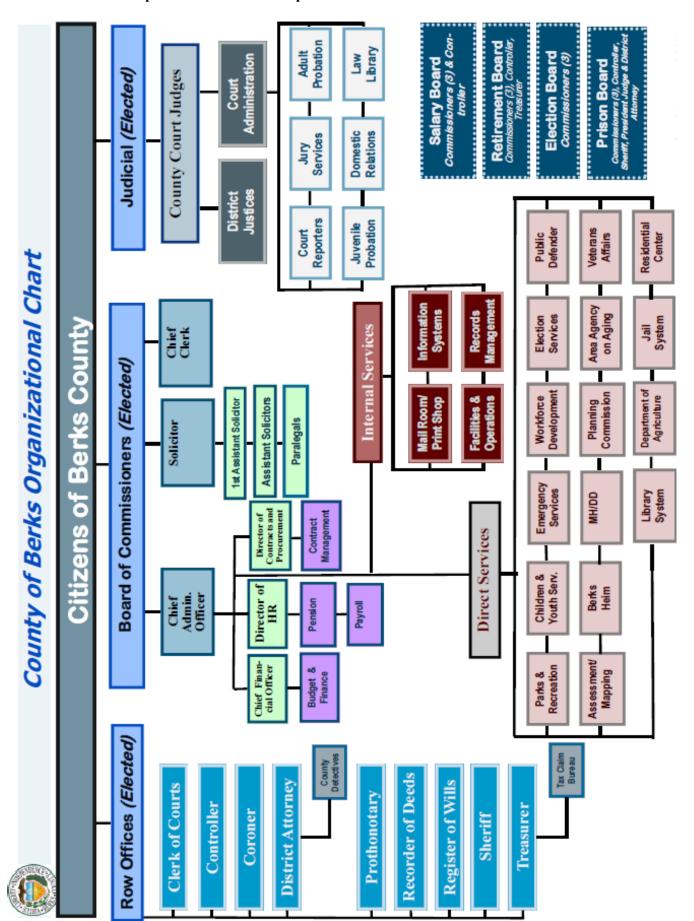
Controller Sandra M. Graffius

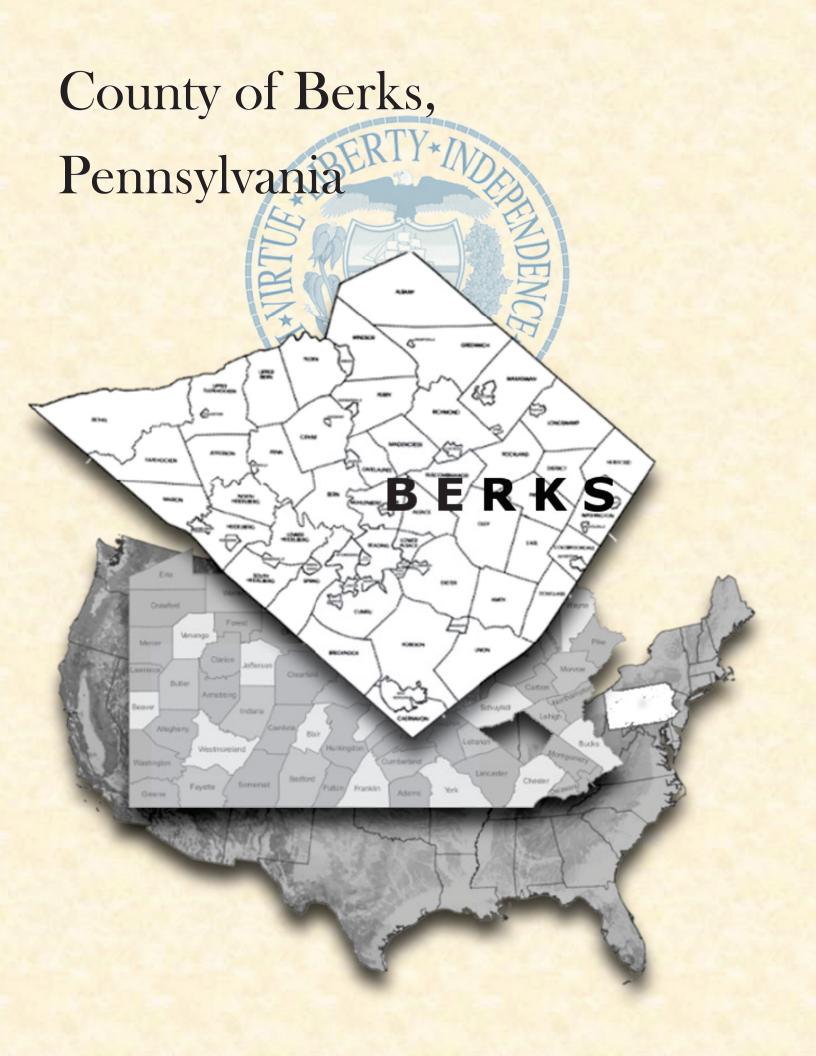
TreasurerA. Dennis Adams, CPA

Register of Wills Lawrence J. Medaglia, Jr.

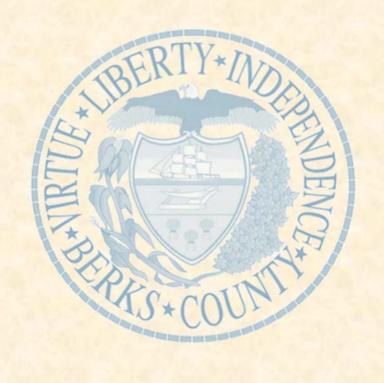
ProthonotaryJonathan DelCollo

Recorder of Deeds Mary Kozak





County of Berks,
Pennsylvania
Annual Comprehensive
Financial Report
Financial Information
for the Year Ending
December 31, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The following pages are the report of the County's independent certified public accounting firm on the audit of its financial statements performed for the year ended December 31, 2021.



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of County Commissioners and County Controller County of Berks Reading, Pennsylvania

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Berks (the County), Reading, Pennsylvania, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Berks' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Reading Regional Airport Authority and the Reading Area Community College as of September 30, 2021 and June 30, 2021, respectively, which represent 100% of the assets and deferred outflows of resources, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors, whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the discretely presented component units, is based solely on the reports of other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards (GAS), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.







In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not absolute assurance, and; therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and GAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
 is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, including Management's Discussion and Analysis on Pages 12 to 23, budgetary comparison information on Pages RSI 1 to 6, Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension Asset (Liability) and Related Ratios and Schedule of County Contributions on Pages RSI 7 and RSI 8 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information in the table of contents listed on Pages OSI 2 to 20, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical section are the responsibility of management and were derived from, and relate directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The other supplementary information on Pages OSI 2 to 20 has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information on Pages OSI 2 to 20 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual financial report. The other information comprises the introductory section and statistical section but does not included the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

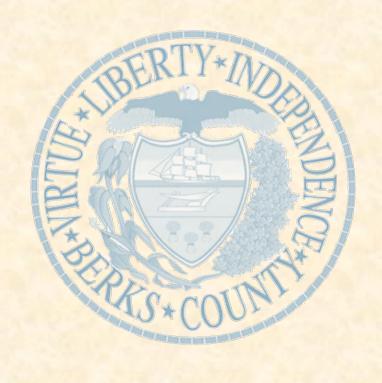
In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report, dated September 2, 2022, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

September 2, 2022

Wyomissing, Pennsylvania



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The purpose of the Management's Discussion and Analysis section is to provide users of the basic financial statements with a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of those statements.

The County of Berks' (County) management discussion and analysis (MD&A) is intended to present a narrative overview of the County and an analysis of the County's financial performance for the year ended December 31, 2021. The MD&A is intended to be read in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the beginning of this report and the County's basic financial statements and notes to financial statements following this section to obtain a thorough understanding of the County's financial condition at December 31, 2021. Dollar amounts throughout the MD&A are rounded to the nearest thousands of dollars unless otherwise indicated.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The County's net position, restated for 2020, increased in 2021 by \$42,174 to \$417,346. Unrestricted net position at year-end increased by \$26,861 to \$143,024.
- Total outstanding bonds and other debt at December 31, 2021 was \$147,390, a decrease of \$15,925 from the prior year, resulting from principal payments made during 2021. The County's bond rating from Moody's is **Aaa**, the highest bond rating a public entity can attain with a stable outlook.
- Property tax rates remained unchanged at 7.657 mills in 2021.
- During 2021, the County's General Fund balance increased by \$18,434 to \$175,468. The unassigned portion of that fund balance was \$149,962.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following narrative explains the County's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements consist of three parts: (1) Government-wide financial statements, (2) Fund financial statements and (3) Notes to basic financial statements. Required supplementary information is included in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements, (pages FS 2-5 of this report), provide a broad overview of the County's overall financial status, as well as the financial status of the County's component units, in a manner similar to a private-sector business, using the accrual basis of accounting. Please refer to Note 1, section B, for further information regarding accrual basis of accounting.

The *Statement of Net Position* includes information on all County assets, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and liabilities, with the difference between these items being reported as net position. This statement serves a purpose comparable to that of the balance sheet of a private-sector business. Net position is one way to measure the County's financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net position is one indicator of whether the County financial position is improving or deteriorating. However, other non-financial factors such as changes in the County's real property tax base and general economic conditions must be considered to assess the overall position of the County.

The *Statement of Activities* includes information that focuses on how the County's net position changed during the year. All changes to net position are recorded using the accrual basis of accounting, which requires that revenues be recorded when they are earned and expenses be recorded when the goods and/or services are received, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Because it separates program revenue (revenue generated by specific programs through charges for services, grants and contributions) from general revenue (revenue provided by taxes and other sources not tied to a particular program), it shows to what extent each program has to rely on local taxes for funding.

These government wide financial statements separate functions of the County into governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities are principally supported by intergovernmental revenues and property taxes. These activities include general government, judicial, public safety, culture and recreation, community and economic development, public works, community support, debt service, administrative expenses and solid waste. The business-type activities of the County include Berks Heim, the County's long-term care facility, and the Residential Center. These activities charge a fee to those residents and customers to help cover the cost of services or submit costs for reimbursement through cost reimbursement plans.

The primary government and its discretely presented component units are included in the government-wide financial statements. Component units reflect the activities of legally separate government entities over which the County can exercise influence and/or be obligated to provide financial support. The County has two discretely presented component units including the Reading Regional Airport Authority and Reading Area Community College. Complete and detailed financial statements for the individual component units can be obtained from their administrative offices (See Note 1 of the Notes to the Financial Statements for addresses.)

Fund Financial Statements provide more detailed information on the County's individual funds. A fund is a group of related accounts used to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for specific purposes, using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Please refer to Note 1, section B for further information regarding the modified accrual basis of accounting. The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. The County has three kinds of funds: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for the same functions reported in governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds statements report the County's basic services and focus on: (1) the flow in and out of cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted into cash, and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending.

Since the focus of governmental funds is narrower than the government wide financial statements, it is helpful to compare the information presented in each type of financial statement. The comparison between governmental activities and governmental funds is facilitated in reconciliations that follow both the governmental funds Balance Sheet and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

The County maintains fourteen individual government funds, three of which are considered to be major governmental funds. Information for the General Fund, Children and Youth Services, and Health Choices is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. Data for non-major governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Summary fund data by fund type and individual fund data for these non-major governmental funds is provided as other supplementary information in the form of combining statements found on Other Supplemental Information ("OSI") pages 2-7 of this report.

The County adopts an annual budget for all governmental funds. Budgetary comparisons are provided for the County's major funds on pages Required Supplemental Information ("RSI") pages 1-5, while the non-major funds are provided on pages OSI pages 8-20.

Proprietary funds report business-type programs and activities that charge fees designed to recover the cost of providing services. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements; however, more detailed information is provided, and the cash flow statement is included. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements, using the full accrual basis of accounting. Enterprise Funds in the County are used to account for the Berks County Residential Center and Berks Heim. The County adopts an annual budget for the proprietary funds, as required by the state. Budgetary comparisons of the County's proprietary funds are presented as OSI. The proprietary fund financial statements are found on pages FS 10-12 and OSI 19-20 of this report.

Fiduciary funds are funds for which the County is the trustee or fiduciary. These include the Berks County Employees' Retirement Fund and certain custodial funds or clearing accounts for assets held by the County in its role as custodian until the funds are allocated to the private parties, organizations or government agencies to which they belong. The County is responsible to ensure the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. This fiduciary activity is reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. These funds are excluded from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The fiduciary fund financial statements are found on pages FS 13-14 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide detailed information that is needed for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes are an integral part of the financial statements and should be reviewed in conjunction with them. The notes can be found on pages N 1–N 76 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information includes budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and for major special revenue funds, notes on the budgetary basis of accounting, as well as schedules related to the County's net pension liability and County pension contributions. Required supplementary information can be found on pages RSI 1 to 8 of this report.

Other Supplementary Information includes the nonmajor funds balance sheet, budgetary comparison schedules for the nonmajor special revenue funds, the enterprise funds, and the change in net position of the agency fund. Other supplementary information can be found on pages OSI 2 to 20 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Condensed Statement of Net Position

The County of Berks' net position, which is the amount that assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources was \$417,346 at December 31, 2021. The following table breaks out governmental activities from business-type activities for total assets, total deferred outflows of resources, total liabilities, total deferred inflows of resources, and net position.

	Governmen	tal acti	vities		Business-ty	pe act	ivities	Total				
	2021		2020		2021		2020		2021	2020		
Noncapital assets	\$ 400,232	\$	290,824	\$	34,404	\$	29,458	\$	434,636	\$	320,282	
Capital assets	283,473		289,336		36,762	·	34,993		320,235	·	324,329	
Total assets	683,705		580,160		71,166		64,451		754,871		644,611	
Deferred outflows	20,740		32,906		4,351		6,274		25,091		39,180	
Total assets and												
deferred outflows	704,445		613,066		75,517		70,725		779,962	683,791		
Current liabilities	136,045		83,583		9,970		7,462		146,015		91,045	
Noncurrent liabilities	141,666		152,170		19,551	22,978		161,217			175,148	
Total liabilities	277,711		235,753		29,521		30,440		307,232		266,193	
Deferred inflows	44,522		34,303		10,861	8,655		55,383		42,958		
Total liabilities and												
deferred inflows	 322,233		270,056		40,382		39,095		362,615		309,151	
Net position:												
Net investment in												
capital assets	180,572		174,067		15,678		15,085		196,250		189,152	
Restricted	78,071		69,857		-		-		78,071		69,857	
Unrestricted	123,568		99,617		19,456		16,546		143,024		116,163	
Total net position	\$ 382,211	\$	343,541	\$	35,134	\$	31,631	\$	417,346	\$	375,172	

During 2021, net position increased \$42,174, or 11.2%, to \$417,346. Of this total, \$196,250 represents the net investment in capital assets (the net balance of long-term assets more than long-term debt), while \$78,071 is restricted for various purposes by external entities. The unrestricted net position of \$143,024 represents funds available to support operations or provide for the repayment of long-term debt. Reasons for this change include:

Current and other assets increased by \$114,354, or 35.7%, to \$434,636. Reasons for this increase include:

- Increase in net pension asset from \$40,632 to a 2021 end of year net pension asset of \$66,099.
- Loans receivable decreased by \$1,429 mainly due to repayments by local governments on its end-user radios.
- Utilization of ARP Funds for lost revenue of \$17,813

Capital assets are discussed in a subsequent analysis within this section.

Current liabilities increased by \$54,970, or 60.4%, to \$146,015.

Noncurrent liabilities decreased by \$13,931, or 8.0%, to \$161,217. This change is due primarily to the reasons described in the long-term debt section.

Changes in Net Position

The following statement of activities represents the balances and changes that occurred in net position for the year ended December 31, 2021. It shows revenues by source and expenses by function.

• , •		•	,	1	,		
	Governmen	tal activities	Business-	type activities	Total		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 43,426	\$ 41,591	\$ 54,291	\$ 56,421	\$ 97,717	\$ 98,012	
Operating grants/contrib.	306,500	275,029	939	4,639	\$ 307,439	279,668	
Capital grants/contrib.	2,277	4,806	-	-	2,277	4,806	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	148,417	146,303	-	-	148,417	146,303	
Hotel room tax	2,646	1,933	-	-	2,646	1,933	
Payment in lieu of taxes	245	244	-	-	245	244	
Investment earnings	(473)	4,933	1	5	(472)	4,938	
Change - rate swaps	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous - other	9,261	8,462	-	-	9,261	8,462	
(Loss) Gain on disposal of							
capital assets	(286)	(2,015)	-	-	(286)	(2,015)	
Rental of space	333	384			333	384	
Total revenues	512,346	481,670	55,231	61,065	567,577	542,735	
Expenses:							
General government	58,806	86,633	-	-	58,806	86,633	
Judicial	53,371	47,847	-	-	53,371	47,847	
Public safety	64,550	67,126	-	_	64,550	67,126	
Human services	235,603	220,735	_	-	235,603	220,735	
Culture and recreation	8,145	7,837	-	-	8,145	7,837	
Comm & econ developmen	47,332	7,702	-	-	47,332	7,702	
Public works	1,780	1,624	-	-	1,780	1,624	
Community support	3,324	2,117	-	-	3,324	2,117	
Debt service	1,583	4,031	-	-	1,583	4,031	
Solid waste	270	265	-	-	270	265	
Residential Center	-	-	6,428	7,037	6,428	7,037	
Berks Heim			44,212	47,952	44,212	47,952	
Total expenses	474,764	445,917	50,640	54,989	525,404	500,906	
Change before other items	37,582	35,753	4,591	6,076	42,173	41,829	
Other items:							
Transfers/cap contrib	1,089	1,089	(1,089)	(1,089)	-		
Conversion to spec. rev.							
Total other items	1,089	1,089	(1,089)	(1,089)	-		
Change in net position	38,671	36,842	3,502	4,987	42,173	41,829	
Net position - beginning	343,541	306,168	31,632	26,644	375,173	332,812	
Prior Period Adjustments	-	531	-	1	-	532	
Net position - ending	\$ 382,212	\$ 343,541	\$ 35,134	\$ 31,632	\$ 417,346	\$ 375,173	
The position - citating	302,212	J J43,541	9 55,154	51,052	9 417,540	9 3/3,1/3	

The County's overall net position increased by \$42,174, which includes an increase due to governmental activities of \$38,671 and an increase in business-type activities of \$3,503.

Governmental activities:

Revenues increased by \$30,675. Charges for services increased \$1,835. Additionally, operating grant revenue increased by \$31,470.

Expenses increased by \$28,847, expenses for Community & Economic Development increased by \$39,630. Expenses for human services increased by \$14,868.

Other notable items decreased by \$27,827 for General Government and \$2,576 for Public Safety.

While reviewing the changes noted above, please keep in mind the discussion in Note 1 to the financial statements of the measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation. See the reconciliation on pages FS 7 and 9 which further explains the differences between changes in the County's fund balance under the modified accrual basis and changes in net position under the accrual basis of accounting.

Business-type activities:

Charges for services decreased by \$2,130; a decrease to Berks Heim revenue of \$1,529 and a decrease of \$599 to the Berks County Residential Center.

Expenses decreased by \$4,349; Berks Heim in the amount of \$3,740 and \$609 related to the Berks County Residential Center.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The County of Berks uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the year. Governmental funds accounting was not affected by the adoption of GASB Statement No. 34. Therefore, schedules are presented to reconcile the fund statements to the government-wide statements.

The County's governmental funds include the general fund, special revenue funds, and a capital projects fund. The general fund is the chief operating fund for the County, while special revenue funds are restricted to specific legislated use. The capital project fund accounts for the proceeds and activity of bond issues. The major funds are shown on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances in the financial statements section.

At December 31, 2021, the County's governmental funds reported total fund balances of \$196,885, an increase of \$20,544 in comparison with December 31, 2020. Unassigned fund balance of \$149,962, or 76.17%, is fund balance available for future appropriation. Restricted fund balance of \$21,910, or 11.13%, is fund balance restricted by external entities. Committed fund balance 9,406, is the amount committed by the Board of Commissioners for specific purposes. The remaining fund balance of \$15,607, or 7.93%, represents non-spendable items such as inventory and amounts assigned for specific purposes.

General Fund:

The General Fund accounts for all financial resources of the County except for those accounted for in other funds. At December 31, 2021, total fund balance of the General Fund was \$175,468, while unrestricted fund balance was \$149,962. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unrestricted fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unrestricted fund balance represents 67.4% of total fund expenditures excluding other financing uses, while total fund balance represents 78.9% of the same amount.

General Fund revenues without other financing sources totaled \$229,953, which represents a 1.8% decrease, or \$4,141, from the 2020 year. This is primarily due to a decrease in departmental charges and reimbursements.

Expenditures without other financing uses totaled \$222,459, which represents a 7.9% decrease, or \$19,004, from the 2020 year.

Children and Youth Services Special Revenue Fund

The Children and Youth Services Special Revenue Fund is a major governmental fund that provides services to children and youth. This fund received \$32,794 of revenues and incurred \$37,758 of expenses. The General Fund contributed \$5,256 during 2021 as part of the required County contribution. Expenses decreased by \$1,658 compared to 2020. Overall revenue decreased by \$1,356 during 2021.

Health Choices Special Revenue Fund

The Health Choices Special Revenue Fund is a major governmental fund. This fund accounts for financial resources for the provision of a behavioral health managed care program for medical assistance recipients. Revenues in 2021 were \$161,019, which represents a \$16,440, or 11.37% increase, from the 2020 year. Expenses in 2021 totaled \$161,005.

Budgetary Highlights

The Board of County Commissioners adopts a new budget on or before December 31 for the succeeding year for all County operations. The budget is developed at the department level for each revenue and expense account. This budget is revised throughout the year as needed on a weekly basis with Commissioners' approval as follows:

• To move specific line item, allocations to different line items on both an inter- and intradepartmental basis.

• To appropriate new revenue, when received, and the anticipated related spending authority.

Because the County is on a calendar year that differs from many Federal and State government agencies, it is difficult, at times, to forecast the exact amount of non-tax revenue that will be forthcoming during the County's year. Many of the revenue variances are the result of federal and state revenues being either increased or decreased after the County budget is adopted.

During 2021, the General Fund revenue budget, excluding transfers and bond proceeds, increased by \$616 during the year from the original approved budget of \$235,331 to the final budget of \$235,947. Actual revenues received of \$229,953 were \$5,994 less than the final budget. The overall decrease of final revenue to final budget can be traced to decreased court costs and fines, as well as a decrease in investment earnings.

The General Fund expenditure budget, excluding transfers, increased by \$9,459 during 2021 from the original budget of \$234,321 to the final budget of \$243,800. Actual expenditures of \$222,459 were \$21,341 lower than the final budget. The overall less than budget condition for expenditures can be traced primarily as three different Facilities projects being deferred totaling approximately \$4.4 million, Information Systems projects and expenditures being deferred totaling approximately \$2,061million, Public Safety projects and expenditures being deferred totaling \$5,856 million, Parks projects and expenditures being deferred totaling approximately \$1.4 million and budgeted contingency expenditures were not used. In addition, overall general government expenses were lower than expected because of continued cost cutting measures in the County.

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets at December 31, 2021, net of accumulated depreciation, was \$320,235. Capital assets consist primarily of the categories shown in the table below. Major capital asset transaction activities during the year include:

Governmental activities:

- Agricultural easements increased by approximately \$.7 million as part of the County's farmland preservation program.
- Net infrastructure decreased by approximately \$.9 million. The net decrease is primarily because of overall infrastructure depreciation of approximately \$.9 million.
- Net buildings and improvements decreased by approximately \$.3 million. The net decrease is primarily because of current year improvements put into service of approximately \$5.9 million, less depreciation of approximately \$6.1 million.
- Furniture, fixtures, equipment, and vehicles increased by approximately \$1.1 million. The primary reasons for the overall increase are capital asset purchases and transfers from construction in progress of \$6.1 million and \$1.8 million, respectively, less depreciation of \$6.8 million.
- Software in progress decreased by approximately \$2.4 million primarily because of Human Resources department HRM and Payroll software project that was put in service totaling approximately \$4.2 million during the year.

- Construction in progress decreased by approximately \$3.9 million. Significant reasons for the decrease are:
 - O Net transfers of facilities projects to both buildings and improvements and furniture and fixtures costs of \$5.7 million, comprised of beginning cost of \$5.1 million, current year charges of \$.6 million, less transfers to depreciable assets of \$(5.7) million.
 - o Costs incurred on various Dept. of Emergency Services projects of \$.7 million
 - o Costs incurred on 6 other bridges not yet completed of approximately \$.5 million.
 - o Costs incurred on various Parks projects of approximately \$.2 million.

Business-type activities:

• Net capital assets increased by approximately \$1.8 million, the primary reasons for the overall increase are capital asset purchases and transfers of \$3.7 million less current year depreciation totaling \$1.9 million, \$.4 million and \$1.5 million charged to Berks County Residential Center and Berks Heim, respectively.

Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Governmental activities					Business-type activities					Totals				
	2021			2020		2021			2020		2021		2020		
Land and improvements	\$	15,885	\$	15,937		\$	-		\$	-	\$ 15,885		\$ 15,937		
Agricultural easements		83,767		83,034			-			-	83,767		83,034		
Infrastructure		33,279		34,171			-			-	33,279		34,171		
Buildings and															
improvements		81,231		81,610			35,392			31,757	116,623		113,367		
Furniture, fixtures,															
equipment and vehicles		51,293		50,203			1,101			634	52,394		50,837		
Historical treasures		2,290		2,290			-			-	2,290		2,290		
Software in progress		9,979		12,424			-			-	9,979		12,424		
Construction in progress		5,749		9,667			269			2,602	6,018		12,269		
Totals	\$	283,473	\$	289,336		\$	36,762		\$	34,993	\$ 320,235		\$ 324,329		

Please refer to Note 6 to the financial statements for more detailed information on capital asset activity.

Long-term debt:

As of December 31, 2021, the County had outstanding debt of \$147,324, or 9.1 percent, of the maximum \$1,620,077 as permitted by law. The outstanding debt represents .8 percent of the total assessed taxable property value as of the end of the year. Total debt decreased \$15,835, or 9.8 percent, from the prior year due to maturity of the 1993 bonds in 2020, of \$14,960, refunding of 2010B, 2016, and a portion of 2015 bonds at net savings and continued principal payments on outstanding issues. In 2021 the County had issued General Obligation Note Series A and B, with proceeds amounting to \$28,149 and the purchase cost amounting to \$28,071.

Please refer to Note 10 of the financial statements for more information on the County's long-term debt.

Summary of outstanding debt

	Governmen	tal activ	ities	Business-ty	pe activi	ties	Total			
	2021	2020		2021		2020		2021	2020	
Bonds and notes:										
Current portion	\$ 10,674	\$	10,773	\$ 3,868	\$	3,087	\$	14,542	\$	13,860
Noncurrent portion	 114,897		127,969	 17,885		21,330		132,782		149,299
Total	\$ 125,571	\$	138,742	\$ 21,753	\$	24,417	\$	147,324	\$	163,159

Bond rating

On June 03, 2021, Moody's Investors Services re-affirmed the rating on the County's general obligation bonds of **Aaa** (Stable Outlook).

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

Economic conditions

Despite the headwinds created by the Delta COVID-19 variant, the economy in 2021 was on the road to recovery. Economic growth during the pandemic has generally surpassed consensus expectations while households and businesses have maintained a surprising amount of activity and spending while social distancing.

The strength in economic output was, in part, a result of the enormous legislative response to both the pandemic and to the human hardship it caused. This includes laws passed in 2020 and 2021 by Congress, chief among them the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act), the Consolidated Appropriations Act, and the American Rescue Plan Act. Successive rounds of substantial fiscal support have boosted economic activity since March 2020 and are projected to continue to do so through 2023.

The Berks County economy is broad-based, containing many sectors including, but not limited to, manufacturing, wholesale and retail trade, services, manufacturing and agriculture. The manufacturing sector continues to generate the highest payroll as a whole throughout the County. There are several agencies throughout Berks County that are responsible for economic development. The Berks County Industrial Development Authority and the Greater Berks Development Fund provide site development and redevelopment assistance and financing. The Berks County Workforce Investment Board provides planning and funding for workforce education. The Berks Economic Partnership coordinates economic development marketing and outreach business development throughout the County. The Greater Reading Chamber of Commerce and Industry advocates for local businesses and provides training assistance. Berks County was considered as one with the lowest unemployment rate out of 67 counties in PA. More than 40% of the County's 864 square miles are dedicated to farming. The County's growing farmland preservation program is designed to preserve the best lands for agricultural production and maintain viability of the County's agricultural businesses.

The County purchased agricultural preservation easements for over 935 additional acres during 2021, bringing total acreage under preservation to 76,148 acres on 790 farms.

Market impact on investment income

The County did experience continued strong investment earnings during the year 2021. This is primarily attributed to a change in the County's investment policy in 2015. The Commissioners approved an investment policy in 2015, which was updated in 2021 that authorizes investments pursuant to PA Act 72 and County code. The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania restricts county investments to government secured funds and certificates of deposit. The County laddered its investment portfolio to achieve maximum yield while preserving principal.

The County's Retirement Fund, with December 31, 2021 net position valued at \$584,977, experienced net investment income of \$59,586 during 2021. During the year, the Retirement Fund had a diversified asset allocation program as discussed in Note 2. Due to the prefunding of the pension plan in 2012 with cash and pension bonds totaling \$60,000, the County has minimized future required contributions to the plan. Based on investment experience and the prefunding of the plan, the contributions in 2021 were \$4,329, which is a decrease from \$5,188 in 2020. The actuary for the fund uses an aggregate, five-year smoothed market valuation method to calculate the fund requirements. The County has fully funded the required contribution in 2021. The County has received the latest report from this actuary indicating that its annual certified actuarially determined contribution for 2022 will be \$48K. The 2022 actuarially determined contribution is 0.04 percent of estimated 2022 compensation of \$109,028.

Government funding

The County relies heavily on federal and state operating grants and contributions for many of its programs. In 2021, 45.0 percent of total government-wide revenues came from these sources. By comparison, property taxes provide only 27.0 percent of government-wide revenues. Uncertainty about the direction and timing of federal and state budgets, especially their impact on the County's human services programs, will have a direct effect on the programs and services in which the County participates.

Next Year's Budget

For 2022, the County adopted a balanced budget at \$570,874 in revenues, with \$6,806 of fund balance reserves to pay for one-time capital expenditures. It was decided that it would be more prudent to absorb this deficit with these reserves to balance the budget, rather than increase property taxes. The budget assumes federal and state funding will satisfy the demand for our core human services levels throughout 2022. The 2022 budget continues to focus on several fiscal initiatives including, but not limited to:

- no property tax increase
- limited headcount growth
- no issuance of new debt
- continued commitment to farmland preservation, education, economic development, library and park systems.

The greatest challenge to the upcoming 2022 operating budget is the economic impacts of Covid on supply chain and geo-political events that are fueling inflation, which in turn increases county operating cost. In addition, labor pool constriction is placing pressure on wages.

As the agencies develop their 2022 and forward budgets, the County is likely to receive less federal and state funding for mandated services in Children and Youth, Juvenile Probation and Aging services. This anticipated reduction in federal and state funding, combined with escalating wage, healthcare, pension and fuel costs, continues to put tremendous pressure on our budget. The average rate of inflation in personnel costs continues to outpace the rate of growth in property tax revenue. Traditional sources for increases in

tax revenue from higher assessed property values are not keeping up with growing inflationary and non-inflationary costs. Other revenue sources, such as those in Health Choices and Mental Health Developmental Disabilities, are restricted, and cannot be used to fund general County services.

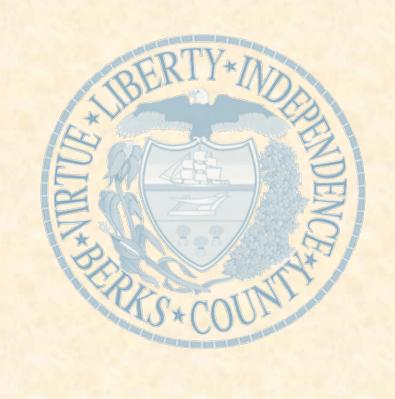
To mitigate the impact of these negative budget factors, County management continues its multiple-strategy approach to reducing operating costs. One goal that centers on continued prioritization and evaluation of all programs, is to reduce or eliminate discretionary service costs to the level needed to balance the budget at the current tax rate. Another goal is to continually identify and implement continuing process improvement methods internally to effectively minimize cost. Such efforts include re-designing processes, consolidating office locations, automation of records, maintaining vigilant cost containment measures to scrutinize all wage and benefit costs and maintaining healthcare and workers' compensation policies that utilize self-insurance to control the growth in personnel-related costs. In addition, the County is committed to maintaining an intensive legislative effort through an association of County Commissioners to preserve key federal and state funding streams.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances, and to demonstrate the County's accountability for those finances. Questions concerning this financial information or requests for additional information should be directed to:

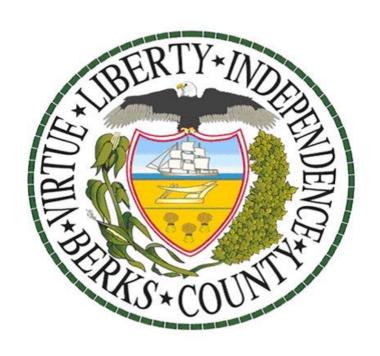
County of Berks
Office of the Controller
633 Court Street, 12th floor
Reading PA 19601-4311
Phone: 610-478-6150

Email: controller@countyofberks.com



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This section, along with the Notes to Financial Statements, constitutes the core of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report's financial presentation. It provides both government-wide financial statements as well as fund financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Notes to Financial Statements.



			Prima	ry Government			C	Component
	Go	vernmental		Business-type		Total		Units
Assets:								
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	56,403,026	\$	171,015	\$	56,574,041	\$	12,740,929
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted		99,299,768		115,385		99,415,153		514,476
Investments		36,277,324		-		36,277,324		30,654,084
Investments, restricted		3,076,047		-		3,076,047		-
Taxes receivable, net		7,228,340		-		7,228,340		-
Accounts receivable, net		10,847,574		5,897,555		16,745,129		7,754,148
Notes receivable		783,980		-		783,980		-
Due from other governments		34,514,944		736,254		35,251,198		490,522
Due from other funds		-		15,605,162		15,605,162		-
Inventories		187,633		249,300		436,933		17,216
Prepaid expenses		11,654,603		40,101		11,694,704		800,908
Restricted deposits		-		-		-		10,661
Total current assets		260,273,239		22,814,772		283,088,011		52,982,944
Noncurrent assets:								
Investments	\$	84,576,007	\$	-	\$	84,576,007	\$	-
Beneficial interests in perpetual trusts held by others	•	-		_		-		10,095,434
Other receivables		_		-		-		165,562
Restricted assets:								,
Employee pay advance		38,507		23,458		61,965		-
Interest receivable		312,811		-		312,811		-
Investments		498,000		_		498,000		-
Net pension asset		54,533,296		11,565,271		66,098,567		
Collections - works of art		-				-		909,433
Capital assets not being depreciated		115,284,328		269,219		115,553,547		8,624,035
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		168,188,752		36,492,842		204,681,594		70,212,644
Total noncurrent assets		423,431,701		48,350,790		471,782,491		90,007,108
Deferred outflows of resources:								
Unamortized bond refunding loss	\$	8,119,987	\$	668,760	\$	8,788,747	\$	_
Pension	ڔ	12,619,828	ڔ	3,682,437	ڔ	16,302,265	ڔ	1,252,842
Other postemployment benefits		-		3,002, 4 37		10,302,203		462,395
Total deferred outflows of resources		20,739,815		4,351,197		25,091,012		
Total deletted outflows Of resources		20,733,013		4,331,137		23,031,012		1,715,237
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		704,444,755		75,516,759		779,961,514		144,705,289

	Primary Government							
	Go	vernmental	ı	Business-type		Total	C	omponent
Liabilities:								Units
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	29,609,770	\$	1,397,974	\$	31,007,744	\$	1,149,536
Accrued liabilities		8,378,741		1,460,437		9,839,178		1,277,806
Due to other governments		950,607		-		950,607		-
Unearned revenue		52,423,374		2,268,628		54,692,002		4,889,242
Advance revenue		70,163		-		70,163		-
Due to third parties		4,029,459		-		4,029,459		-
Due to other funds		15,596,373		-		15,596,373		-
Accrued interest payable		521,263		78,268		599,531		-
Compensated absences		1,324,267		487,691		1,811,958		429,336 44,510
Deposits		40 040 404		204.649		10 507 740		44,510
Accrued claims health insurance		12,213,131		294,618		12,507,749		-
Accrued claims liability		187,335		114,181		301,516		-
Notes payable, agricultural easement		66,676		-		66,676		-
Lease obligation		-		-		-		40,335
Bonds, loans and notes payable		10,673,894		3,868,107		14,542,001		1,127,227
Total current liabilities		136,045,053		9,969,904		146,014,957		8,957,992
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Compensated absences		6,842,931		854,957		7,697,888		446,577
Accrued claims liability		941,598		811,857		1,753,455		400,000
Other postemployment benefit liability		-		-		-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		1,590,017
Net pension liability		_		_		_		4,889,872
Bonds, loans and notes payable		114,897,517		17,884,607		132,782,124		11,246,471
Payable from restricted assets		18,984,010		-		18,984,010		
Total noncurrent liabilities		141,666,056	-	19,551,421		161,217,477		18,572,937
Total liabilities		277,711,109		29,521,325		307,232,434		27,530,929
						· · · · · ·		· · · · · ·
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Deferred rent revenue		-		-		-		5,983,614
Pension		44,522,245		10,861,264		55,383,509		520,631
Other postemployment benefits expense				<u>-</u> _				151,619
Total deferred inflows of resources		44,522,245		10,861,264		55,383,509		6,655,864
Not position:								
Net position: Net investment in capital assets		180,572,215		15,678,107		196,250,322		60,439,032
Restricted for:		.00,0.2,2.0		. 0, 0 . 0, . 0 .		.00,200,022		00,.00,002
Gift fund		21,130		_		21,130		_
Farmland preservation		1,867,405		_		1,867,405		_
Hazmat response		2,064,910		_		2,064,910		_
Act 198 - Courts		287,247		_		287,247		_
Workers' compensation		140,162		_		140,162		_
Special revenue funds		65,380,088		_		65,380,088		_
2022 Capital Projects		6,510,943		_		6,510,943		_
2022 Budgeted Loss		541,801		_		541,801		_
Services Center Parking Garage		486,322		_		486,322		-
Act 13 Marcellus Shale		771,445		_		771,445		-
Debt service				- -				514,476
Foundation for Reading Area Communi		_		_		-		24,085,543
Unrestricted net position		123,567,732		19,456,065		143,023,797		25,479,445
Total net position	\$	382,211,400	\$	35,134,172	\$	417,345,572	\$	110,518,496
poomon		,,100		,,	<u> </u>	, ,		, , 100

			Program Revenues				
		Indirect	Charges	Operating	Capital		
		Expense	for	Grants and	Grants and		
	Expenses	Allocation	Services	Contributions	Contributions		
Functions/Programs:							
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 75,669,492	\$ (16,863,953)	\$ 9,903,440	\$ 22,705,575	\$ -		
Judicial	46,221,805	7,149,495	8,401,830	1,794,781	-		
Public safety	60,767,765	3,782,513	15,907,187	7,219,313	-		
Human services	232,762,317	2,840,335	1,139,778	234,868,728	479,280		
Culture and recreation	7,717,278	428,100	24,285	1,554,028	246,774		
Community and economic development	46,992,454	339,406	1,040,660	38,306,426	-		
Public works	1,685,536	94,946	2,140,000	-	1,551,178		
Community support	3,273,916	49,612	13,500	-	-		
Debt service administrative expenses	1,575,775	6,903	61,865	-	-		
Solid waste	257,751	12,199	4,793,065	51,105	-		
Total governmental activities	476,924,089	(2,160,444)	43,425,610	306,499,956	2,277,232		
Business-type activities							
Berks County Residential Center	5,764,210	663,350	7,456,553	-	-		
Berks Heim	42,715,224	1,497,094	46,835,012	939,267	-		
Total business-type activities	48,479,434	2,160,444	54,291,565	939,267	-		
Total primary government	\$ 525,403,523	\$ -	\$ 97,717,175	\$ 307,439,223	\$ 2,277,232		
Component units:							
Total component units	\$ 44,246,440	<u> </u>	\$ 8,559,223	\$ 14,378,659	\$ -		

	Net (Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Posi				
		Primary Government				
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Units		
Functions/Programs:						
Primary government:						
Governmental activities:	* (00 400 504)	•	* (00.400.504)			
General government	\$ (26,196,524)	\$ -	\$ (26,196,524)			
Judicial Public safety	(43,174,689) (41,423,778)	-	(43,174,689) (41,423,778)			
Human services	885,134	-	885,134			
Culture and recreation	(6,320,291)	_	(6,320,291)			
Community and economic development	(7,984,774)	_	(7,984,774)			
Public works	1,910,696	-	1,910,696			
Community support	(3,310,028)	-	(3,310,028)			
Debt service administrative expenses	(1,520,813)	=	(1,520,813)			
Solid waste	4,574,220	<u>-</u> _	4,574,220			
Total governmental activities	(122,560,847)	<u> </u>	(122,560,847)			
Business-type activities						
Berks County Residential Center	-	1,028,993	1,028,993			
Berks Heim	<u> </u>	3,561,963	3,561,963			
Total business-type activities	(400 500 047)	4,590,956	4,590,956			
Total primary government	(122,560,847)	4,590,956	(117,969,891)			
Component units:						
Total component units				\$ (21,716,715)		
General Revenues						
Taxes:						
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	148,417,095	-	148,417,095	-		
Hotel tax	2,645,645	-	2,645,645	-		
Payments in lieu of taxes Payments from County of Berks	244,669	-	244,669	3,876,636		
Payments from other governments	<u>-</u>	-	-	16,491,920		
Investment earnings	(472,832)	1,315	(471,517)	5,728,891		
Insurance Income	(472,002)	1,010	(471,017)	1,341,148		
Miscellaneous/other	9,261,001	_	9,261,001	2,347,840		
Gain on disposal of capital assets	(286,385)	-	(286,385)	2,754		
Rental of space	333,438	_	333,438	, -		
Transfers	1,088,977	(1,088,977)		<u> </u>		
Total general revenue and transfers	161,231,608	(1,087,662)	160,143,946	29,789,189		
Change in net position	38,670,761	3,503,294	42,174,055	8,072,474		
Net position, beginning, as restated	343,540,639	31,630,878	375,171,517	102,446,022		
Net position, ending	<u>\$ 382,211,400</u>	\$ 35,134,172	\$ 417,345,572	<u>\$ 110,518,496</u>		

		General Fund		Children and outh Services		Health		Nonmaior		Total
Assets		Funa	10	outh Services		Choices		Nonmajor	,	Governmental
	¢	27 420 452	\$	1 200	\$	10 540 440	\$	4.024.220	\$	E0 01E 42E
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	27,439,453 28,391,477	ф	1,300	Ф	18,540,442 9,338,073	Ф	4,934,230 66,573,109	Ф	50,915,425
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted Investments				-		9,330,073		00,573,109		104,302,659
		36,277,324		-		-		- 747,000		36,277,324
Investments, restricted		498,000		-		1,831,047		747,000		3,076,047
Taxes receivable		7,228,340		- 0.700		-		-		7,228,340
Accounts receivable		8,487,074		3,723		-		2,395,281		10,886,078
Accrued interest receivable		315,761		-		-		-		315,761
Due from other governments		3,118,448		12,835,107		14,553,084		4,008,304		34,514,943
Due from other funds		-				52,898		-		52,898
Inventories		187,633		-		-		-		187,633
Prepaid expenses		8,605,282		-		-		3,049,321		11,654,603
Loans receivable		783,980		-		-		-		783,980
Investments, non-current		85,074,507		-		- -		-		85,074,507
Investments, non-current, restricted	_		_		_	498,000			_	498,000
Total assets	\$	206,407,279	\$	12,840,130	\$	44,813,544	\$	81,707,245	\$	345,768,198
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	6,265,752	\$	2,079,947	\$	16,983,767	\$	4,280,303	\$	29,609,769
Accrued liabilities		5,544,188		566,499		21,687		823,842		6,956,216
Due to other funds		3,563,740		6,557,140		-		5,542,180		15,663,060
Due to other governments		950,607		-		-		-		950,607
Unearned revenue		3,018,033		3,419,890		253,031		47,392,689		54,083,643
Due to third parties		4,020,234		9,225		-		-		4,029,459
Accrued claims health insurance		1,183,074		135,755		10,715,944		178,357		12,213,130
Payable from restricted assets		-		-		16,839,115		2,145,051		18,984,166
Total liabilities		24,545,628		12,768,456		44,813,544		60,362,422		142,490,050
Deferred inflows of resources										
Unavailable property taxes		5,079,607		_		_		_		5,079,607
Other unavailable		1,313,562		_		_		_		1,313,562
Total deferred inflows of resources		6,393,169		-		-		-		6,393,169
Fund balances										
Nonspendable:		8,820,887		3.724		_		2,766,068		11,590,679
Restricted		3,263,764		67,950				18,578,756		21,910,470
Committed		9,406,471		07,550				10,070,700		9,406,471
Assigned		4,015,377		_		-		-		4,015,377
Unassigned		149,961,983		-		-		-		149,961,983
Total fund balances		175,468,482		71,674				21,344,824		
rotariumu palamees		170,400,402		11,014				21,044,024		196,884,980
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources and fund balances	\$	206,407,279	\$	12,840,130	\$	44,813,544	\$	81,707,245	\$	345,768,198

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$	196,884,980
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:			
Land and improvements, net	\$ 15,884,704	ļ	
Agland easements	83,767,155	;	
Infrastructure, net	33,278,731	•	
Building and improvements, net	81,230,716	i	
Furniture, fixtures, equipment and vehicles, net	48,314,682	!	
Historical treasures	2,290,344		
Software	2,978,208	}	
Software in progress	9,979,501		
Construction in progress	5,749,039	<u> </u>	
			283,473,080
These pension items are not financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds.			5.4.500.00C
Net pension liability Deferred outflow of resources			54,533,296
			12,619,828
Deferred inflow of resources			(44,522,245)
Revenue that was not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and, therefore reported as advance revenue in the funds.			
Property taxes	1,750,120)	
Delinquent property taxes	3,329,488	;	
District Justices departmental charges and reimbursements	1,660,269)	
		_	6,739,877
Other assets not available to pay for current period's expenditures and therefore not reported in the funds.			(2.2.12)
Accrued interest receivable from Greater Berks Development Fund			(2,949)
Other liabilities not paid until future periods that are a current period expense.			(179.072)
Payroll and payroll taxes			(178,973)
Long-term liabilities related to the County's governmental activities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but is recognized as an expenditure when due. Both current and long-term liabilities are reported in the statement of net position. Amounts borrowed are recognized when received in the governmental funds and increase fund balance. Amounts disbursed to paying agents are paid from governmental funds and reduce fund balance.			
Balances at December 31, 2021 are:			
Accrued interest on bonds and notes	(521,263)	
Compensated absences	(8,167,199	•	
Accrued claims liabilities	(1,128,933	3)	
Bonds and notes payable	(117,518,099	<u>)</u>	
			(127,335,494)
		•	000 044 400
Total net position of governmental activities		\$	382,211,400

	General Fund	Children and Youth Services	Health Choices	Nonmajor	Total Governmental
Revenues					
Taxes:					
Property	\$ 148,417,095	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 148,417,095
Hotel	-	-	-	2,645,645	2,645,645
Court costs, fines and forfeitures	1,935,483	-	-	-	1,935,483
Intergovernmental revenue	10,177,145	32,050,781	160,957,399	105,447,822	308,633,147
Departmental charges and reimbursements	58,484,427	742,036	-	17,132,903	76,359,366
Payments in lieu of taxes	244,669	-	-	-	244,669
Rentals	278,542	-	-	54,895	333,437
Investment earnings	(600,941)	-	61,204	66,905	(472,832)
Miscellaneous	 11,016,789	1,372	 	223,867	 11,242,028
Total revenues	 229,953,209	32,794,189	 161,018,603	125,572,037	 549,338,038
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government, administrative	45,692,732	-	-	7,509,189	53,201,921
General government, judicial	58,329,311	-	-	103,996	58,433,307
Public safety	70,634,144	-	-	11,411,594	82,045,738
Human services	-	37,757,867	161,005,489	46,507,428	245,270,784
Culture and recreation	7,763,693	-	-	-	7,763,693
Community and economic development	3,994,099	-	-	38,504,073	42,498,172
Public works	22,298	-	-	1,460,082	1,482,380
Community support	23,254,480	-	-	-	23,254,480
Intergovernmental expenditures - Solid waste	300,720	-	-	-	300,720
Debt service:					
Principal	9,319,017	-	-	1,771,528	11,090,545
Interest and fiscal charges	3,138,401	-	-	1,392,186	4,530,587
Administrative expenditures	 88,392		 		 88,392
Total expenditures	 222,537,287	37,757,867	 161,005,489	108,660,076	 529,960,719
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	7,415,922	(4,963,678)	 13,114	16,911,961	 19,377,319
Other financing sources (uses)					
Proceeds of refunding notes	28,149,000	-	-	-	28,149,000
Payment to refunded bonds escrow agent	(28,071,066)	-	-	-	(28,071,066)
Transfers in	22,137,187	5,255,957	-	5,790,885	33,184,029
Transfers out	 (11,197,372)	(291,613)	 (13,114)	(20,592,953)	 (32,095,052)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 11,017,749	4,964,344	 (13,114)	(14,802,068)	 1,166,911
Net changes in fund balances	18,433,671	666	-	2,109,893	20,544,230
Fund balances, beginning, as restated	 157,034,811	71,008	 -	19,234,931	 176,340,750
Fund balances, ending	\$ 175,468,482	\$ 71,674	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 21,344,824	\$ 196,884,980

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year ended December 31, 2021		ounty of Berks 1 Comprehensi
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 20,544,230
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period are as follows: Expenditures for capital assets / agricultural easements Depreciation expense	\$ 8,328,738 (14,192,045)	(5,863,307)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt uses current financial resources. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effects of these differences in the current period are: Debt principal repayments Issuance of notes payable Bond premium/discounts/refunding losses	30,834,084 (20,812,740) 3,209,586	13,230,930
Interest is expensed when paid in the governmental funds. However, in the government-wide statements interest is matched to the period in which it was incurred. In the current period the net effect of matching interest expense to the proper period is:		119,335
Revenues in the statement of activities that are not available to provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. At the government-wide level revenue recognition is not limited by availability. The effects of these adjustments in the current year are: Notes receivable	(1,390,178)	(1,390,178)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Payroll, payroll taxes, and select employee benefits Net pension obligation	436,995 11,592,756	 12,029,751

\$ 38,670,761

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Change in net position of governmental activities

		Berks County Residential Center		Berks Heim		Totals
Assets:						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,000	\$	170,015	\$	171,015
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted		_		115,385		115,385
Investments, restricted		-		-		-
Accounts receivable, net		-		5,897,555		5,897,555
Due from other governments		736,254		, , , <u>-</u>		736,254
Due from other funds		1,018,746		14,586,416		15,605,162
Inventories		61,842		187,458		249,300
Prepaid expenses		-		40,101		40,101
Total current assets		1,817,842		20,996,930		22,814,772
Noncurrent assets:						
Employee pay advance		_		23,458		23,458
Investments		_		20,400		20,400
Pension asset		2,019,720		9,545,551		11,565,271
Capital assets		8,190,085		28,571,976		36,762,061
Total noncurrent assets		10,209,805		38,140,985		48,350,790
Deferred outflows of resources:						
		E00 274		2 402 000		2 602 427
Pension		500,371		3,182,066		3,682,437
Unamortized bond refunding gain/loss		262,534		406,226		668,760
Total deferred outflows of resources		762,905		3,588,292		4,351,197
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		12,790,552		62,726,207		75,516,759
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable		110,642		1,287,332		1,397,974
Accrued liabilities		229,075		1,231,362		1,460,437
Due to other funds		-		-		-
Unearned grant revenue		920,302		1,348,326		2,268,628
Accrued interest payable		10,660		67,608		78,268
Compensated absences		23,312		464,379		487,691
Accrued claims health insurance		57,288		237,331		294,619
Accrued claims liability		1,477		112,704		114,181
Bonds payable, net		528,563		3,339,543		3,868,106
Total current liabilities		1,881,319		8,088,585		9,969,904
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Compensated absences		166,401		688,555		854,956
Accrued claims liability		41,689		770,168		811,857
Pension Liability		· -		-		- -
Bonds payable, net		2,457,732		15,426,875		17,884,607
Total noncurrent liabilities		2,665,822		16,885,598		19,551,420
Total liabilities		4,547,141		24,974,183		29,521,324
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unearned revenue		-		-		-
Unamortized bond refunding gain		_		_		_
Pension		1,780,352		9,080,911		10,861,263
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,780,352		9,080,911		10,861,263
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets		5,466,323		10,211,784		15,678,107
Unrestricted net position		996,736		18,459,329		19,456,065
Total Net Postion	•	6,463,059	\$	28,671,113	\$	
i otal 1961 i ostioli	\$	0,403,039	Ψ	20,011,113	φ	35,134,172

	Berks County Residential Center	Berks Heim	Totals
Operating revenues Charges for services Other operating revenues Total operating revenues	\$ 7,111,468 345,085 7,456,553	\$ 28,691,178 18,143,834 46,835,012	\$ 35,802,646 18,488,919 54,291,565
Operating expenses Program services Administrative expenses Depreciation Total operating expenses Operating income	5,945,679 - 386,136 - 6,331,815 - 1,124,738	28,186,386 4,652,561 1,504,960 34,343,907 12,491,105	34,132,065 4,652,561 1,891,096 40,675,722 13,615,843
Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Grants Investment earnings Interest expense Contribution to General Fund Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) Income before transfers	- (95,745) - (95,745) 1,028,993	939,267 1,316 (607,410) (9,261,000) (8,927,827) 3,563,278	939,267 1,316 (703,155) (9,261,000) (9,023,572) 4,592,271
Transfers in Transfers out Change in net position Total net position, beginning, as restated Total net position, ending	(1,088,977) (59,984) 6,523,043 \$ 6,463,059	3,563,278 25,107,835 \$ 28,671,113	(1,088,977) 3,503,294 31,630,878 \$ 35,134,172

	Berks County Residential Center	Berks Heim	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from customers	\$ 7,449,336	\$ 46,340,257	\$ 53,789,593
Payments to suppliers	(1,575,289)	(11,300,064)	(12,875,353)
Payments to employees	(4,909,723)	(23,395,166)	(28,304,889)
Net cash provided by operating activities	964,324	11,645,027	12,609,351
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities			
Principal paid on bonds	(32,313)	(185,022)	(217,335)
Receipts from other governments	275,970	2,287,443	2,563,413
Interest paid	(16,825)	(96,548)	(113,373)
Contribution from General Fund	-	(9,260,885)	(9,260,885)
Transfers from (to) other funds	(1,088,979)	-	(1,088,979)
Amounts due from (to) other funds	546,553	1,471,143	2,017,696
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities	(315,594)	(5,783,869)	(6,099,463)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities			
Principal paid on bonds	(405,191)	(2,578,672)	(2,983,863)
Interest paid	(84,397)	(545,577)	(629,974)
Construction in progress	1,294,302	1,037,998	2,332,300
Purchase of capital assets	(1,453,444)	(3,905,002)	(5,358,446)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(648,730)	(5,991,253)	(6,639,983)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Investment earnings received		62,277	62,277
Net cash provided by investing activities		62,277	62,277
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	-	(67,817)	(67,817)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	1,000	352,832	353,832
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$ 1,000	\$ 285,015	\$ 286,015
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Operating income	1,124,738	12,491,104	\$ 13,615,842
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash			
provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation expense	386,136	1,504,960	1,891,096
Amortization of bond premium	(28,680)	(185,426)	(214,106)
Amortization of refunding loss	43,936	98,497	142,433
Bond issuance costs	3,169	20,072	23,241
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable, net	(7,217)	(370,162)	(377,379)
Employee pay advance	-	3,302	3,302
Inventories	5,345	55,485	60,830
Prepaid expenses	-	4,100	4,100
Pension asset, net	(1,300,215)	(5,383,702)	(6,683,917)
Pension deferred outflow	464,814	1,924,620	2,389,434
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(30,876)	(476,479)	(507,355)
Unearned grant revenue	-	(124,590)	(124,590)
Compensated absences	(103,141)	191,333	88,192
Accrued claims health insurance	(787)	(36,007)	(36,794)
Accrued claims liability Pension deferred inflow	(6,793) 413,895	(19,523) 1,947,442	(26,316) 2,361,337
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 964,324	\$ 11,645,027	\$ 12,609,351

Assets \$ 129,896 \$ 12,683,261 Receivables:		Berks County Employees' Retirement	Custodial
Receivables: Contributions receivable \ Due from other funds Investment income receivable 491,087 205,001 5,000 Total receivables 696,088 5,000 Investments, at fair value (see Note 2): 5,000 Fixed income securities 114,636,138 - Domestic equities 415,156,721 - Real estate/Alternative 54,761,511 - Certificates of deposit 4,681 4,803,555 Total investments 584,559,051 4,803,555 Total investments 585,385,035 17,491,816 Liabilities 407,726 - Accounts payable 9 - Due to third parties - 1,632,538 Fees due to Commonwealth of Pennsylvania - 16,804 Real estate taxes due to City of Reading - 16,804 Due to other governments - 6,936,431 Other - 6,936,431 Total liabilities 407,726 8,867,411 Net position 584,977,309 - Net position restricted for individuals, organizat	Assets		
Contributions receivable \ Due from other funds 1000	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 129,896	\$ 12,683,261
Investment income receivable 205,001 - Total receivables 696,088 5,000 Investments, at fair value (see Note 2): 5,000 Fixed income securities 114,636,138 - Domestic equities 415,156,721 - Real estate/Alternative 54,761,511 - Certificates of deposit 4,681 4,803,555 Total investments 584,559,051 4,803,555 Total assets 585,385,035 17,491,816 Liabilities 407,726 - Accounts payable 407,726 - Due to third parties - 1,632,538 Fees due to Commonwealth of Pennsylvania - 16,520 Real estate taxes due to City of Reading - 16,804 Due to other governments - 2,936,431 Other - 6,936,431 Total liabilities 407,726 8,867,411 Net position 584,977,309 - Net position restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments - 8,624,405 <		404.007	5.000
Total receivables 696,088 5,000 Investments, at fair value (see Note 2): 114,636,138 - Fixed income securities 114,636,138 - Domestic equities 415,156,721 - Real estate/Alternative 54,761,511 - Certificates of deposit 4,681 4,803,555 Total investments 584,559,051 4,803,555 Total assets 585,385,035 17,491,816 Liabilities 407,726 - Accounts payable 407,726 - Due to third parties - 1,632,538 Fees due to Commonwealth of Pennsylvania - 16,520 Real estate taxes due to City of Reading - 16,804 Due to other governments - 265,118 Other - 6,936,431 Total liabilities 407,726 8,867,411 Net position 584,977,309 - Net position restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments - 8,624,405		•	5,000
Investments, at fair value (see Note 2): Fixed income securities			5,000
Fixed income securities 114,636,138 - Domestic equities 415,156,721 - Real estate/Alternative 54,761,511 - Certificates of deposit 4,681 4,803,555 Total investments 584,559,051 4,803,555 Total assets 585,385,035 17,491,816 Liabilities Accounts payable 407,726 - Due to third parties - 1,632,538 Fees due to Commonwealth of Pennsylvania - 16,520 Real estate taxes due to City of Reading - 265,118 Other - 265,118 Other - 6,936,431 Total liabilities 407,726 8,867,411 Net position Net position restricted for pension 584,977,309 - Net position restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments - 8,624,405		090,000	
Real estate/Alternative 54,761,511 - Certificates of deposit 4,681 4,803,555 Total investments 584,559,051 4,803,555 Total assets 585,385,035 17,491,816 Liabilities Accounts payable 407,726 - Due to third parties - 1,632,538 Fees due to Commonwealth of Pennsylvania - 16,520 Real estate taxes due to City of Reading - 16,804 Due to other governments - 265,118 Other - 6,936,431 Total liabilities 407,726 8,867,411 Net position Net position restricted for pension 584,977,309 - Net position restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments - 8,624,405	,	114,636,138	-
Certificates of deposit 4,681 4,803,555 Total investments 584,559,051 4,803,555 Total assets 585,385,035 17,491,816 Liabilities Accounts payable 407,726 - Due to third parties - 1,632,538 Fees due to Commonwealth of Pennsylvania - 16,520 Real estate taxes due to City of Reading - 16,804 Due to other governments - 265,118 Other - 6,936,431 Total liabilities 407,726 8,867,411 Net position 584,977,309 - Net position restricted for pension 584,977,309 - Net position restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments - 8,624,405	Domestic equities	415,156,721	-
Total investments 584,559,051 4,803,555 Total assets 585,385,035 17,491,816 Liabilities Accounts payable 407,726 - Due to third parties - 1,632,538 Fees due to Commonwealth of Pennsylvania - 16,520 Real estate taxes due to City of Reading - 16,804 Due to other governments - 265,118 Other - 6,936,431 Total liabilities 407,726 8,867,411 Net position Net position restricted for pension 584,977,309 - Net position restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments - 8,624,405	Real estate/Alternative	54,761,511	-
Total investments 584,559,051 4,803,555 Total assets 585,385,035 17,491,816 Liabilities Accounts payable 407,726 - Due to third parties - 1,632,538 Fees due to Commonwealth of Pennsylvania - 16,520 Real estate taxes due to City of Reading - 16,804 Due to other governments - 265,118 Other - 6,936,431 Total liabilities 407,726 8,867,411 Net position Net position restricted for pension 584,977,309 - Net position restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments - 8,624,405	Certificates of deposit	4,681	4,803,555
LiabilitiesAccounts payable407,726-Due to third parties-1,632,538Fees due to Commonwealth of Pennsylvania-16,520Real estate taxes due to City of Reading-16,804Due to other governments-265,118Other-6,936,431Total liabilities407,7268,867,411Net position584,977,309-Net position restricted for pension584,977,309-Net position restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments-8,624,405	·	584,559,051	4,803,555
Accounts payable Due to third parties Fees due to Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Fees due to Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Real estate taxes due to City of Reading Due to other governments Other Total liabilities Net position Net position restricted for pension Net position restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments 407,726 - 1,632,538 - 16,520 - 16,804 - 265,118 - 6,936,431 - 6,936,431 - 8,867,411 Net position Set position Set position restricted for pension Net position restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments - 8,624,405	Total assets	585,385,035	17,491,816
Due to third parties Fees due to Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Fees due to Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Real estate taxes due to City of Reading Due to other governments Other Total liabilities Net position Net position restricted for pension Net position restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments - 1,632,538 - 16,520 - 265,118 - 6,936,431 - 407,726 - 8,867,411 Net position Staypra,309 - 8,624,405	Liabilities		
Fees due to Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Real estate taxes due to City of Reading Due to other governments Other Total liabilities Net position Net position restricted for pension Net position restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments - 16,520 - 265,118 - 6,936,431 - 407,726 - 8,867,411 - 8,624,405	Accounts payable	407,726	-
Real estate taxes due to City of Reading Due to other governments Other Total liabilities Net position Net position restricted for pension Net position restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments - 16,804 - 265,118 - 6,936,431 - 407,726 - 8,867,411 - 8,624,405	Due to third parties	-	1,632,538
Due to other governments Other Total liabilities - 265,118 0,936,431 Total liabilities 407,726 8,867,411 Net position Net position restricted for pension Net position restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments - 8,624,405	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Other - 6,936,431 Total liabilities 407,726 8,867,411 Net position Net position restricted for pension 584,977,309 - Net position restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments - 8,624,405	,	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total liabilities 407,726 8,867,411 Net position Net position restricted for pension 584,977,309 - Net position restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments - 8,624,405		-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Net position Net position restricted for pension Net position restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments 584,977,309 - 8,624,405		-	
Net position restricted for pension 584,977,309 - Net position restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments - 8,624,405	Total liabilities	407,726	8,867,411
Net position restricted for pension 584,977,309 - Net position restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments - 8,624,405	Net position		
other governments - 8,624,405	Net position restricted for pension	584,977,309	-
	·	-	8,624,405
		\$ 584,977,309	\$ 8,624,405

	Berks County Employees' Retirement	Custodial		
Additions				
Fee collections for government entities	\$ -	\$ 89,268,908		
Escheated funds received for Commonwealth of Pennsylvania	-	127,244		
Real estate tax collections for City of Reading, Pennsylvania	-	23,485,152		
Receipts from Others		27,464,424		
Subtotal		140,345,728		
Contributions:				
Member	7,450,219	-		
County	4,329,291			
Total contributions	11,779,510			
Investment income:				
Net gain in fair value of investments	68,281,916	-		
Interest and dividends	9,768,002	21,435		
Miscellaneous	856	-		
Less investment expenses	(1,627,931)	-		
Net investment income	76,422,843	21,435		
Total additions	88,202,353	140,367,164		
Deductions				
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	28,545,773	-		
Administrative/other expense	70,530	-		
Payments of fees collected to Commonwealth of Pennsylvania	-	33,062,477		
Payments of fees collected to other government entities	-	56,177,513		
Payments of escheated funds to Commonwealth of Pennsylvania	-	127,244		
Payments of real estate tax collected to City of Reading	-	23,485,152		
Payments to others		27,669,466		
Total deductions	28,616,303	140,521,853		
Change in net position	59,586,050	(154,689)		
Net position restricted, beginning	525,391,259	8,779,094		
Net position restricted, ending	\$ 584,977,309	\$ 8,624,405		

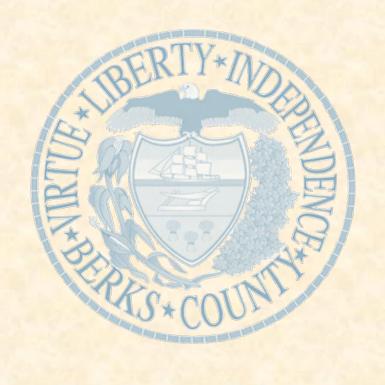
December 31, 2021			
	Reading Regional Airport Authority **	Reading Area Community College *	Total
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,034,269	\$ 9,706,660	\$ 12,740,929
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	514,476	-	514,476
Investments Accounts receivable, net	- 175,263	30,654,084 7,578,885	30,654,084 7,754,148
Due from other governments	490,522	7,370,003	490,522
Inventories	-	17,216	17,216
Prepaid expenses	87,536	713,372	800,908
Deposits	10,661		10,661
Total current assets	4,312,727	48,670,217	52,982,944
Noncurrent assets: Investments			
Beneficial interests in perpetual trusts held by others	-	10,095,434	10,095,434
Other receivables	-	165,562	165,562
Collections - works of art	-	909,433	909,433
Capital assets:			
Land and improvements	7,696,619	1,081,556	8,778,175
Air easement rights	103,002 16.024.217	-	103,002 16.024.217
Infrastructure, net Buildings and improvements, net	10,024,217	37,066,910	47,157,640
Furniture, fixtures, equipment and vehicles, net	621,844	2,982,274	3,604,118
Leasehold improvements, net	366,449	-,,	366,449
Construction in progress	2,348,269	454,809	2,803,078
Total noncurrent assets	37,251,130	52,755,978	90,007,108
Deferred outflows of resources:			
Pension	_	1,252,842	1,252,842
Other postemployment benefits		462,395	462,395
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	1,715,237	1,715,237
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	41,563,857	103,141,432	144,705,289
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	168,161	981,375	1,149,536
Accrued liabilities	14,315	1,263,491	1,277,806
Unearned revenue	54,522	4,834,720	4,889,242
Compensated absences	-	429,336	429,336
Deposits Lease obligation	44,510	40,335	44,510 40,335
Bonds, loans and notes payable	107,936	1,019,291	1,127,227
Total current liabilities	389,444	8,568,548	8,957,992
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Compensated absences	-	446,577	446,577
Medical insurance liability	-	400,000	400,000
Other postemployment benefit liability	-	1,590,017	1,590,017
Lease obligation	-	4 000 070	4 000 070
Net pension liability Bonds, loans and notes payable	3,435,000	4,889,872 7,811,471	4,889,872 11,246,471
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,435,000	15,137,937	18,572,937
Total liabilities	3,824,444	23,706,485	27,530,929
Defended inflammed accounts			
Deferred inflows of resources Deferred rent revenue	E 002 614		E 002 614
Deferred pension expense	5,983,614	520,631	5,983,614 520,631
Deferred other postemployment benefits expense	-	151,619	151,619
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,983,614	672,250	6,655,864
Not position:			
Net position: Net investment in capital assets	27,724,580	32,714,452	60,439,032
Restricted for:	21,127,000	OE,1 17,70Z	55,755,652
Debt service	514,476	-	514,476
Foundation for Reading Area Community College	-	24,085,543	24,085,543
Unrestricted net position	3,516,743	21,962,702	25,479,445
Total net position	\$ 31,755,799	\$ 78,762,697	\$ 110,518,496
retar net position	2 2.,100,100	÷ . 5,1 02,001	2,010,100

^{*} Presented as of June 30, 2021 ** Presented as of September 30, 2021

County of Berks 2021 Conprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year ended December 31, 2021	Reading Regional Airport Authority **	Reading Area Community College *	Total
Operating revenues Charges for services Charges for services (from County of Berks)	\$ 2,557,254	\$6,001,969 -	\$ 8,559,223 -
Operating grants and contributions Investment earnings Other revenues	830,028 - 	13,548,631 5,729,589 2,201,302	14,378,659 5,729,589 2,201,302
Total operating revenues	3,387,282	27,481,491	30,868,773
Total operating expenses	4,231,735	39,671,103	43,902,838
Operating income (loss)	(844,453)	(12,189,612)	(13,034,065)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Payments from County of Berks Payments from other governments		3,250,000 15,338,358	3,250,000 15,338,358
Contributions to County of Berks Investment income Tapping fee income	2,992	(3,690)	(698)
Insurance income Debt issuance costs	1,341,148 -	- - -	1,341,148 -
Interest expense Insurance reimburseable expense Gain on disposal of capital assets	(101,752) (408,157) 2,600	(241,850) - 154	(343,602) (408,157) 2,754
Miscellaneous loss Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	836,831	18,342,972	19,179,803
Other revenues (expense):			
Payments from County of Berks Payments from other governments Long-term gifts and grants	- - -	626,636 1,153,562 146,538	626,636 1,153,562 146,538
Other expense Insurance proceeds			
Total other revenues (expense) Change in net position (deficit)	(7,622)	1,926,736 8,080,096	1,926,736 8,072,474
Net position, beginning Total net position, ending	31,763,421 \$31,755,799	70,682,601 \$ 78,762,697	102,446,022 \$ 110,518,496

^{*} Presented for the year ended June 30, 2021
** Presented for the year ended September 30, 2021



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Notes to Financial Statements complete the core of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report's financial section. They are intended to provide a more complete disclo-sure of relevant information than can be presented in the numeric format of the financial statements.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the County of Berks (the County) were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), consistently applied, applicable to governmental units, as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB").

A. The financial reporting entity

The County of Berks, Pennsylvania, was formed on March 11, 1752. The County is a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The County is a Third-Class county based on population. The County operates under the direction of an elected Board of Commissioners consisting of three members. The County provides the following services: general administrative services, tax assessment and collection, judicial system, public improvements, public safety, conservation and development, and human services programs.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the reporting entity consists of the primary government and organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable. In addition, the primary government may determine through the exercise of management's professional judgment that the inclusion of an organization that does not meet the financial accountability criteria is necessary in order to prevent the reporting entity's financial statements from being misleading. In such instances, that organization should be included as a component unit if the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government or other component units are such that the exclusion from the financial reporting entity would render the financial reporting entity's financial statements incomplete or misleading. In evaluating how to define the reporting entity, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made based upon the above criteria.

Since the County's component units report on a fiscal year end and are included in the County's calendar year financial statement, amounts due to/from component units/primary government may not net to zero. The County has elected to include the following discretely presented component units in the financial reporting entity:

- The Reading Regional Airport Authority (the "Authority") is a public authority created under the Pennsylvania Municipal Authorities Act of 1935 and 1945 and is responsible for the operations of the Reading Regional Airport. The governing body of the Reading Regional Airport Authority is a Board consisting of seven directors who are appointed by the Board of County Commissioners. The Reading Regional Airport Authority operates on a fiscal year ending September 30.
- Reading Area Community College is a publicly supported comprehensive community college, serving primarily Berks County. The Trustees of the governing board of Reading Area Community College are appointed by the Board of County Commissioners. The County sponsors the College and supports its capital expansion initiatives. The Reading Area Community College operates on a fiscal year ending June 30.

Complete and detailed financial statements for the individual component units can be obtained from their administrative offices:

Reading Regional Airport Authority 2385 Bernville Road Reading, PA 19605

Reading Area Community College 10 South Second Street, P.O. Box 1706 Reading, PA 19603-1706

Related organizations

The Board of County Commissioners is also responsible for appointing the members of the governing boards of other organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations generally does not extend beyond making the appointments. These organizations include:

- Berks Area Regional Transportation Authority
- Berks County Conservation District
- Berks County Housing Authority
- Berks County Industrial Development Authority
- Berks County Municipal Authority
- Berks County Solid Waste Authority
- Berks County Convention Center Authority
- Council on Chemical Abuse, Inc.
- Redevelopment Authority of the County of Berks
- South Central Transportation Authority

B. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The basic financial statements of the County are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to financial statements

1. Government-wide financial statements

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole, except for its fiduciary activities. These statements include separate columns for the governmental and business-type activities of the primary government, as well as its discretely presented component units. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting

from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions."

Program revenues include charges for services, special assessments, and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry, if that money is restricted to a program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as expenditures. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as other financing sources. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

As a rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are the yearly contributions made to the component units from the County's governmental funds and transfers between governmental funds and business-type and fiduciary funds. Elimination of these contributions would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. The County chooses to allocate indirect costs in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements.

2. Fund financial statements

The underlying accounting system of the County is organized and operated based on separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balance, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The financial statements for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually and nonmajor funds in the aggregate for governmental and enterprise funds. The fiduciary statements include financial information for the agency fund and the retirement fund. The agency fund primarily represents assets held by the County in a custodial capacity for other individuals or governments and does not involve the measurement of results of operations. Agency funds and the Berks County Employees' Retirement Fund account for the additions and deductions in a manner like a proprietary fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are combined in a fund, expenses are paid first from restricted resources, and then from unrestricted resources.

• Governmental funds

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues,

except property taxes, to be available if they are collected within 180 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Property taxes are deemed available if collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Licenses, operating and capital grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable only when cash is received by the County. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

Under the current financial resource's measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is a measure of "available spendable resources". Governmental funds operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Non-current portions of long-term receivables due to governmental funds are reported on their balance sheets despite their spending measurement focus.

Non-current portions of other long-term receivables are offset by fund balance reserve accounts.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources were expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as other financing sources rather than as a fund liability. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

• Proprietary funds

The County's enterprise funds are proprietary funds. In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are presented using the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when the related goods or services are delivered. All assets and all liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on the statement of net position. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

Proprietary fund operating revenues and expenses, such as charges for services, program services and administrative expenses, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues and expenses, such as operating grants, subsidies, investment earnings, interest expense and bond issuance costs, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the fund financial statements, rather than reported as expenses. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the fund financial statements, rather than as revenue. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness are reported as a reduction of the related liabilities, rather than an expense.

C. Basis of presentation

The determination of major funds is based on minimum criteria as set forth in GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments". The non-major funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements. The following are the County's major funds for 2021:

1. Governmental fund types

General

The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those accounted for in another fund. Revenues of this fund are primarily derived from real estate taxes, state and federal grants, and fees for services. Many of the basic activities of the County are accounted for in this fund, including operation of general County government, the judicial system, public safety, culture and recreation, and some community and economic development and human services.

Children and Youth Services

The Children and Youth Services Fund accounts for financial resources related to the provision of services to children and youth. Revenues of this fund are derived from federal and state grants. Expenditures are restricted to provision of the program.

Health Choices

The Health Choices Fund accounts for financial resources related to the provision of a behavioral health managed care program for medical assistance recipients. Revenues of this fund are derived from state grants. Expenditures are restricted to provision of the program.

2. Proprietary fund types

• Enterprise: Berks County Residential Center

The Berks County Residential Center Fund accounts for the operations of the County's family shelter for immigrants placed by the Federal Government, financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprise – where the intent of the governing body is that the cost of providing service to the Federal Government on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through cost reimbursement plans.

Enterprise: Berks County Home - Berks Heim

The Berks County Home – Berks Heim Fund accounts for operations of the long-term care facility financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that costs of providing services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges and cost reimbursement plans.

3. Other fund types

• Retirement Trust

The Berks County Employees' Retirement Trust Fund accounts for the revenue (i.e., member contributions, County appropriations, and net investment income) and the expenditures (i.e., allowance contributions refunded, retirement allowances, and death benefits paid) of the County's defined benefit retirement plan.

Custodial

Custodial funds consist of restricted assets of the various row offices and other fiduciary accounts of the County. Row office funds for bail posted, sheriff's sales, realty transfer taxes held and owed to other governmental entities, and other funds reserved for disposition of legal actions, by Berks Heim for residents and by the prison for inmates, are mainly escrow funds.

D. Investments

Investments of all funds are stated at fair value based on quoted market values.

E. Cash and cash equivalents

The County considers all unrestricted highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

F. Receivables

All property taxes receivable, accounts receivable, interest and liens receivable are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. The allowance for property taxes is equal to .09 percent of the 2021 property tax levy outstanding at December 31, 2021. The allowance for court fines, fees and costs is equal to 90 percent of the outstanding accounts receivable at December 31, 2021. The allowance for district justices' fines and court costs is equal to 40 percent of the outstanding accounts receivable at December 31, 2021. The allowance for liens for the closing cost assistance program is equal to 100 percent of the outstanding balance at December 31, 2021. The allowance for liens and interest for property rehabilitation and certain mortgage programs is equal to 20 percent of the outstanding balance at December 31, 2021.

G. Interfund transactions

As a result of its operations, the County affects a variety of transactions between funds to finance operations. Accordingly, to the extent that certain interfund transactions have not been paid or received, appropriate interfund receivables or payables have been established.

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

H. Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method. Inventories more than \$25,000 for governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Office supplies such as paper and copier supplies are not considered inventory and are recorded as expenditures/expenses when purchased. In governmental fund types, there is a reservation of fund balance equal to the inventory balance as these amounts are not available for appropriation.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements, using the consumption method. In governmental fund types, there is a reservation of fund balance equal to the prepaid items as these amounts are not available for appropriation.

I. Restricted assets

Restricted assets represent revenues set aside for liquidation of specific obligations, as detailed in Note 3.

J. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, equipment and infrastructure (bridges acquired, reconstructed or significantly improved in years ending after December 31, 1980), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns on the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual or system (multiple items that rely on each other to function) cost of \$5,000 (\$75,000 for infrastructure assets) and an estimated useful life exceeding one year. Such assets are recorded at historical costs. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items received in a service concession arrangement should be reported at acquisition value rather than fair value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

In order to preserve farmland and open space, the County purchases agricultural easements. An agricultural easement restricts the use of land from commercial development in perpetuity and encourages the continued agricultural use of land. An easement is thus considered an intangible asset of the County and recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

The capital assets (see Note 6) of the County are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Land improvements5-40 yearsBuildings and improvements5-45 yearsMachinery and equipment5-11 yearsMotor vehicles5 yearsComputer equipment3-5 yearsInfrastructure20-40 years

K. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period not recognized as an outflow of resources until that future period. A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period not recognized as an inflow of resources until that future period.

L. Fund balance

In the fund financial statements, the County has established and will maintain reservations of fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54 ("GASB 54"), "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." GASB 54 establishes criteria to report fund balance as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned based on the required restraints on the resource. This policy applies to the County's General Fund and all governmental funds. Fund balance information is used to identify the available resources to repay long-term debt, reduce property taxes, add new governmental programs, expand existing programs or enhance the financial position of the

County in accordance with policies established by the Board of Commissioners. Please refer to Note 11 for more information on fund balance.

M. Net Position

GASB Statement No. 63 ("GASB 63"), "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position," requires the classification of net position into the three components shown below, which are defined as follows:

Net Investment in capital assets – This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.

Restricted net position – This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position – This category represents net position of the County, which are not restricted for any project or other purpose.

N. Indirect costs, maintenance in lieu of rent, allocated costs

Indirect costs, maintenance in lieu of rent, and allocated costs are charged to various state and federal programs based on a formal plan developed annually by the County. These costs are reflected in the fund financial statements as expenditures/expenses in those funds benefiting from the services provided and as a reduction of expenditures in the general fund, which provides the services. These costs are recorded on a full absorption basis in order to reflect the total cost of operations of the various funds. The government-wide financial statements contain a separate column for the allocation of these costs to various functions.

O. Compensated absences

The County follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences." Calculation of the liability amount is determined by the appropriate vacation and sick payments which would be available to employees if they would leave or retire from the County. The County accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave when earned by the employee in the government-wide financial statements. All accumulated vacation and vested sick leave pay is recorded as an expense and a liability in the proprietary fund types at the time the liability is accrued. Governmental fund types record accumulated vacation and vested sick leave pay as an expenditure in the current year to the extent it is paid during the year.

P. Pension

For measurement purposes, the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Berks County Employees' Pension Plan ("BCEPP") and additions to/deductions from BCEPP's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as reported by BCEPP. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

O. Self-insurance

The County is self-insured for the risk of loss related to workers compensation and healthcare insurance claims. Self-insurance for workers compensation began in 2002, and healthcare insurance began in 2006. Details of the County's self-insurance activities are included in Note 9 on Risk Management.

R. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements, in conformity with GAAP, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results may differ from the estimates.

S. Long-term obligations

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Derivatives, or swaps, may be entered into at the discretion of the County, to take advantage of favorable prevailing interest rates with respect to its general obligation bonds. In cases where it is more advantageous to terminate an existing swap, termination fees are expensed in the period that the termination is executed and reported as a Special Item.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 23, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Refunding's of Debt Reported by Proprietary Activities," the County has adopted the following policy for current refunding's and advance refunding's resulting in the defeasance of debt reported in proprietary funds. The difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt, will be deferred and amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. On the statement of net position, the deferred amount is reported as a deduction from or an addition to the new debt liability.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

T. Intergovernmental revenues

Intergovernmental revenues represent revenues received from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and federal agencies generally to fund specific programs. Awards made based on entitlement periods are recorded as intergovernmental revenues when entitlement occurs. Reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are incurred. In the governmental fund financial statements, grants are recorded when revenues are also measurable and available.

U. Allowable Expenses under Grants

Under the terms of federal and state grants, periodic audits are required, and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead

to reimbursement to the grantor agencies. County management believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

V. Restatement of Financial Statements

The County's beginning fund balances in governmental funds has been restated to properly reflect the effect of prior period adjustments as follows:

General Fund

Fund balance, beginning, as previously reported	\$ 156,502,521
Prior period adjustments	 532,290
Fund balance, beginning, as restated	\$ 157,034,811

Prior period adjustment in the General Fund in order to correct errors in CYS, JPO, and DA departments.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Fund balance, beginning, as previously reported	\$ 19,236,596
Prior period adjustments	(1,665)
Fund balance, beginning, as restated	\$ 19,234,931

Prior period adjustments in the Domestic Relations, Liquid Fuels and County Capital Projects Special Revenue Funds, included in Nonmajor Governmental Funds, in order to correct errors made and to agree to fund balance to external grant reporting.

The County's beginning net position in entity wide governmental and enterprise funds have been restated to properly reflect the effect of a prior period adjustment as follows:

Governmental Activities

Net position, beginning, as previously reported	\$ 343,010,016
Prior period adjustments	530,623
Net position, beginning, as restated	\$ 343,540,639

Prior period adjustment in the Entity Wide Governmental Funds due to reasons and amounts stated above under governmental funds.

W. Pending and Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, "Leases." The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The County is currently in the process of implementing this Statement, which will be reflected in 2022 reporting.

In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period." The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

In May 2019, the GASB issued Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations." The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The County is currently evaluating the effect of implementation of this Statement.

In January 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 92, "Omnibus 2020." The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The County is currently evaluating the effect of implementation of this Statement.

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 93, "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates." The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The County is currently evaluating the effect of implementation of this Statement.

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 94, "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements." The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The County is currently evaluating the effect of implementation of this Statement.

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 95, "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance." The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after May 31, 2020. The County is currently evaluating the effect of implementation of this Statement.

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements." The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The County is currently evaluating the effect of implementation of this Statement.

In June 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 97, "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans." The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The County is currently evaluating the effect of implementation of this Statement.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, "Compensated Absences." The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The County is currently evaluating the effect of implementation of this Statement.

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Primary government

<u>Interest rate risk</u>: The County of Berks has a formal investment policy for General Operating Funds that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates, except for the Retirement Fund which has an official investment policy. The maximum remaining maturity of any individual security is 5 years or less at the time of purchase. The average duration of the Portfolio shall be 3 years or less. All investments will be actively traded in a secondary market to ensure liquidity. The County investment policy follows Section 1706 of the County Code of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Under Section 1706 of the County Code of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the County is authorized to invest its funds in the following:

- United States Treasury Bills.
- Short-term obligations of the United States government or its agencies or instrumentalities.
- Deposits in savings accounts or time deposits, other than certificates of deposit, or share accounts of institutions having their principal place of business in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") or other like insurance.
- Obligations of the United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith
 and credit of the United States, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, or any of its agencies or
 instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, or of
 any political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, or any of its agencies or
 instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the political subdivision.
- Shares of an investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940; whose shares are registered under the Securities Act of 1933.
- Certificates of deposit purchased from institutions having their principal place of business in or outside the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania that are insured by the FDIC or other like insurance. For any amounts in excess of the insured maximum, such deposits shall be collateralized by a pledge or assignment of assets pursuant to Act No. 72 of the General Assembly. Certificates of deposit may not exceed 20% of a bank's total capital surplus or 20% of a savings and loan's or savings bank's assets net of its liabilities.
- Commercial paper and prime commercial paper meeting certain requirements.
- Repurchase agreements that are fully collateralized by obligations of the United States of America.

In addition, the County Code provides that the Retirement Trust Fund may make any investment authorized by 20 PA.A. Ch. 7302b (relating to fiduciaries' investments).

The carrying amounts of the cash and investments at December 31, 2021 consist of the following:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 169,636,889
Petty cash	17,461
Investments	\$ 712,951,775 882,606,125
Financial statement classification:	
Statement of net position:	
Current assets, cash and cash equivalents	\$ 57,421,359
Current assets, cash and cash equivalents, restricted	99,415,153
Current assets, investments	36,277,324
Current assets, investments, restricted	3,076,047
Noncurrent assets, investments	83,742,479
noncurrent assets, investments, restricted	498,000
Statement of fiduciary net position:	
Berks County Employees' Retirement Trust Fund:	
Cash and cash equivalents	134,577
Investments	584,554,370
Custodial fund:	
Cash and cash equivalents	12,683,261
Investments	4,803,555
	\$ 882,606,125

Cash and cash equivalents

The County's available cash and cash equivalents are invested in demand deposit accounts, repurchase agreements, certificates of deposit, money market funds, mutual funds, and securities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States government.

The County has custodial credit risk on cash deposits. This is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the County's deposits may not be returned. The County has a deposit policy for custodial risk that requires depository institutions to pledge securities as collateral for deposits that exceed depository insurance.

At December 31, 2021, the carrying amounts of the County's bank deposits were \$168,784,890 and the bank balances were \$172,563,241, of which \$500,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance, \$103,088,655 was collateralized under Act No. 72 of the 1971 Session of the Pennsylvania General Assembly, in which financial institutions were granted the authority to secure deposits of public bodies by pledging a pool of assets, as defined by the Act, to cover all public funds deposited in excess of federal depository insurance limits, \$57,168,271 was invested in an external investment pool, described in more detail below, \$11,308,315 was invested in money market funds and the remaining balance of \$498,000 was invested in U.S. Gov't Debt Securities.

The County invests in PLGIT, an external investment pool, to ensure safety and maximize efficiency, liquidity, and yield for County funds. PLGIT issues separately audited financial statements which are available to the public. The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania provides external regulatory oversight for the external investment pool. At December 31, 2021, PLGIT carried a AAA rating and had an average maturity of less than one year. While the PLGIT portfolios seek to maintain a stable net asset value of \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money investing in PLGIT. An investment in PLGIT is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. Securities held in PLGIT accounts owned by the County are stated at amortized cost, which approximates market value.

The County invests in various money market funds, in the amount of \$11,308,315, which have been classified as cash and cash equivalents in the statement of net position. These money market funds are unrated and have an average maturity of less than one year.

The County's funds are invested in various types of financial instruments. This diversification of the investment portfolio serves to assist in mitigating the various types of risks associated with different types of financial instruments. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investments, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investments could occur in the near term and that such a change could materially affect the amount reported on the statement of fiduciary net position.

Core Trust Property Collective Trust: Valued at the Trust's proportionate interest in the net assets of the SEI Core Property Fund, LP (the "Fund"). The Trust is part of a "master feeder fund" complex, by which the Trust invests substantially all its assets in the Fund. The Net Asset Value ("NAV"), as provided by the trustee of the Fund, is used as a practical expedient to estimate fair value. The NAV is based on the fair value of the underlying investments held by the fund less its liabilities. This practical expedient is not used when it is determined to be probable that the fund will sell the investment for an amount different than the reported NAV. Participant transactions (purchased and sales) may occur daily. Were the Plan to initiate a full redemption of the collective trust, the investment adviser reserves the right to temporarily delay withdrawal from the trust in order to ensure that securities liquidations will be carried out in an orderly business manner.

Energy Debt Collective Investment Trust: Valued at NAV of units of a collective trust of the Plan's interests in the Investment Funds and not the underlying holdings of such Investment Funds. The NAV, as provided by the trustee, is used as a practical expedient to estimate fair value. The NAV is based on the fair value of the underlying investments held by the fund less its liabilities. This practical expedient is not used when it is determined to be probable that the fund will sell the investment for an amount different than the reported NAV. Participant transactions (purchased and sales) may occur daily. Were the Plan to initiate a full redemption of the collective trust, the investment adviser reserves the right to temporarily delay withdrawal from the trust in order to ensure that securities liquidations will be carried out in an orderly business manner.

As of December 31, 2021, the County had the following investments and maturities:

	Investment Maturities (in Years)								
Investment Type		Fair Value		<1		1-5	6 - 10		>10
Governmental Fund									
General Fund									
Negot. Certif. of deposit	\$	25,096,825	\$	19,964,733	\$	5,132,092	\$ -	\$	-
U.S. Govt agency securities		96,259,187		17,648,800		78,610,387	-		-
Health Choices Fund									
Negot. Certif. of deposit		2,329,047		1,831,047		498,000	-		-
Other Governmental Funds									
Negot. Certif. of deposit		742,319		747,000		-	-		-
Total Governmental Funds	\$	124,427,378	\$	40,191,580	\$	84,240,479	\$ -	\$	-
Enterprise Funds									
Berks Heim									
Negot. Certif. of deposit		-	_	-	_	-	 -		-
Fiduciary Funds									
County Employee's Retirement:									
Collective Trusts									
Core Trust Property	\$	33,935,628	\$	33,935,628	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Energy Debt		20,825,883		20,825,883		-	-		-
Equity and Other Mutual Funds									
Extended Market Index Funds		56,117,124		56,117,124		-	-		-
S&P 500 500IDX-A		216,182,104		216,182,104		-	-		-
Emerging Markets		17,105,976		17,105,976		-	-		-
World Ex-US		125,751,517		125,751,517		-	-		-
U.S. Equity Factor Allocation		-		-		-	-		-
Dynamic Asset Allocation		-		-		-	-		-
Fixed Income Mutual Funds									
Core Fixed Income		91,800,269		91,800,269		-	-		-
High Yield Bonds		11,607,175		11,607,175		-	-		-
Emerging Markets Dept		11,228,694		11,228,694		-	-		-
Agency Funds:									
Negot. Certif. of deposit		4,808,236		4,803,555		-	-		-
Total Fiduciary Funds		589,362,606	_	589,357,925	_		 		
Total Investments	\$	713,789,984	\$	629,549,505	\$	84,240,479	\$ -	\$	

<u>Credit risk</u>: State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). The County's investments in certificates of deposit at December 31, 2021 were \$32,976,427. Of this total, \$32,478,427 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance, and \$498,000 was collateralized under Act No. 72 of the 1971 Session of the Pennsylvania General Assembly, in which financial institutions were granted the authority to secure deposits of public bodies by pledging a pool of assets, as defined by the Act, to cover all public funds deposited in excess of federal depository insurance limits.

The County had the following level of exposure to credit risk as of December 31, 2021:

	Fa	<u>Rating</u>	
U. S. Govt agency obligations	\$ 9	6,259,187	AAA
Negotiable certificates of deposit	\$ 3	2,976,427	Unrated
Mutual funds - Core fixed income	\$ 9	1,800,269	AA-
Mutual funds - High Yield Bonds	\$ 1	1,607,175	$\mathbf{B}+$
Mutual funds - Emerging Mkts Debt	\$ 1	1,228,694	BBB-

<u>Concentration in credit risk</u>: The County places no limit on the amount the County may invest in any one issuer, except for its Pension Funds. The County Pension Fund investment managers are authorized by the Retirement Board to invest in marketable debt issues of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies, U.S. corporations, U.S. banks or other financial institutions, mortgage or asset backed securities, Yankee bonds, and cash equivalents. Investment managers may also invest in mutual funds and other commingled investments.

The Retirement Board has passed a "Statement of Investment Policy" which establishes a target asset allocation for each type of investment as noted below. Several other target allocations exist within each investment type noted below and can be found in the Statement of Investment Policy. The investment guidelines allow for the following types of investments and target allocations:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Domestic equity	22%
International equity	22%
Fixed Income	40%
Real Estate/Alternative	16%
Cash	0%
Total	100%

At December 31, 2021, the pension investment portfolio was in compliance with the County's investment policy as it relates to pension funds.

<u>Custodial credit risk</u>: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Although the County's investment policy does not specifically address the issue of custodial credit risk, it is the practice of the County to hold all investments in the counterparties' name. As of December 31, 2021, \$713,789,984 of the County's investments are held by the investment counterparties.

<u>Foreign currency risk</u>: The County does not have a formal policy to limit foreign currency risk with the exception of its Pension Funds. The County Pension Fund Investment policy prohibits the buying and selling of foreign securities not registered through an SEC filing or not denominated in US dollars, except for managers hired specifically for international investments. Risk of loss arises from changes in currency exchange rates. The County had no exposure to foreign currency risk as of December 31, 2021.

Fair Value Measurement: The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy sets out a fair value hierarchy with the highest priority being quoted prices in active markets (Level 1 measurements) and the

lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurement). Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3. The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the fair value hierarchy classification is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. Fair value measurements will be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

- Level 1: Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Observable market based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

The following table presents the balances of fair value measurements on a recurring basis by level within the hierarchy as of December 31, 2021:

	Quoted Prices in			
	Active Markets	Significant	Significant	
	for Identical	Observable	Unobservable	
	Assets	Inputs	Inputs	
Investment	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	Total
By fair value level				
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	\$ 32,976,427	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 32,976,427
U.S. Govnment Agency notes	96,259,187			96,259,187
Fixed income mutual funds				
Core Fixed Income	91,800,269	-	-	91,800,269
High Yield Bond	11,607,175	-	-	11,607,175
Opportunisitic Income		-	-	-
Emerging Markets Debt	11,228,694			11,228,694
Total fixed income mutual funds	114,636,138			114,636,138
Equity mutual funds				
Extended Market Index Funds	56,117,124	-	-	56,117,124
S&P 500 IDX-A	216,182,104	-	-	216,182,104
Emerging Markets	17,105,976	-	-	17,105,976
World Ex-US	125,751,517	-	-	125,751,517
Total equity mutual funds	415,156,721			415,156,721
Total investments by fair value level	659,028,473			659,028,473
Measured at Net Asset Value (NAV)				
Collective Trust Funds				54,761,511
conective must runus				34,701,311
Total Investment measured at fai	r value			\$ 713,789,984
Investment derivative instruments				
Interest Rate Swap		1,020,624		1,020,624
•				

Negotiable certificates of deposit, U.S. Treasury and Agency notes, and debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Derivative investments classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a market approach that considers benchmark interest rates and foreign exchange rates.

Collective investment funds are valued at net asset value (NAV) of units held. The NAV is used as a practical expedient to estimate fair value. The NAV is based on the fair value of the underlying investments held by the funds less their liabilities. The following table summarizes investments for which fair value is measured using the NAV per share practical expedient:

		Fair <u>Value</u>	Unfunded Commitment		Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice Period
Collective Trust Funds						
Core Property	(a)	\$ 33,935,628	\$	-	Immediate	None
Energy Debt	(b)	20,825,883		-	Immediate	None
Total Collective Trust Funds	<u>.</u>	\$ 54,761,511	\$	-	_	

- (a) The Core Property Collective Investment Trust Fund is a "master feeder" complex, by which the Trust invests substantially all of its assets in the SEI Core Property Fund, LP (CPF). This structure provides a means for eligible investors to participate in investments in various private investment funds, many of which will pursue U.S. Core Real Estate Strategies. The CPF invests directly and indirectly in a diversified pool of private investment vehicles that invest in commercial real estate properties. Most properties are owned outright with mortgage debt generally limited to 40% of total value aggregate across the entire portfolio. The CPF seeks both current income and long-term capital appreciation through management of the portfolio. Investments in this Fund can be redeemed daily at the current NAV per share based on the fair value of the underlying investments. The fair value of investments in this Fund has been estimated using the NAV per share of the underlying investments.
- (b) The Energy Debt Collective Investment Trust Fund is a "master feeder" complex, by which the Trust invests substantially all of its assets in the SEI Energy Debt Fund, LP (EDF). This structure provides a means for eligible investors to participate in investments in below investment grade bonds and loans (and other debt and equity instruments) of U.S. and international energy companies. The EDF seeks to achieve high total returns. Investments in this Fund can be redeemed daily at the current NAV per share based on the fair value of the underlying investments. The fair value of investments in this Fund has been estimated using the NAV per share of the underlying investments.

B. Component units

1. Reading Regional Airport Authority

The Authority is permitted to invest in the following types of investments:

Obligations of (a) the United States of America or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, (b) the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the Commonwealth, or (c) any political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the political subdivision.

Deposits in savings accounts or time deposits or share accounts of institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation to the extent that such accounts are so insured and for any amounts above the insured maximum, provided that approved collateral as provided by law, therefore, shall be pledged by the depository.

Pennsylvania Act 10 of 2016 became effective May 25, 2016 and expended the permitted investment types to include commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, negotiable certificates of deposit, and insured bank deposit reciprocals as long as certain safeguards related to credit quality and maturity are met.

The Authority's cash and cash equivalents consist of the following at September 30, 2021:

Petty cash	\$ 250
Unrestricted cash	1,781,773
Restricted Cash:	
Airport improvement project funds	514,476
Sewage treatment plant reserve funds	319,255
Insurance proceeds	932,991
Escrow deposits	10,661
	\$ 3,559,406

<u>Custodial credit risk – deposit</u>: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. At September 30, 2021, \$3,386,500 of the Authority's bank balance of \$3,636,500 was exposed to custodial credit risk, but covered by collateralization requirements in accordance with Act 72 of the 1971 Session of the Pennsylvania General Assembly.

<u>Investment Policies</u>: The Authority does not currently have a formal investment policy establishing interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentrations of credit risk as it currently has all deposits with financial institutions which are classified as cash on the accompanying financial statements.

2. Reading Area Community College

The deposit and investment policy of the College adheres to state statutes. There were no deposits or investment transactions during the year that were in violation of either the state statutes or the policy of the College.

Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2021 consist of the following:

Cash on hand	\$	3,675
Cash		8,328,825
Investments	1	5,603,340
	\$ 2	3.935.840

<u>Custodial credit risk – deposits</u>: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the College's deposits may not be returned. The College has adopted a policy for custodial credit risk, which includes monthly monitoring of the assets and annual verification. As of June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the College's deposits was \$11,316,825 and the bank balance was \$11,515,325. Of the bank balance, \$3,238,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$8,277,325 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured, and the collateral held by the depository's agent was not in the College's name. At June 30, 2021, the cash and cash equivalents for the College Foundation was \$1,374,160. All balances above federal depository insurance limits and exposed to custodial credit risk were covered by the collateralization requirements in accordance with Act 72 of the 1971 Session of the General Assembly.

<u>Investments</u>: The College authorizes the following investment instruments which are allowable under PA Law including Act 72 of 1971:

- Direct obligations of the United States of America (USA), i.e., US Treasury Obligations
- Obligations fully and unconditionally guaranteed as to timely payment of principal and interest by any agency or instrumentality of the USA.
- Obligations of government sponsored agencies which are not backed by the full faith and credit of the USA including Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC), Farm Credit System (FCS), Federal Home Bank Loans (FHLB), and Federal National Mortgage Associations (FNMNA) excluding "stripped mortgage securities" purchase at proceeds exceeding their principal amounts.
- Deposits in savings accounts or time deposits in certificates of deposit insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Company or other like insurance and for any amounts above the insured maximum, provided that approved collateral is provided by law, therefore shall be pledged by the depository.
- Repurchase agreements that are fully collateralized by obligation of the USA. Monthly statements of deposit collateral shall be obtained from the authorized depository.

Pennsylvania Act 10 of 2016 became effective May 25, 2016 and expanded the permitted investment types to include commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, negotiable certificates of deposit, and insured bank deposit reciprocals as long as certain safeguards related to credit quality and maturity are met.

The College categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The College's entire investment fair value of \$15,603,340 is valued using bid prices for comparable securities (Level 2 input).

The fair value of investments for the College is presented below as of June 30, 2021:

Investment	Interest Rates	Total	< 1 year	> 1 year	
Certificates of Deposit	0.050% - 0.200%	\$ 2,988,000	\$ 2,241,000	\$ 747,000	
FHLB	2.125% - 2.500%	739,951	422,926	317,025	
FNMA	0.375% - 2.875%	2,980,466	316,265	2,664,201	
FHLMC	0.125% - 0.375%	636,479	-	636,479	
Tenn Valley Authority	0.75%	212,262	-	212,262	
US Treasury Note	1.250% - 2.875%	8,006,497	231,313	7,775,184	
Other Investments		39,685	39,685	-	
Total Investments		\$ 15,603,340	\$ 3,251,189	\$ 12,352,151	

<u>Interest rate risk</u>: The College does have a formal investment policy that limits maturities in certain investments as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The policy limits investments to no more than a maximum maturity of five years with a focus on ensuring cash flow demands are met beyond one year.

<u>Credit risk and concentration of credit risk</u>: The College does have an investment policy that would limit its investment choices to certain credit ratings. As of June 30, 2021, the College's investments in FHLB, FNMA, and FHLMC were rated as Aaa by Standard & Poor's. The College places no limit on the amount the College may invest in any one issuer. The College's investments

are not subject to concentration of credit risk since all securities are guaranteed by the U.S. government. The College's investments in FHLB, FNMA, and FHLMC are all over five percent of total investments.

<u>Custodial credit risk</u>: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty the College will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral security that are in the possession of an outside party. The College has no investments subject to custodial credit risk.

The Foundation's investments as of June 30, 2021 are summarized as follows:

Investment	Total		
Equity funds	\$	531,999	
Fixed income securities		4,224,094	
Mutual funds		10,063,047	
Cash and equivalents		231,604	
Total Investments	\$	15,050,744	

The following schedule summarizes the investment return and its classification in the statement of activities for the year ended June 30, 2021:

Category	Un	restricted	emporarily Restricted	nanently stricted		Total
Interest Market gains	\$	37,393 231,590	\$ 405,276 2,529,729	\$ -	\$	442,669 2,761,319
Fees		(58,749)	 -	 	_	(58,749)
Total Investments	\$	210,234	\$ 2,935,005	\$ 	\$	3,145,239

The Foundation has investments in mutual funds consisting primarily of bond and equity securities. Generally accepted accounting principles establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements), and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under generally accepted accounting principles are described below:

Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the College has the ability to access.

Level 2: Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in inactive markets;
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at June 30, 2021.

<u>Investments</u>: The investments are held by a trust company. The investments consist of money market funds, fixed income securities, and equity securities. The trust company has rated their holdings in accordance with the fair value hierarchy as noted above with Level 1 consisting of money market funds, fixed income securities, and equity securities.

<u>Beneficial Interests in Perpetual Trusts</u>: The Foundation is the beneficiary of two trusts which are managed by two banks. The banks hold the investments in diversified and balanced portfolios consisting of cash and money market funds and equity securities. These investments are valued by the trust managers based on the quoted market prices for shares held or current bid price of funds held at year end.

<u>Charitable Remainder Trust Receivable</u>: The Foundation is the beneficiary of a charitable remainder trust that is managed by a third party bank. The bank holds the investments in diversified and balanced portfolios. These investments are valued by the trust managers based on the quoted market prices for shares held or current bid price of funds held at year end.

The methods described previously may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while the Foundation believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The following tables set forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Foundation's assets at fair value as of June 30, 2021:

Category	 Level 1	Le	evel 2	Level 3		Total	
Equity	\$ 531,999	\$	-	\$	-	\$	531,999
Fixed income	4,224,094		-		-		4,224,094
Mutual funds	10,063,047		-		-		10,063,047
	14,819,140		-	45	-		14,819,140
Beneficial interest in perpetual trusts Beneficial interest in CRAT	<u>-</u>		- -		10,095,434 125,000		10,095,434 125,000
Total assets at fair value	\$ 14,819,140	\$	_	\$	10,220,434	\$	25,039,574

The table below sets forth a summary of changes in the fair value of the Foundation's Level 3 assets for the year ended June 30, 2021:

Balance, beginning of year	\$ 7,636,084
Contributions/purchases	-
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)	2,584,350
Balance, end of year	\$ 10,220,434

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the Foundation was named the beneficiary of a Charitable Remainder Trust to provide capital for the science center improvements. A Charitable Remainder Trust provides for the payment of distributions to designated beneficiaries over the Trust's term. Under terms of the Trust agreement dated April 13, 2016, the Foundation is to receive the Trust principal as then constituted and any accrued or undistributed net income upon the death of the surviving beneficiary or the expiration of seven years, whichever comes first. Based on the beneficiary life expectancy and a 6.4 percent discount rate, the present value of future benefit expected to be received by the Foundation was estimated to be \$125,000, as of June 30, 2016, which is recorded as a temporarily restricted contribution and a Charitable Remainder Trust receivable.

The Foundation is a beneficiary of two irrevocable trusts held by various trust departments of financial institutions. The Foundation recorded its proportionate share of the fair market value of the principal of each trust when received. Agreement terms provide that the Foundation receives its proportionate share of the net income earned by the funds held in trust. Distributions from the trusts are recorded on the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and amounted to \$264,540 for the year ended June 30, 2021. The value of the trusts recorded is \$10,095,434 at June 30, 2021.

NOTE 3: RESTRICTED ASSETS

Cash and investment whose use is limited to a specific purpose have been classified as "restricted" in the Statement of Net Assets/Balance Sheet. Restricted assets at December 31, 2021 are composed of the following:

Governmental Funds

	Cash and Cash	
	equivalents	Investments
General Funds		
Environmental Litigation	\$ 69,807	\$ -
Hazmat Response Fund	1,690,245	498,000
MCT Trust	718,681	-
Inmate Pay	1,379,459	-
Santander	5,002,891	-
PLGIT	19,390,258	-
Worker's Compensation Trust	140,136	-
Health Choices special revenue		
Appendix V-Jumbo Auto Renew CD	-	835,047
Reinvestment	2,121,191	-
Risk and Contingency	7,216,882	1,494,000
Department of Emergency Services		
Hazmat Response Fund	6,846	-
Liquid Fuels		
Liquid Fuels-ACT 13	3,903,369	747,000
Liquid Fuels-ACT 89	1,749,206	-
Liquid Fuels-Local Use Fund	8,829,023	-
Special Legislation Fund		
Adult Probation Supervision Fund	1,701,505	-
Coroner Record Improvement Fund	203,093	-
Courts Automation Fund	224,990	-
Hotel Tax Fund	211,169	-
Prothonotary Automation Fund	9,485	-
Register of Wills Record Improvement Fund	146,786	-
COVID Grant Fund		
Emergency Rental Assistance Plan	1,904,704	-
Emergency Rental Assistance Plan 2	20,521,840	-
American Rescue Plan	27,161,093	
Total governmental funds	\$ 104,302,659	\$ 3,574,047
Business Type Activites		
Berks Heim		
Worker's Compensation Trust	\$ 115,385	\$ -

NOTE 4: REAL ESTATE TAXES AND TAX ABATEMENTS

Real estate taxes attach an enforceable lien on property on January 1. Taxes are billed on or about March, payable under the following terms: 2% discount, March through April 30; face amount, May through June 30, and 10% penalty between July 1 and January 15 of the subsequent year. After January 15 of the subsequent year, the levies are sent to the Berks County Tax Claim Bureau for collection. The County bills these taxes that are collected by elected local tax collectors. The County collects delinquent real estate taxes on behalf of itself and other taxing authorities. The 2021 adopted rate of taxation was 7.657 mills.

County property tax revenues were reduced by approximately \$923,400 because of legislation enacted by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania under the following programs:

Local Economic Revitalization Tax Assistance (LERTA) Program

The LERTA Program authorizes local taxing authorities within the County to exempt property taxes of new construction in deteriorated areas of economically depressed communities and improvements to certain deteriorated industrial, commercial and other business property. The LERTA tax exemptions are authorized under Act 76 of 1977 (72 P.S. section 4722 et seq.) which was passed by the General Assembly of Pennsylvania. A local taxing authority by ordinance or resolution may exempt from real property taxation the assessed valuation of improvements to deteriorated properties and the assessed valuation of new construction within designated deteriorated areas. The County recognizes, supports and approves the LERTA of any municipality located within the boundaries of the County that has established a LERTA exemption from property tax for certain deteriorated industrial, commercial or other business property. Application to each local taxing authority for a tax exemption under a LERTA ordinance is to be made at the same time a building permit is secured or other official notification is made. A copy of the exemption request shall be forwarded to the County Board of Assessment. The assessment office shall assess separately the new construction or improvement and calculate the amounts of the assessment eligible for tax exemption in accordance with the limits established by the local taxing authorities and notify the taxpayer and the local taxing authorities of the reassessment and amounts of the assessment eligible for exemption. For the first year immediately following the date upon which the improvement become assessable, 100 percent of the assessed valuation of the eligible improvement shall be exempted from real estate tax. In subsequent years, the amount exempted from real estate tax is reduced by 10 percent each year, and after the tenth year, the exemption shall terminate.

The exempted portion of the assessable improvement is not included on the property owner's tax bill. The exemption from taxes is upon the eligible property and does not terminate upon the sale or exchange of the property.

The exemption from real estate taxes provided for herein shall be forfeited by the Applicant and/or any subsequent owner of the real estate upon the occurrence of failure to pay any non-exempt real estate taxes by the last day of the time period to pay such taxes in the penalty period.

The following local taxing authorities within the County have enacted LERTA ordinances or resolutions:

- City of Reading
- Borough of Wyomissing
- Bethel Township

- Borough of Birdsboro
- Bern Township

The County has forgone real estate tax revenue as a result of LERTA tax abatement agreements entered into by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania which was approximately \$797,600 for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Keystone Opportunity Zone Program (KOZ) Program

The KOZ Program provides 100% abatement of real property taxation on the assessed valuation of deteriorated property in an area designated as a subzone within this Commonwealth. The real property tax abatements under this program are authorized under Act 92 of 1998, P.L. 705, as amended (the "Act"), which was passed by the General Assembly of Pennsylvania.

For a qualified business to qualify each year for property tax abatement under the Act, a business shall own or lease real property in a Subzone from which the business actively conducts a trade. profession or business. The qualified business shall receive certification from the Department that the business is located and is in the active conduct of a trade, profession or business, within the Subzone. The business shall obtain annual renewal of the certification from the Department to continue to qualify as a qualified business. For a property owner to qualify each year for property tax abatement under the Act, the property owner must apply annually to the Department in order to receive approval for property tax abatement, as required by Section 907 of the Act. The deadline to file a KOZ application is December 31st of the year for which benefits are to be received. Applicants must be in full compliance with all state and local tax laws and building and housing code provisions, in order to claim property tax abatements offered in the Act. Compliant applications will receive an approval letter from the Department. The approval letter is verification of eligibility to receive KOZ benefits from state and local entities. Property tax abatement is applied by way of exemption of assessed value. The Pennsylvania Department of Revenue reserves the right to conduct an audit of an applicant for benefits to ensure full compliance with the Act. Any party improperly receiving KOZ tax benefits must return all tax benefits received and will be subject to the applicable interest, civil and criminal penalty provisions in the Act.

The County has forgone real estate tax revenue as a result of KOZ tax abatement agreements entered into by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania which was approximately \$125,800 for the year ended December 31, 2021.

NOTE 5: INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

The County uses a pooled operating fund to enhance investment return, therefore interfund receivables and payables are recorded to recognize amounts held by the general fund in the pooled account on behalf of other funds. In addition, the general fund paid expenses on behalf of other funds, therefore a corresponding interfund receivable and payable has been recorded.

Interfund receivable and payable balances of each individual fund as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

	Due from			Due to	
	other funds			other funds	
Governmental funds:					
General Fund	\$	-	\$	3,563,740	
Children and Youth Services		-		6,557,140	
Health Choices		52,898		-	
Nonmajor		-		5,542,180	
		52,898		15,663,060	
		_			
Proprietary funds:					
Berks County Residential Center		1,018,746		-	
Berks Heim		14,586,416		-	
		15,605,162		-	
Custodial Fund:					
District Attorney		5,000	-	-	
Total		15,663,060		15,663,060	

Transfers represent the settlement of interfund transactions between the general fund and other types of funds. Transfers may cover temporary cash shortfalls or be a permanent allocation of local tax resources.

Transfers of each individual fund in 2021 are as follows:

	 Transfers In	T1	Transfers Out	
Governmental funds:				
General Fund	\$ 22,137,187	\$	11,197,372	
Children and Youth Services	5,255,957		291,613	
Health Choices	-		13,114	
Nonmajor	5,790,885		20,592,953	
	33,184,029		32,095,052	
	_			
Proprietary funds:				
Berks County Residential Center	-		1,088,977	
Berks Heim	-		-	
	-		1,088,977	
Total	 33,184,029		33,184,029	

The majority of the amounts noted above are comprised of these transfers:

• Transfers of \$10,099,259 were made from the General Fund to several funds during 2021 to cover deficits in several special revenue funds.

- Transfers of \$17,813,979 were made from the COVID Impacts Grants Fund to the General Fund for Prison and Sheriff department grant eligible payroll expense reimbursements.
- Transfers of \$2,447,140 were made from the Special Legislation Special Revenue Fund to the General Fund for Adult Probation Office wage reimbursements.
- Transfers of \$1,098,687 were made from the General Fund to the Drug and Alcohol Special Revenue Fund for County contributions to the Council on Chemical Abuse.
- Transfers of \$1,088,977 were made from Berks County Residential Center to the General Fund for rental of space.

NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Primary government

1. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2021 was as follows:

Governmental activities:

	Beginning Balance	Additions/ Transfers in	Retirements/ Transfers out	Transfers Between Activities	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 13,525,728	\$ -	\$ (27,440)	\$ -	\$ 13,498,288
Historical Treasures	2,290,344	-	-	-	2,290,344
Agricultural Easements	83,034,256	732,900	-	-	83,767,156
Software In Progress	12,423,852	1,797,093	(4,241,443)	-	9,979,502
Construction In Progress	9,667,236	2,088,263	(6,006,461)	-	5,749,038
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	120,941,416	4,618,256	(10,275,344)	-	115,284,328
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Land and Improvements	4,580,252	285,039	(393,643)	-	4,471,648
Bldgs and Improvements	215,790,889	5,907,252	(1,873,324)	-	219,824,817
Furniture, Fixtures, Equip & Vehicles	89,232,828	7,963,369	(1,278,824)	-	95,917,373
Infrastructure	40,152,471	113,380	-	-	40,265,851
Total capital assets, being depreciated	349,756,440	14,269,040	(3,545,791)	-	360,479,689
Total capital assets, historical cost	470,697,856	18,887,296	(13,821,135)		475,764,017
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Land and Improvements	2,169,051	219,670	(303,490)	-	2,085,231
Bldgs and Improvements	134,180,928	6,123,640	(1,710,470)	-	138,594,098
Furniture, Fixtures, Equip & Vehicles	39,030,413	6,842,692	(1,248,616)	-	44,624,489
Infrastructure	5,981,076	1,006,043		-	6,987,119
Total accumulated depreciation	181,361,468	14,192,045	(3,262,576)	-	192,290,937
Net capital assets, being depreciated	168,394,972	76,995	(283,215)		168,188,752
Total capital assets, net of accumulated					
depreciation	\$289,336,388	\$4,695,251	\$(10,558,559)	\$ -	\$283,473,080

• Business-type activities:

	Beginning	Additions/	Retirements/	Between	Ending	
	Balance	Transfers in	Transfers in Transfers out		Balance	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Construction In Progress	\$ 2,601,518	\$ 9,449	\$ (2,341,748)	\$ -	\$ 269,219	
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements	50,341,815	5,278,107	-	-	55,619,922	
Furniture, fixtures, equipment and vehicles	5,243,109	714,415	-	-	5,957,524	
Total capital assets, being depreciated	55,584,924	5,992,522	-	-	61,577,446	
Total capital assets, historical cost	58,186,442	6,001,971	(2,341,748)		61,846,665	
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings and improvements	18,584,522	1,643,646	-	-	20,228,168	
Furniture, fixtures, equipment and vehicles	4,608,986	247,450	-	-	4,856,436	
Total accumulated depreciation	23,193,508	1,891,096	-	-	25,084,604	
Net capital assets, being depreciated	32,391,416	4,101,426			36,492,842	
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 34,992,934	\$ 4,110,875	\$ (2,341,748)	\$ -	\$ 36,762,061	

2. Depreciation expense

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government during 2021 as follows:

• Governmental activities:

Judicial		\$ 335,375
Public safety		4,362,306
Public works		1,203,974
General government		7,633,137
Human services		63,984
Community and economic		
development		54,744
Culture and recreation		 538,525
	Total	\$ 14,192,045

• Business-type activities:

Berks County Residential Center		\$ 386,136
Berks Heim		1,504,960
	Total	\$ 1,891,096

3. Capital projects commitments

The Department of Emergency Services GPS project is in the construction phase with expenditures to date totaling \$1,616,582. Management anticipates this project to be completed by December 31, 2022 with a projected final cost of approximately \$2.3 million.

The Department of Emergency Services Mount Penn Tower Redevelopment project is in the construction phase with expenditures to date totaling \$838,423. Management anticipates this project to be completed by December 31, 2022 with a projected final cost of approximately \$1.7 million.

The Althouse Mill Bridge project is in the design phase with expenditures to date totaling \$26,085. Management anticipates this project to be completed by December 31, 2022 with a projected final cost of approximately \$.1 million.

The Ebling Memorial Bridge project is in the design phase with expenditures to date totaling \$548,362. Management anticipates this project to be completed by December 31, 2023 with a projected final cost of approximately \$1.7 million.

The Peach Street Bridge project is in the design phase with expenditures to date totaling \$25,422. Management anticipates this project to be completed by December 31, 2023 with a projected final cost of approximately \$.2 million.

The Glendale Bridge project is in the design phase with expenditures to date totaling \$258,919. Management anticipates this project to be completed by December 31, 2022 with a projected final cost of approximately \$.6 million.

The Pinnacle View Bridge project is in the design phase with expenditures to date totaling \$134,436. Management anticipates this project to be completed by December 31, 2022 with a projected final cost of approximately \$1.0 million.

The County Welfare Rd. Bridge project is in the design phase with expenditures to date totaling \$61,351. Management anticipates this project to be completed by December 31, 2022 with a projected final cost of approximately \$.4 million.

The Parks Department is undertaking several ongoing projects at various locations throughout the County with expenditures to date totaling \$468,559.

B. Component units

1. Reading Regional Airport Authority

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2021 was as follows:

Depreciation expense for the Authority for the year ended September 30, 2021 was \$2,614,205.

	Balance October 1, 2020	Additions	Deletions (Reclass)	Balance September 30, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 4,636,399	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,636,399
Air easement rights	103,002	-	-	103,002
Construction in progress	2,006,965	341,304		2,348,269
Total not being depreciated	6,746,366	341,304	-	7,087,670
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Terminal building	9,151,532	-	-	9,151,532
Other buildings and related improvements	16,441,449	-	-	16,441,449
Sanitary sewer system	5,106,229	-	-	5,106,229
Land improvements	11,619,132	-	-	11,619,132
Runway improvements	37,306,995	9,469	-	37,316,464
Machinery and equipment	3,922,247	249,642	-	4,171,889
Total being depreciated	83,547,584	259,111	-	83,806,695
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Terminal building	4,077,180	185,715	-	4,262,895
Other buildings and related improvements	10,389,801	483,106	-	10,872,907
Sanitary sewer system	1,742,986	133,711	-	1,876,697
Land improvements	8,220,676	338,236	-	8,558,912
Runway improvements	23,162,593	1,359,186	-	24,521,779
Machinery and equipment	3,435,794	114,251	-	3,550,045
Total accumulated depreciation	51,029,030	2,614,205	-	53,643,235
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	32,518,554	(2,355,094)		30,163,460
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$39,264,920	\$ (2,013,790)	\$ -	\$37,251,130

B. Component units (continued)

1. Reading Regional Airport Authority (Continued)

Construction in progress/commitments

Construction projects in progress at September 30, 2021 consist of the following:

Rehab West/North Apron	\$ 2,037,809
Rehab Terminal Apron	194,709
Sewer Treatment Plant SBR Tank	115,750
	\$ 2,348,268

At September 30, 2021, the Authority has no construction contracts relating to these projects, with remaining commitments.

Related to the construction in progress and operations, the Authority has been awarded grants to fund approved outstanding capital improvement projects. The following are the amounts remaining on the grants and the local match commitment at September 30, 2021:

	Federal Grant	State Grant	Local Match	Totals	
Rehab West/North Apron	\$ 534,562	\$ 27,293	\$ 29,698	\$ 591,553	
Rehab Terminal Apron	1,780,750	-	-	1,780,750	
Snow Removal Equipment	899			899	
Total Grants	\$2,316,211	\$ 27,293	\$ 29,698	\$2,373,202	

2. Reading Area Community College

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 is as follows:

Depreciation expense for the College for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$2,581,404.

	Balance			Balance
	July 1,		Deletions	June 30,
	2020	Additions	(Reclass)	2021
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,081,556	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,081,556
Construction in progress	885,548	2,667,786	(3,098,525)	454,809
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,967,104	2,667,786		
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	71,605,225	13,801	1,935,471	73,554,497
Equipment, furnishings and library books	11,590,655	260,128	1,072,912	12,923,695
Total capital assets, being depreciated	83,195,880	273,929	3,008,383	86,478,192
Total capital assets, historical cost	85,162,984	2,941,715	(90,142)	88,014,557
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	34,584,712	1,907,858	(4,983)	36,487,587
Equipment, furnishings and library books	9,353,034	673,546	(85,159)	9,941,421
Total accumulated depreciation	43,937,746	2,581,404	(90,142)	46,429,008
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	39,258,134	(2,307,475)	3,098,525	40,049,184
Total capital assets, net of				
accumulated depreciation	\$ 41,225,238	\$ 360,311	\$ -	\$ 41,585,549

NOTE 7: RETIREMENT PLANS

A. Primary government

1. General information about the Plan

Plan description. The County provides a single employer defined benefit pension plan, the Berks County Employees' Pension Plan ("BCEPP") that covers all employees of the County. All employees expected to work over 1,000 hours per year are required to enter the plan, and County elected officials have the option of enrolling in the plan. The plan is included in the financial statements of the County as a retirement trust fund and does not issue a separate financial statement. The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries pursuant to Act 96 of 1971 of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania (County Pension Law), which may be amended by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. BCEPP is administered by the Berks County Employees' Retirement Fund Board ("Board"). Management of BCEPP is vested in the Board, which consists of five members – three elected County Commissioners, the County Controller, and the County Treasurer.

Benefits provided. BCEPP provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Retirement benefits for plan members are calculated as a percent of the member's highest 3-year average salary times the member's years of service depending on class basis. Plan members with 20 years of service are eligible to retire at age 55. Plan members that have attained age 60 are eligible to retire. All plan members are eligible for disability benefits after 5 years of service if disabled while in service and unable to continue as a county employee. Disability retirement benefits are equal to 25% of highest average salary at time of retirement. Death benefit for a member who dies with 10 years of service prior to retirement is the total present value of member's retirement paid in a lump sum. A plan member who leaves County service with less than 5 years of service may withdraw his or her contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

On an ad hoc basis, cost-of-living adjustments to each member's retirement allowance shall be reviewed at least once in every three years subsequent to the member's retirement date. The adjustment, should the County elect to give one, is a percentage of the change in the Consumer Price Index.

Employees covered by benefit terms. At January, 2022, the following employees were covered by benefit terms:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1,433
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	326
Active plan members	1,819
Total members	3,578

Contributions. An actuarially determined contribution is recommended by the plan actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with additional amount to finance an unfunded accrued liability. For the 2021 measurement period, the active member contribution rate was 5.0 percent of annual pay, and the County average contribution rate was 4.5 percent of annual payroll.

2. Net Pension (Asset) Liability

The County's net pension (asset) liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension (asset) liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension asset in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Inflation: 3.0 percent
- Salary increase: 3.5 percent, average, including inflation
- Investment rate of return: 7.5 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.

Mortality rates were based on 2013 RP Annuitant and Non-Annuitant Mortality Tables for Males and Females with no projected improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation for the 2021 measurement period were based on past experience under the plan and reasonable future expectations which represent our best estimate of anticipated experience under the plan. An actuarial experience study was performed during 2016; however, no modifications to assumptions were made as a result.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation for the 2021 measurement period (see pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	5.4-6.4%
International equity	5.5-6.5%
Fixed income	1.3-3.3%
Real estate	4.5-5.5%
Cash	0.0-1.0%

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that County contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (i.e. no depletion date is projected to occur). See pages RSI 7 and 8 for further information.

Changes in Net Pension Asset (Liability)

	Increase(Decrease)						
	Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		1	Net Pension	
					Asset (Liability)		
		(a)		(b)		(b)-(a)	
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	499,924,403	\$	525,391,259	\$	25,466,856	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		10,022,547		-		(10,022,547)	
Interest cost		37,214,627		-		(37,214,627)	
Difference between expected							
and actual experience		262,938		-		(262,938)	
Changes of Assumptions		-		-		-	
Contributions - County		-		4,329,291		4,329,291	
Contributions - member		-		7,450,219		7,450,219	
Net investment income		-		76,421,987		76,421,987	
Benefit payments, including							
refunds of member							
contributions		(28,545,773)		(28,545,773)		-	
Administrative expense		-		(69,674)		(69,674)	
Net changes		18,954,339		59,586,050		40,631,711	
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	518,878,742	\$	584,977,309	\$	66,098,567	

Sensitivity of the net pension asset (liability) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension asset (liability) of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the County's net pension asset (liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or higher than the current rate:

Net Pension Asset (Liability)			
\$	8,650,730		
\$	66,098,567		
\$	114,251,710		
	\$ \$		

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available on pages FS 13 and FS 14 of this financial statement.

3. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary		Net Position Assumptions			
	(Outflow)	Inflow	(Outflow)	Inflow	(Outflow)	Total
Deferred Inflow/(Outflow) of Resources						
as of January 1, 2021	(5,459,432)	\$ 1,729,536	\$ (23,062,558)	\$ 41,073,598	\$(2,305,708)	\$ 11,975,436
Differences Between Expected and Actual						
Experience for 2021	(262,938)	-	-	37,637,577	-	37,374,639
Portion Recongnized in 2021 Pension Expense	(2,159,138)	1,404,747	(11,531,278)	23,652,455	_(1,097,955)	10,268,831
Deferred (Inflow)/Outflow of Resources as of						
December 31,2021 :(1)+(2)-(3)	(3,563,232)	324,789	(11,531,280)	55,058,720	(1,207,753)	\$ 39,081,244
Change in Deferred (Inflow)/Outflow of						
Resources as of December 31, 2021:						\$ 27,105,808
*Determined as follows:						
Projected Earnings on Plan Investments for 2021			\$ 38,784,410			
Actual Earningson Plan Investments for 2021			76,421,987			
Difference Between Expected and Actual Exp.			\$ 37,637,577			

For the 2021 year, the County recognized pension income of \$9,196,612. Amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended:		
2022	\$	3,898,439
2023		16,850,466
2024		10,853,116
2025		7,479,223
2026		-
Thereafter		-
Total:	\$ 3	39,081,244

4. Payable to the Pension Plan

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the County had no outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended December 31, 2021.

B. Component units

1. Reading Regional Airport Authority

The Authority contributes to the Central Pennsylvania Teamsters Pension Fund (CPTPF), a Multi-Employer Defined Contribution Pension Plan on behalf of the employees covered by the collective bargaining unit.

In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the Plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible for participation in the Plan after they have been employed by the Authority for 13 weeks. The collective bargaining agreement requires the Authority to contribute a fixed amount per employee each month; this contribution amount was \$496 at September 30, 2021. The Authority's contributions for each employee are fully vested when made. The pension contribution for the year ended September 30, 2021 was \$40,605.

Employees not covered by the CPTPF receive an amount not in excess of five percent of their base salary, which is contributed to their respective 403(b) account. The Authority's contribution for the year ended September 30, 2021 was \$13,397.

2. Reading Area Community College

Retirement Plans

Employees of the College are enrolled in one of three retirement plans. The Pennsylvania State Employees' Retirement System ("SERS") and the Public School Employees' Retirement System ("PSERS") each administer a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plan. The Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association/College Retirement and Equity Fund ("TIAA/CREF") administers a multiple employer defined contribution plan. Employees who were previously a member of SERS or PSERS and have not withdrawn their funds in full are automatically enrolled in SERS or PSERS upon employment with the College; otherwise, only the TIAA/CREF is available to new employees.

Employee Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pension Plans

The college accounts for the SERS and PSERS plans under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, which establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of pension expense and related liabilities, deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, certain required supplementary information, and note disclosures.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of PSERS and SERS and additions to/deductions from PSERS and SERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS and SERS. For the purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments from these are reported at fair value.

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan descriptions

SERS is a governmental cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to provide pension benefits for employees of state government and certain independent agencies. SERS is a component unit of the Commonwealth and is included in the Commonwealth's financial report as a pension trust fund. SERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.sers.pa.gov.

PSERS is a governmental cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania under Title 24 Part IV of the Pennsylvania General Assembly. The members eligible to participate in the System include all full-time public school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.psers.pa.gov.

Benefits provided

SERS provides retirement, death, and disability benefits. Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) are provided ad hoc at the discretion of the General Assembly. Article II of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania's Constitution assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provision of the plan to the General Assembly. Member retirement benefits are determined by taking years of credited service times final average salary times two percent times class of service multiplier. According to the State Employees' Retirement Code (retirement code), all obligations of SERS will be assumed by the Commonwealth should SERS terminate.

Prior to Act 2010-120, employees who retire at age 60 with three years of service, or with 35 years of service if under age 60, are entitled to a normal annual retirement benefit. Members of the General Assembly and certain employees classified in hazardous duty positions can retire with full benefits at age 50, with at least three years of service. Act 2010-120 preserved all benefits in place for members, but mandated a number of benefit reductions for new members effective January 1, 2011. The benefit reduction included a new class of membership that accrues benefits at 2 percent of their final average salary instead of the previous 2.5 percent. The new vesting period changed from five to ten years of credited service, and the option to withdraw lump-sum accumulated deductions was eliminated.

PSERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Members are eligible for monthly retirement benefits upon reaching (a) age 62 with at least one year of credited service; (b) age 60 with 30 or more years of credited service: or (c) 35 or more years of service regardless of age. Act 120 of 2010 (Act 120) preserves the benefits of existing members and introduced benefit reductions for individuals who became new members on or after July 1, 2011. Act 120 created two new membership classes, Membership Class T-E (Class T-E) and Membership Class T-F (Class T-F). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-E and Class T-F members must work until age 65 with a minimum of three years of service or attain a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 92 with a minimum of 35 years of service. Benefits are generally equal to 2 percent or 2.5 percent, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. For members whose membership started prior to July 1, 2011, after completion of five years of service, a member's right to the defined benefits is vested and early retirement benefits may be elected. For Class T-E and Class T-F members, the right to benefits is vested after ten years of service.

PSERS participants are eligible for disability retirement benefits after completion of five years of credited service. Such benefits are generally equal to 2 percent or 2.5 percent, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service, but not less than one-third of such salary nor greater than the benefit the member would have had at normal retirement age. Members over normal retirement age may apply for disability benefits.

Death benefits are payable upon the death of an active PSERS member who has reached age 62 with at least one year of credited service (age 65 with at least three years of credited service for Class T-E and Class T-F members) or who has at least five years of credited service (ten years for Class T-E and Class T-F members). Such benefits are actuarially equivalent to the benefit that would have been effective if the member has retired on the day before death.

Contributions

Pursuant to Section 5507 of the SERC (71 PA. C.S. section 5507) requires the Commonwealth and other employers whose employees are SERS members to make contributions to the fund on behalf of all active members and annuitants necessary to fund the liabilities and provide the annuity reserves required to pay benefits. SERS funding policy, as set by the board, provides for periodic active member contributions at statutory rates. The SERS funding policy, as set by the board, provides for periodic active member contributions at statutory rates. The SERS funding policy also provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates based on SERS funding valuation, expressed as a percentage of annual retirement covered payroll, such that they, along with employee contributions and an actuarially determined rate of investment return, are adequate to accumulate assets to pay benefits when due. In the Commonwealth's 2018-2019 fiscal year, the Commonwealth paid the full actuarially required rated after being collared in the previous years due to Act 2010-120.

SERS Member Contributions:

The general membership contribution rate for all Class A and Class AA members is 5 percent and 6.25 percent of salary, respectively. The general membership contribution rate under Act 2010-120 for A-3 and A-4 members is 6.25 percent and 9.3 percent of salary, respectively. The contribution rate for Class D-4 members is 7.5 percent. All employee contributions are recorded in individually identified accounts that are credited with interest, calculated at 4 percent per annum, as mandated by statute.

SERS Employer Contributions:

Participating employer contributions for SERS are based upon an actuarially determined percentage of gross pay that is necessary to provide SERS with assets sufficient to meet the benefits to be paid to members. The College contribution rate at June 30, 2021 ranged between 25.47 percent and 36.84 percent of gross pay depending on the class of the employee. Contributions to the pension plan from the College were \$44,678 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

PSERS Member Contributions:

Active members who joined the System prior to July 22, 1983, contribute at 5.25 percent (Membership Class T-C) or at 6.50 percent (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined the System on or after July 22, 1983, and who were active or inactive as of July 1, 2001, contribute at 6.25 percent (Membership Class T-C) or at 7.50 percent (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined the System after June 30, 2001 and before July 1, 2011, contribute at 7.50 percent (automatic Membership Class T-D). For all new hires and for members who elected Class T-D membership, the higher contribution rates began with service rendered on or after January 1, 2002.

Members who joined the System after June 30, 2011 automatically contribute at the Membership Class T-E rate of 7.5 percent (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. All new hires after June 30, 2011, who elect Class T-F membership, contribute at 10.3 percent (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. Membership Class T-E and Class T-F are affected by a "shared risk" provision in Act 120 of 2010 that in future fiscal years could cause the Membership Class T-E contribution rate to fluctuate between 7.5 percent and 9.5 percent and Membership Class T-F contribution rate to fluctuate between 10.3 percent and 12.3 percent.

PSERS Employer Contributions:

The College's contractually required contribution rate for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 was 33.51 percent of covered payroll of which the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania contributes 50 percent of the College's contractually required contributions. The contractually required contribution is actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The rate was certified by the PSERS Board of Trustees. Contributions to the pension plan from the College were \$425,022 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

PSERS State Contributions:

Pursuant to Section 8327 of the PSERS Retirement Code, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania funds 50 percent of the College's retirement expense directly to the plan. This arrangement does meet the criteria of a special funding situation in accordance with GASB standards. Therefore, the net pension liabilities and related pension expense represent 50 percent of the College's share of these amounts.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflow of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The College reported a net pension liability of \$4,889,872 for the year ended June 30, 2021, consisting of \$457,872 related to SERS and \$4,432,000 related to PSERS.

At June 30, 2020, the College reported a liability of \$457,872 for its proportionate share of the SERS net pension liability. The SERS net pension liability and total pension liability were measured and actuarially determined as of December 31, 2020. The College's proportion of the SERS net pension liability was calculated utilizing the projected employer's contributions for the following year as it relates to the total projected employer's contributions for the following year. At December 31, 2020 the College's proportion was 0.0025%, which is an increase of 0.0014% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2019.

At June 30, 2021, the College reported a liability for its proportionate share of the PSERS net pension liability that reflected a reduction for Commonwealth of Pennsylvania pension support provided to the College. The amount recognized by the College as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the College are as follows:

College's proportional share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,432,000
Commonwealth's proportional share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,432,000
Total proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 8,864,000

The PSERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 to June 30, 2020. The College's proportion of the PSERS net pension liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2021, the College's proportion was 0.0090 percent, which was a decrease of 0.0006 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the College recognized total pension expense from the two plans of \$449,151. At June 30, 2021, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of	
	Resources		Resources	
Net difference between projected and actual				
investment earnings	\$	195,000	\$	58,583
Change of assumptions		50,914		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		16,302		106,514
Changes in proportions		565,604		345,000
Difference between employer contributions and				
proportionate share of total contributions		-		10,534
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		425,022		
	•	1 252 042	•	520 621
	\$	1,252,842	\$	520,631

The \$425,022 reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from College pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows for the years ending June 30:

2022	\$ (2,401)
2023	167,259
2024	22,249
2025	108,460
2026	11,622
	\$ 307,189

SERS Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuation uses assumptions regarding future rates of investment return and rates of retirement, withdrawal, death, and disability among SERS members and their beneficiaries. The current set of assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation, with the exception of the discount rate and inflation assumptions, was adopted by the State Employees' Retirement Board based upon actual experience of SERS during the years 2015 through 2019. Based upon subsequent review of SERS investment data and results, the Board approved a reduction in the assumed discount rate from 7.125 percent to 7.00 percent effective as of the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation. In addition, the SERS board approved a reduction in the inflation rate from 2.60 percent to 2.50 percent effective as of the December 21, 2020 actuarial valuation based on the experience study and has remained in effect since then. The following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method: Entry Age
- Investment return: 7.00 percent, includes inflation at 2.50 percent.
- Salary increases: Effective average of 4.60 percent, with a range of 3.30 percent and 6.95 percent including inflation at 2.50 percent.
- Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Tables adjusted for actual plan experience and future improvement.

PSERS Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability as of the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation to June 30, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method: Entry Age Normal level percent of pay
- Investment return: 7.25 percent, includes inflation at 2.75 percent.
- Salary growth: Effective average of 5.00 percent, comprised of inflation of 2.75 percent and 2.25 percent for real wage growth and merit or seniority increases
- Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience, and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale.

The long-term expected rate of return on both pension plans' investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The SERS pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the board. Plan assets are managed with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension. The SERS board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of December 31, 2020 is as follows:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Private equity	14.0%	6.25%
Private credit	4.0%	4.25%
Real estate	8.0%	5.60%
U.S. equity	25.0%	4.90%
International developed markets equity	13.0%	4.75%
Emerging markets equity	4.0%	5.00%
Fixed income - core	22.0%	1.50%
Fixed income - opportunistic	4.0%	3.00%
Inflation protection (TIPS)	4.0%	1.50%
Cash	2.0%	0.25%
	100.0%	

The PSERS pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the PSERS board. Plan assets are managed with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension. The PSERS board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2020 is as follows:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global public equity	15.0%	5.2%
Private equity	15.0%	7.2%
Fixed income	36.0%	1.1%
Commodities	8.0%	1.8%
Absolute rturn	10.0%	2.5%
Infrastructure/MLP's	6.0%	5.7%
Real estate	10.0%	5.5%
Risk parity	8.0%	3.3%
Cash	6.0%	-1.0%
Financing (LIBOR)	-14.0%	-0.7%
	100.0%	

Discount Rate: SERS and PSERS

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent. This is a decrease in SERS from 7.125 percent in the prior valuation. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the SERS discount rate of 7.00 percent and PSERS discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage point lower (6.00 percent for SERS and 6.25 percent for PSERS) or one-percentage point higher (8.00 percent for SERS and 8.25 percent for PSERS) than the current rate as:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	6.00%	7.00%	8.00%
College's proportionate share of the			
SERS net pension liability	\$ 572,408	\$ 457,872	\$ 311,615
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	6.25%	7.25%	8.25%
College's proportionate share of the			
PSERS net pension liability	5,483,000	4,432,000	3,541,000

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at www.psers.pa.gov.

Detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position is available in SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at www.sers.pa.gov.

On June 21, 2017, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Act 5 of 2017 was signed into law. This legislation establishes a new hybrid defined benefit/defined contribution (DF) retirement benefit plan applicable to all school employees who become new members of PSERS on July 1, 2019 and thereafter. The three new plan design options under Act 5 include two hybrid plans consisting of defined benefit and defined contribution components and a stand-alone defined contribution plan. A stand-alone defined benefit plan is no longer available to new members after June 30, 2019. Contributions to the defined contribution pension plan from the College were \$2,283 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2021, the College had an accrued balance due to PSERS, including contributions related to pension and OPEB liabilities of \$114,939. This amount represents the College's contractually obligated contributions for wages earned in April 2021 through June 2021.

Employee Defined Contribution Pension Plan

TIAA-CREF is a cost-sharing multi-employer defined contribution plan and an option to employees who wish to participate in a program whose benefits depend solely on amounts contributed plus investment earnings. Employees who elect to participate in this plan are required to make a contribution of 6.25 percent (5% if enrolled before 1983) of their gross pay. The College contribution rate at June 30, 2021 was between 6.00 percent and 9.00 percent of gross pay depending on the class of employee. Beyond that salary-based contribution, the College bears no responsibility for any liabilities, funded or unfunded, of TIAA/CREF. Contributions are immediately and fully vested. The contributions to TIAA-CREF for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$2,217,188, which consisted of \$1,137,104 from the College and \$1,080,084 from employees.

403(b) Tax Shelter Plan

The College has established a 403(b) tax shelter plan permitting the establishment of accounts for college employees to voluntarily set aside monies to supplement their retirement income. All college employees are eligible to participate. The College does not contribute to the Plan.

NOTE 8: FUTURE LEASE RENTALS RECEIVABLE AND RELATED DEBT

A. Component units

1. Reading Regional Airport Authority

The majority of rental agreements currently in effect for airport facilities are multi-year leases, subject to renewal. At September 30, 2021, future minimum lease payments receivable under significant noncancelable long-term operating leases are as follows for each year ending September 30:

For the year ended September 30, 2021, total rental income received under these noncancelable leases were \$1,078,328.

2022	\$	835,910
2023		731,180
2024		683,954
2025		653,015
2026		609,322
2027 - 2031		2,192,704
2032		107,765
	Ś	E 012 0E0
	\$	5,813,850

NOTE 9: RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Primary government

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, and natural disasters. The risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past five years.

1. Self-insured workers' compensation

Since 2002, the County is exposed to risk of loss related to self-insurance activities for workers' compensation. The County has excess workers' compensation insurance with a self-insured retention per occurrence for presumptive loss to any employee classified under class code(s) for which applicable state presumption laws have deemed compensability to apply for \$750,000. The County has excess workers' compensation insurance with a self-insured retention per occurrence of \$600,000 for all other employees.

The County maintains workers' compensation reserves for claims incurred and claims incurred but not reported in the funds to which, per the County's estimate, they apply. Liabilities are reported on the government-wide and proprietary fund statements. Based on history of claims paid and the County's Aal Moody's rating, the required balance in the Workers' Compensation Trust Fund maintained by the County is \$145,957.16 for 2021.

The accrued liability for workers' compensation is determined by an actuary in accordance with actuarial principles; such claims are not discounted. There have been no changes in insurance coverage, retention limits or excess loss policies from the prior year. The amounts of settlements for the past three fiscal years did not exceed excess loss insurance coverage.

All discounted accrued workers' compensation self-insurance liabilities at December 31, 2021, are summarized as follows:

Governmental Activities	\$1,128,679
Business-type Activities	925,915
Total	\$2,054,594

The following summary provides aggregate information on workers' compensation self-insurance liabilities; incurred claims and payments during the years ended December 31, 2019, 2020 and 2021.

	January 1]	Incurred			D	ecember 31
Year	Liability		Claims	P	ayments		Liability
2019	\$ 2,653,577	\$	553,087	\$	722,751	\$	2,483,913
2020	\$ 2,483,913	\$	467,340	\$	766,941	\$	2,184,312
2021	\$ 2,184,312	\$	468,787	\$	598,505	\$	2.054.594

3. Self-insured healthcare

In addition to those risks noted above, the County is exposed further to risk of loss related to claims' activities for employees' healthcare. The County elected to self-insure for employee healthcare insurance beginning in 2006, and maintains healthcare reserves for claims incurred, and claims incurred but not reported, in the funds to which, per the County's estimate, they apply. Liabilities are reported on the government-wide and proprietary fund statements.

The accrued healthcare claims' liability is based on the requirements of GASB Statement 10, as amended by GASB Statement 30, which requires that a liability for claims, reported and unreported, be recorded, if information prior to the issuance of financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably determined. This determination has been made by the County, to be conservative in its provisions for healthcare reserves, along with the assistance of its healthcare insurance advisor.

The County has contracted with a third party administrator to process claims which are paid from the General Fund on a monthly basis. During 2021, the County has incurred and processed healthcare claims of \$33.4 million.

All accrued incurred but not recorded (IBNR) healthcare claims liabilities at December 31, 2021, are summarized as follows:

Governmental Activities	\$1,502,210
Business-type Activities	294,618
Total	\$1,796,828

The following summary provides aggregate information on healthcare self-insurance liabilities, incurred claims and payments during the years ended December 31, 2019, 2020 and 2021.

	January 1	Incurred		D	ecember 31
Year	Liability	Claims	Payments		Liability
2019	\$ 1,808,122	\$33,458,933	\$ 33,608,359	\$	1,658,696
2020	\$ 1,658,696	\$30,652,495	\$ 30,540,087	\$	1,771,104
2021	\$ 1,771,104	\$33,506,673	\$ 33,480,949	\$	1,796,828

3. Health Choices self-insured healthcare

During 1997, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania's Department of Human Services (DHS) implemented a managed care program for the Medicaid population in Pennsylvania. This program, called the Health Choices Program, was developed and implemented in stages with the County being part of the third implementation.

The County has contracted with a behavioral health managed care organization, Community Care Behavioral Health Organization (Community Care), which is responsible for most of the day to day functions including care management, establishment of the provider network, and claims payments to providers. Community Care accrues an estimate of its healthcare cost liability at the end of each accounting period. All monthly incurred claims' estimates are calculated by Community Care's actuary. The actuary uses a multitude of items in the calculation of incurred claims. Such items include authorizations, paid claims, historical trends, completion factors, provider issues, etc. Incurred claims are accrued on a monthly basis in Community Care's general ledger. Community Care and the actuary continuously monitor prior month's incurred amounts and regularly make contract year to date adjustments to Community Care's incurred balances.

Medical liability is composed of two parts: Received but Unpaid Claims (RBUCs) and IBNR. Community Care generates its estimate of RBUCs by using all claims that were actually entered into the claims' processing system using a hierarchy of paid amount, allowed amount, or billed amount to calculate the RBUCs amount. IBNR is the difference between the total estimated medical liability and the RBUCs. These are reported on the DHS Financial Report 6, Claims Payable (RBUCs and IBNRs).

The actuary issued a Statement of Actuarial Opinion certifying the total June 30, 2021 RBUC and IBNR. The County contracts with an independent actuary to review the medical expense amounts reported by Community Care to ensure the amounts are actuarially sound.

The amount of accrued incurred but not recorded (IBNR) healthcare claims' liabilities at December 31, 2021, is \$10,710,921, and is included in accrued claims health insurance in the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet.

The following summary provides aggregate information on Health Choice's self-insured healthcare liabilities, incurred claims' and payments during the years ended December 31, 2019, 2020 and 2021.

	January 1	Incurred		December 31
Year	Liability	Claims	Payments	Liability
2019	\$ 7,667,967	\$ 85,594,415	\$ 84,806,206	\$ 8,456,176
2020	\$ 8,456,176	\$ 101,455,020	\$ 100,233,996	\$ 9,677,200
2021	\$ 9,677,200	\$ 109,545,079	\$ 108,511,358	\$10,710,921

B. Component units

1. Reading Area Community College

The College is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance for all major programs except for health insurance, for which the College retains partial risk of loss. For insured programs there were no significant reductions in insurance coverages of the 2020/2021 year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

The College funds health insurance claims up to \$85,000 individually for the year ended June 30, 2021. Stop gap insurance is in place for claims in excess of the threshold. Included in the financial statement is a liability for \$400,000 for outstanding estimated claims at June 30, 2021. This liability is entirely funded.

Activity in the liability for outstanding claims and claim adjustment expenses is summarized as follows for the period ending June 30, 2021:

Balance at July 1	\$ 400,000					
Claims incurred	3,884,650					
Claims paid	 (3,884,650)					
Balance at June 30	\$ 400,000					

NOTE 10: LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Primary government

1. General obligation bonds and notes

Governmental activities

During 2021, the County issued General Obligation Note Series A of 2021 in the amount of \$11,375,000. The proceeds of the note were used to refund the 2010 General Obligation Bonds Series B and to also refund the 2016 General Obligation Bonds and also to pay for costs of issuance for the note. The note proceeds of \$11,375,000 were used to pay issuance costs of \$25,113 and to transfer \$11,349,887 to an escrow agent for the refunded bonds. The aggregate difference in debt service between the 2021 Series A Note and the 2010 Series B and 2016 Bonds totaled \$587,410. The economic gain on the transaction (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) was \$569,366. Due to this transaction, a refunding loss is recognized in the funds where the note is recorded. The refunding loss will be amortized over the life of the 2021 Series A Note.

During 2021, the County issued Federally Taxable General Obligation Note Series B of 2021 in the amount of \$16,774,000. The proceeds of the note were used to advance refund a portion of the 2015 General Obligation Bonds and to pay for costs of issuance for the note. The note proceeds of \$16,774,000 (\$9,393,440 for governmental activities and \$7,380,560 for business-type activities) were used to pay bond issuance costs of \$52,821 and to transfer \$16,721,179 (\$9,363,860 for governmental activities and \$7,357,319 for business-type activities) to an escrow agent for the refunded bonds. The aggregate difference in debt service between the 2021 Series B Note and the 2015 Series Bonds totaled \$988,039. The economic gain on the transaction (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) was \$959,015. Due to this transaction, a refunding loss is recognized in the funds where the note is recorded. The refunding loss will be amortized over the life of the 2021 Series B Note.

At December 31, 2021, general obligation bonds and notes consisted of the following:

	Balance outstanding January 1, 2021	Additions/ Transfers	Accretion in capital appreciation bonds	Reductions	Balance outstanding December 31, 2021	Due within one year
2005 General Obligation Bonds, \$9,415,000, varying interest rates ranging from 5.10% to 5.90% through 2021, to refund a portion of principal and interest on the Series 1995 General Obligation Bonds.	1,380,000	-	-	1,380,000	-	-
2010 General Obligation Bonds Series B, Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds, \$7,790,000, varying interest rates ranging from 4.27% to 5.485% through 2025, to fund County Capital Projects.	4,560,000	-	-	4,560,000	-	-
2012 Federally Taxable General Obligation Bonds Series A, \$37,280,000 (governmental activities \$29,940,942; business-type activities \$7,339,058), varying interest rates ranging from .382% to 3.328% through 2037 to fund County Pension Liabilities, and to fund County Capital Projects.	1,056,977	-	-	1,056,977	-	-
2015 General Obligation Bonds, \$44,030,000 (governmental activities \$24,656,800; business-type activities \$19,373,200), varying interest rates ranging from .18% to 5.0% through 2028, to advance refund the Series 2008 General Obligation Bonds and to advance refund the remaining portion of the 2010 Series A General Obligation Bonds.	22,632,400			12,012.000	10,620,400	4,454,800
2016 General Obligation Bonds, \$9,790,000, varying interest rates ranging from .43% to 4.0% through 2029, to advance refund the 2009 Series A General Obligation Bonds.	6,635,000	-	-	6,635,000	-	4,434,800
2019 General Obligation Bonds, \$57,335,000 (governmental activities \$57,099,927; business-type activities \$235,073), varying interest rates ranging from 2% to 5% through 2030, to advance refund the 2009 Series A General Obligation Bonds, to advance refund the 2010 Series C General Obligation Bonds and to currently refund the 2012 Series General Obligation Bonds.	56,014,395		-	3,027,536	52,986,859	3,186,880

2019 General Obligation Bonds Series A, \$8,555,000, varying interest rates ranging from 1.05% to 4.00% through 2029, to currently refund the 2014 General Obligation Bonds.	8,495,000		-	5,000	8,490,000	5,000	
2019 Federally Taxable General Obligation Bonds Series B, \$28,225,000 (governmental activities \$23,678,432; business-type activities \$4,546,568), varying interest rates ranging from 1.717% to 2.686% through 2037, to advance refund a portion of the 2012 Series A General Obligation Bonds.	23,334,476		-	- 142,616		1,229,014	
	Balance		Accretion		Balance		
	outstanding January 1,	Additions/	in capital appreciation	D 1	outstanding December 31,	Due within	
	2021	Transfers	bonds	Reductions	2021	one year	
2021 General Obligation Note Series A, \$11,375,000 interest rate .9% through 2029, to advance refund the 2010 Series B General Obligation Bonds, and to advance refund the 2016	-	11,375,000	-	1,667,000	9,708,000	1,647,000	
2021 Federally Taxable General Obligation Note Series B,							
\$16,774,000 (governmental activities \$9,393,440; business- type activities \$7,380,560), interest rate 1.25% through 2028,		9,393,440		190,960	9,202,480	151,200	
	\$ 124,108,248	\$ 20,768,440	\$ -	\$ 30,677,089	\$ 114,199,599	\$ 10,673,894	
Unamortized premium 2013	1,770,949	-	-	1,770,949	1-		
Unamortized premium 2015	2,141,449	-	_	267,680	1,873,769		
Unamortized premium 2016	134,968	-	-	134,968	-		
Unamortized premium 2019	9,194,720		- 919,472		8,275,248		
Unamortized premium 2019A	1,315,662			146,185	1,169,477		
Total	\$ 138,665,996	\$ 20,768,440	\$ -	\$ 33,916,343	\$ 125,518,093		
Less: Current Maturities	,,	,,,,,,,		,,	(10,673,894)		
2000. Carent Maturites					\$ 114,844,199		

The following table discloses future debt service requirements:

Years ending	Principal		Principal Interest			Total Debt Service
2022	\$	10,673,894	\$	4,170,102	\$	14,843,996
2023		12,078,652		3,748,918		15,827,570
2024		10,954,175		3,258,820		14,212,995
2025		11,342,204		2,850,219		14,192,423
2026		11,389,098		2,397,361		13,786,459
2027-2031		48,017,554		5,992,958		54,010,512
2032-2036		8,003,269		953,273		8,956,542
2037		1,740,753		51,613	_	1,792,366
	\$	114,199,599	\$	23,423,264	\$	137,622,863
Unamortized premium		11,318,494				
Bonds and notes payable at December 31, 2021	\$	125,518,093				

Busine	ess-tvp	e acti	vities

· Business-type activities						
	Balance outstanding January 1, 2021	Additions/ Transfers	Accretion in capital appreciation bonds	Reductions	Balance outstanding December 31, 2021	Due within one year
2012 Federally Taxable General Obligation Bonds Series A, \$37,280,000 (governmental activities \$29,940,942; business-type activities 7,339,058), varying interest rates ranging from .382% to 3.328% through 2037 to fund County Pension Liabilities, and to fund County Capital Projects.	203,023	-	-	203,023	-	-
2015 General Obligation Bonds, \$44,030,000 (governmental activities \$24,656,800; business-type activities \$19,373,200), varying interest rates ranging from .18% to 5.0% through 2028, to advance refund the Series 2008 General Obligation Bonds and to advance refund the remaining portion of the 2010 Series A General Obligation Bonds.	17,782,600	-	-	9,438,000	8,344,600	3,500,200
2019 General Obligation Bonds, \$57,335,000 (governmental activities \$57,099,927; business-type activities \$235,073), varying interest rates ranging from 2% to 5% through 2030, to advance refund the 2009 Series A General Obligation Bonds, to advance refund the 2010 Series C General Obligation Bonds and to currently refund the 2012 Series General Obligation Bonds.	230,605		-	12,465	218,140	13,120
2019 Federally Taxable General Obligation Bonds Series B, \$28,225,000 (governmental activities \$23,678,432; business-type activities \$4,546,568), varying interest rates ranging from 1.717% to 2.686% through 2037, to advance refund a portion of the 2012 Series A General Obligation Bonds.	4,480,524		-	27,384	4,453,140	235,987
2021 Federally Taxable General Obligation Note Series B, \$16,774,000 (governmental activities \$9,393,440; business-type activities \$7,380,560), interest rate 1.25% through 2028, to currently refund a portion of the 2015 General Obligation						
Bonds.		7,380,560		150,040	7,230,520	118,800
	\$ 22,696,752	\$ 7,380,560	\$ -	\$ 9,830,911	\$ 20,246,401	\$ 3,868,107
Unamortized premium 2015	1,682,566	-	-	210,321	1,472,245	
Unamortized premium 2019	37,854			3,785	34,069	
Total Less: Current Maturities	\$ 24,417,172	\$ 7,380,560	<u>\$</u>	\$ 10,045,017	\$ 21,752,715 (3,868,107) \$ 17,884,608	
Data de la constitución de la co						

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Years ending	Principal	Interest		Total Debt Service	
2022	\$ 3,868,107	\$	626,150	\$	4,494,257
2023	951,346		444,710		1,396,056
2024	2,486,825		409,304		2,896,129
2025	2,583,796		297,232		2,881,028
2026	3,119,902		180,190		3,300,092
2027-2031	5,365,446		437,211		5,802,657
2032-2036	1,536,732		183,040		1,719,772
2037	334,247		9,911		344,158
	\$ 20,246,401	\$	2,587,748	\$	22,834,149
Unamortized premium	1,506,314				
Bonds and notes payable at December $31,2021$	\$ 21,752,715				

2. Defeasance of debt

In prior years, the County defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds into an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the financial statements. At December 31, 2021, \$96,565,000 of bonds outstanding is considered defeased.

During 2021, the County defeased a portion of its 2015 General Obligation Bonds by placing proceeds from its Series B of 2021 Federally Taxable General Obligation Notes into an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the financial statements. At December 31, 2021, \$14,985,000 of bonds outstanding is considered defeased.

3. Reimbursement agreement

In connection with the issuance of the 1995 General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$9,840,000, the County entered into a reimbursement agreement with the Greater Berks Development Fund. Under the terms of the agreement, the County is reimbursed for the debt service requirements of the 1995 General Obligation Bonds. The 2005 General Obligation Bonds in accordance with the negotiated Option Agreement of September 2002 refunded the 1995 General Obligation bonds in November 2005. The reimbursement agreement with the Greater Berks Development Fund terminated as of December 31, 2021.

4. Federal arbitrage regulations

The County is subject to federal arbitrage regulations on its non-taxable general obligation bonds and notes. There was no outstanding liability for federal arbitrage due and payable in the governmental funds or the accrual-based government wide financial statements at December 31, 2021.

5. Covenants

The County's outstanding debt from direct borrowings and direct placements are secured under indentures by an assignment and pledge to the trustee. Under the indentures, If the County defaults in the payment of principal or interest, or if the County fails to comply with any provision of the Bonds or of the Ordinance, the registered owners of 25% in aggregate principal amount of the Bonds may appoint a trustee to represent the registered owners. Such trustee may, and upon written request of the registered owners of 25% in aggregate principal amount of the Bonds and being furnished with satisfactory indemnity must, take one or more of the following actions, which will preclude similar action by the individual registered owners: (i) bring suit to enforce all rights of the registered owners; (ii) bring suit on the Bonds; (iii) petition the Court to levy the amount due plus estimated costs of collection as an assessment upon all real estate and other property subject to ad valorem taxation in the County (any such assessment will have the same priority and preference as to other liens or security interests as a lien for unpaid taxes); and 5 (iv) by suit in equity, enjoin any acts and things which may be unlawful or in violation of the rights of the registered owners all as set forth more fully in the Debt Act.

The outstanding bonds are subject to covenants, including a requirement to annually budget amounts required to pay debt service and pledges its full faith, credit and taxing power. In addition,

the County has certain continuing disclosure requirements. At December 31, 2021, the County was in compliance with these financial and operational covenants.

6. Other changes in long term liabilities

The following represents changes in long-term liabilities, other than bond issues:

		Balance						Balance		
	J	anuary 1,			December 31,			Due within		
	_	2021	A	dditions	R	eductions		2021		one year
Governmental activities:										
Agricultural easement installment purchases	\$	232,688	\$	44,300	\$	156,995	\$	119,993	\$	66,676
Workers compensation accrued liabilities		1,231,704		286,411		389,436		1,128,679		187,296
Compensated absences payable		8,494,752		9,994,417		10,321,970		8,167,199		1,351,376
Total governmental activities	\$	9,959,144	\$	10,325,128	\$	10,868,401	\$	9,415,871	\$	1,605,348
Business-type activities:										
Workers compensation accrued liabilities	\$	952,231	\$	182,376	\$	208,692	\$	925,915	\$	153,649
Compensated absences payable		1,254,457		928,362		1,327,862		854,957		487,691
Total business-type activities	\$	2,206,688	\$	1,110,738	\$	1,536,554	-\$	1,780,872	\$	641,340

For governmental activities, agricultural easement installment purchases are liquidated by the land preservation fund. Workers' compensation accrued liabilities and compensated absences payable are liquidated by the general fund and special revenue funds.

Component units

Revenue bonds payable and notes payable

• Reading Area Community College

Notes payable on June 30, 2021 consist of several outstanding tax-exempt revenue bonds and notes series issued by the College through either the Redevelopment Authority of the County of Berks or the State Public School Building Authority (SPSBA). The College has pledged its full faith and credit for the repayment notes issued. The notes were issued to provide funds to undertake various capital projects at the College or to advance refund certain previously issued bonds. Activity for the various note series for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance	
	outstanding		Redeemed/	outstanding	Current
	July 1, 2020	Bonds Issued	Refunded	June 30, 2021	Portion
College Revenue Note, Series A of 2016, original issue \$3,355,738, interest rate					
2.30%, final maturity April 2036.	1,587,000	-	90,000	\$ 1,497,000	92,500
College Revenue Note, Series B of 2017, original issue \$8,066,000, interest rate					
2.50%, final maturity April 2029.	7,989,000	-	805,000	\$ 7,184,000	824,000
	\$ 9,576,000	\$ -	\$ 895,000	\$ 8,681,000	\$ 916,500
Less: Current maturities				(916,500)	
				\$ 7,764,500	

Principal and interest requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending			Total
June 30	Principal	Interest	Debt Service
2022	916,500	\$ 214,031	\$ 1,130,531
2023	937,500	191,304	1,128,804
2024	961,500	168,055	1,129,555
2025	985,000	144,211	1,129,211
2026	1,008,000	119,784	1,127,784
2027-2031	3,316,000	320,717	3,636,717
2032-2036	556,500	77,355	633,855
	\$ 8,681,000	\$ 1,235,457	\$ 9,916,457

The County's guarantee of the College's Revenue Bonds, Series of 2012

The County of Berks has entered into a Guaranty Agreement in April 2012 in accordance with an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth, known as the Local Government Unit Debt Act, 53 Pa.C.S. Chapters 80-82, as amended and supplemented from time to time whereas the County guarantees full and prompt payment of the College's debt service on their College Revenue Bonds, Series of 2012. The Guaranty Agreement was entered into by the County with the Redevelopment Authority of the County of Berks ("Redevelopment Authority") and Reading Area Community College ("College"). In 2012, the Authority authorized and issued its County Guaranteed College Revenue Bonds (Reading Area Community College Project) Series of 2012 in the aggregate principal amount of \$9,995,000. The Redevelopment Authority is a related organization to the County. The College is a discretely-presented component unit of the County. The obligations of the County under this Guaranty Agreement are absolute, irrevocable and unconditional and shall remain in full force and effect until all Debt Service during each fiscal year in which the 2012 Bonds remain outstanding shall have been paid.

Reading Regional Airport Authority

Revenue Note, Series A of 2008

On November 20, 2008, the Authority issued the Guaranteed Revenue Note, Series A of 2008 (AMT) in the amount of \$3,705,000. The proceeds were used to currently refund the 2004A Bonds. The note will mature on April 1, 2026. The note bears interest at a fixed rate of 4.45% through October 1, 2014. The Authority refinanced the note on October 1, 2014, with the same financial institution, which lowered the interest rate to 2.80% through October 1, 2021. Thereafter, the interest rate shall be adjusted from time to time to equal the 1-Month London Interbank Offered Rate, plus 150 basis points. However, the maximum interest rate on the note shall never exceed 4.50% per annum. In June 2021, the Authority entered into a note modification agreement, with the bank, fixing the interest rate at 2.55% through note maturity. Principal and interest are payable semi-annually.

\$ 972,936

2021

Revenue Note, Series B of 2008

On November 20, 2008, the Authority issued the Guaranteed Revenue Note, Series B of 2008 (Non-AMT) in the amount of \$3,850,000. The proceeds were used to currently refund the 2004B Bonds. The note will mature on October 1, 2033. The note bears interest at a fixed rate of 4.43% through October 1, 2014. The Authority refinanced the note on October 1, 2014, with a different financial institution, which lowered the interest rate to 2.80% through October 1, 2021. Thereafter, the interest rate shall be adjusted from time to time to equal the 1-Month London Interbank Offered Rate, plus 150 basis points. However, the maximum interest rate on the note shall never exceed 5.50% per annum. In June 2021, the Authority entered into a note modification agreement, with the bank, fixing the interest rate at 2.65% through October 1, 2030. Thereafter, the interest rate shall be adjusted from time to time to equal 1-Month London Interbank Offered Rate, plus 1.5%. However, the maximum interest rate on the note shall never exceed 4.00% per annum. Principal and interest are payable semi-annually. The Authority has made prepayments in the amount of \$1,280,000, which satisfies principal payments through October 2025.

2,570,000 3,542,936

(107,936)

\$ 3,435,000

Less: Amount due within one year and classified as current

The County of Berks guaranteed the \$3,705,000 and the \$3,850,000 Revenue Notes, Series A of 2008 and Series B of 2008 issuances, respectively, of Reading Regional Airport Authority where the County of Berks guaranteed full and prompt payment of the debt service on the 2008 Revenue Notes when they become due and payable, pursuant to a guaranty agreement dated June 23, 2004, between the County of Berks and Reading Regional Airport Authority. In the event that Reading Regional Airport Authority is unable to make a payment, the County of Berks will be required to make that payment. The County has not been called upon to make any payments related to this debt.

The following schedule summarizes long-term debt activity for the year:

							Amount
Beginning			Re	eductions/		Ending	Due Within
Balance	Ad	ditions	R	efunding		Balance	One Year
\$ 1,275,000	\$	-	\$	(302,064)	\$	972,936	\$ 107,936
2,570,000		-		-		2,570,000	
\$ 3,845,000	\$	-	\$	(302,064)	\$	3,542,936	\$ 107,936
	Balance \$ 1,275,000 2,570,000	Balance Ad \$ 1,275,000 \$ 2,570,000	Balance Additions \$ 1,275,000 \$ - 2,570,000 -	Balance Additions R \$ 1,275,000 \$ - \$ 2,570,000 - -	Balance Additions Refunding \$ 1,275,000 \$ - \$ (302,064) 2,570,000 - -	Balance Additions Refunding \$ 1,275,000 \$ - \$ (302,064) \$ 2,570,000 - - -	Balance Additions Refunding Balance \$ 1,275,000 \$ - \$ (302,064) \$ 972,936 2,570,000 - - 2,570,000

The following schedule summarizes debt service requirements to maturity. Interest for the variable portion of the notes is calculated at the interest rate in effect at year end:

Year Ending				7	Total Debt
September 30	Principal	 Interest		Service	
2022	\$ 107,936	\$	46,457	\$	154,393
2023	225,000		88,760		313,760
2024	240,000		82,895		322,895
2025	250,000		76,711		326,711
2026	150,000		70,273		220,273
2027-2031	1,305,000		207,628		1,512,628
2032-2034	1,265,000		68,701		1,333,701
	\$ 3,542,936	\$	641,425	\$	4,184,361

A. Lines of Credit

• Reading Regional Airport Authority

In August 2015, the Authority obtained a revolving line of credit available with a local financial institution. The line of credit has a maximum borrowing limit of \$1,000,000 and an interest rate at the Wall Street Journal prime rate. Interest only payments are due monthly with principal due on April 30, 2021. There was no balance on the line of credit at September 30, 2021.

• Reading Area Community College

At June 30, 2021, the College has an unsecured bank line of credit with maximum borrowings of \$5,000,000. The maximum borrowings will be reduced to \$2,500,000 from July 1 to December 31 of each year during the term of the loan. The line requires monthly interest payments at the rate of the Wall Street prime rate minus 0.50 percent and expires on February 28, 2022. There is no outstanding balance on this line of credit at June 30, 2021.

B. Loans Payable and long-term liabilities

• Reading Area Community College

		Balance
	O	utstanding
The College entered into loan agreements with the Pennsylvania State		June 30,
Public School Building Authority (SPSBA):		2021
On January 1, 2018, the College entered into an agreement to borrow up		
to \$500,000 to finance the Card Access System Project to the buildings of		
the College. The agreement requires semiannual payments of \$52,795,		
including interest at 2.25% per annum. Final payment is due in December		
2022. The College has pledged its full faith and credit for the repayment		
of the loan.		149,762
	\$	149,762
Portion payable within one year and classified as current		(102,791)
Total long term debt	\$	46,971

The following schedule summarizes the principal and interest maturities for the years ended June 30:

	 Principal		Interest
2022	102,791		2,915
2023	46,971		592
	\$ 149,762	\$	3,507

Accrued compensated absences for the year ending June 30, 2021 was \$875,913, with \$429,336 due within one year.

NOTE 11: FUND BALANCE POLICY

A. Primary government

Governmental funds report fund balance in classifications prescribed by GASB 54 primarily based on the extent to which the County is required to use resources in accordance with specific purposes. The classifications created by GASB 54 and used by the County are as follows, with specific County information included herein:

Nonspendable – This classification consists of amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally required to be maintained intact. The County is obligated to restore operating deficits or receive prior amounts paid for this classification.

Restricted – This classification consists of amounts that are restricted to specific purposes either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments, or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The restriction is binding unless removed with the consent of the resource provider.

Committed - This classification consists of amounts used for specific purposes imposed by formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Commissioners. The commitment is binding unless removed in the same manner imposed. Formal action must occur prior to year-end; however, the amount may be determined subsequent to year end. The County has not formally adopted a policy as to the formal action required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment.

Assigned – This classification consists of amounts constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. The County has not formally adopted a policy regarding the body or official authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose and the policy established by the governing body pursuant to which that authorization is given.

Unassigned – This classification consists of amounts that have not been assigned to other funds and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance.

When more than one classification of fund balance is available for a particular purpose, the County's spending policy is to apply disbursements of fund balance in this classification order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance. Disbursements are approved by the Board of Commissioners at the weekly meeting, by inclusion in the annual budget and amendments thereto.

Compliance with provisions of this policy is reviewed as a part of the annual budget adoption process, and the amounts of nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and the minimum level of assigned fund balance is determined during this process.

The County has not formally adopted a minimum fund balance policy.

Fund balances of the County's governmental funds at December 31, 2021 consist of the following:

Nonspendable:	General Fund		Children and Youth Services		Health Choices		Nonmajor		Total Governmental	
Employee pay advance	\$ 35.	545 \$	3,724	\$		\$	596	\$	39,866	
Inventories and prepaid expenses	8,785,		3,724	J	-	J	2,765,471	Φ	11,550,813	
Total Nonspendable	8,820,		3,724				2,766,068	_	11,590,679	
rotarronspendable			0,724	-			2,700,000		11,030,013	
Restricted:										
Gift fund		-	21,130		-		-		21,130	
Hazmat Response	2,064,	910	-		-		-		2,064,910	
Act 198 - Courts	287,	247	-		-		-		287,247	
Workers' compensation	140,	162	-		-		-		140,162	
Special revenue funds		-	46,820		-		18,578,756		18,625,576	
Act 13 Marcellus Shale	771,	445	-		-		-		771,445	
Total Restricted	3,263,	764	67,950		-		18,578,756		21,910,469	
Committed:										
Farmland preservation	1,867,	405	-		_		-		1,867,405	
Services Center Parking Garage	486,	322	_		-		-		486,322	
2022 Budgeted Loss	541,	801	-		-		-		541,801	
2022 Capital Projects	6,510,	943	-		-		-		6,510,943	
Total Committed	9,406,	471	-		-		-		9,406,471	
Assigned:										
Divorce Masters	15	377	_		_		_		15,377	
Health care self insurance	4,000,		_				_		4,000,000	
Total Assigned	4,015,				-	-	-		4,015,377	
, otal , longinou									1,010,011	
Unassigned	149,961,	983			-				149,961,983	
Total Governmental Fund Balance	\$ 175,468,	482 \$	71,674	\$		\$	21,344,824	\$	196,884,980	

The County's Board of Commissioners hereby establish the following fund balance reserves in the classification and amounts shown in the above table:

- Employee pay advance this reservation represents long-term receivable from employees resulting from a change in payroll records. The receivable is not available to meet current expenditures.
- <u>Inventories and prepaid expenses</u> this reservation represents recorded assets for inventories and prepaid expenses. These items are not available to meet current expenditures.
- Gift fund this restriction represents donations to be used for program purposes.
- <u>Hazmat response</u> this restriction represents fees and other charges to be used to fund the cleanup of hazardous materials incidents in the General Fund.
- <u>Act 198 Courts</u> this restriction represents fines and costs collected by the Clerk of Courts from defendants in Drug & Alcohol court cases, and can only be spent on drug and alcohol prevention programs in the General Fund.
- <u>Workers' compensation</u> this restriction represents funds restricted to pay future workers' compensation claims in the General Fund.
- <u>Special revenue funds</u> this restriction represents amounts restricted by law or external parties to fund the operations of certain special revenue funds.
- <u>Act 13 Marcellus Shale Money</u> this restriction represents amounts restricted to fund improvements to the County's park system.
- <u>Farmland preservation</u> this commitment represents funds raised to purchase farmland as part of the agricultural preservation program in the General Fund.

- <u>Services Center Parking Garage</u> this commitment represents amounts restricted to fund any necessary repairs to the Services Center Parking Garage.
- <u>2022 Capital Projects</u> this commitment represents amounts to be used for 2022 capital projects.
- <u>Divorce Masters</u> this assignment represents a commitment to this program.
- <u>Health care self-insurance</u> this assignment represents the estimated obligation in excess of stop loss insurance for the health care self-insurance program due within the 2021 year.

NOTE 12: OBLIGATIONS UNDER CAPITAL LEASES

A. Component units

1. Reading Area Community College

Following is a summary of property held under capital leases at June 30, 2021:

Computer equipment and copiers	\$ 285,705
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(238,600)
	\$ 47,105

Minimum future lease payments under capital leases as of June 30 are as follows:

2022	42,645
Less: amount representing interest	(2,310)
Present value of lease payments	\$ 40,335

The interest rates on the capitalized leases range from 4.20% to 6.29% and are imputed based on the lower of the College's incremental borrowing rate at the inception of the lease or the lessor's implicit rate of return.

NOTE 13: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Primary government

Approximately 64.5% of the County's employees are covered by collective bargaining agreements as of December 31, 2021. Two AFSCME union contracts expired December 31, 2021 and negotiations are in progress. The Teamster union contract expired December 31, 2021 and negotiations are in progress. The Fraternal Order of Police contract expires December 31, 2021. Both the United Food & Commercial Workers and the Service Employees International Union contracts expire on December 31, 2024. The Deputy Sheriff's Association union contract expired December 31, 2021.

The County leases building space for certain County and District Justice Offices. The County has also entered into an operating lease for equipment. These leases have expiration dates extending through 2025. Total expenses for all operating leases were \$1,115,144 for the year ended December 31, 2021.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the above operating leases:

2022	\$ 1,007,151
2023	847,392
2024	708,849
2025	548,268
2026	 10,770,991
Total	\$ 13,882,651

The County participates in a number of grant programs funded, in whole or part, by federal, state and other sources. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The audits of these programs for or including the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021 have not yet been conducted. Additionally, certain audits related to prior fiscal years have not been finalized. Accordingly, the County's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The County is involved in various lawsuits arising in the ordinary course of its municipal activities. The County Solicitor and County management believe that the resolution of these actions is not expected to have an unfavorable outcome or have a materially adverse effect on the financial statements of the County, with the exception of one matter, depending on the outcome of the trial, could have a substantial impact on the County if the plaintiff is successful. In addition, we have no knowledge of any unasserted claims and assessments (considered to be probable of assertion), that if asserted, would have a reasonable possibility of an unfavorable outcome.

B. Component units

1. Reading Regional Airport Authority

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance for all major programs. There were

no significant reductions in insurance coverage for the year ended September 30, 2020. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or three prior years.

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. This amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Authority expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The Authority is involved in routine litigation incidental to the conduct of its business. The results, in the opinion of management, are not likely to affect the Authority's financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

2. Reading Area Community College

Federal and State revenues

Revenues reflected by the College from federal and state government organizations are subject to audit and verification by the applicable organization. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed or claims that may be disallowed cannot be determined by the College at this time, although the College expects such amount, if any, to be immaterial.

Operating lease commitments

The College has entered into several lease agreements for the rental of parking space and certain equipment. Rent expense for the year ended June 30, 2021 approximated \$278,498. Minimum future rental payments under noncancelable operating leases as of June 30 are as follows:

2022		\$118,019
2023		67,142
2024		28,470
2025		6,110
	Total	\$219,741

NOTE 14: CONTRACTUAL AGREEMENT REVENUE

Component unit

Reading Area Community College

The College entered into a five-year contract with Barnes & Noble College Booksellers, LLC, effective December 2017 to operate the College's bookstore. Terms of the contract require Barnes & Noble to pay the College 14 percent of sales up to \$2,500,000, 15.5 percent of sales from \$2,500,000 to \$3,000,000 and 17 percent of sales over \$3,000,000.

In addition, the contract stated that Barnes & Noble will renovate and move the bookstore facility for a cost up to \$165,000. The actual total cost of renovations at June 30, 2018 was \$107,604. Per the agreement, any early termination of the contract before the five years have been reached will result in the College paying Barnes & Noble the book value of the renovations put in service by Barnes & Noble depreciated over the contract life. The College recognized the building improvement for the renovations and is recognizing the contribution from Barnes & Noble over the life of the contract. Unearned revenue from the renovations is \$30,487 as of June 30, 2021.

Total revenues from these agreements, including the amortization of the bookstore renovations, was \$247,715 for the year ended June 30, 2021 and is included in other revenues on the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

NOTE 15: POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

A. Component units

Reading Area Community College

Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program

Employee Defined Benefit Other Postemployment Benefit Plans

The College has other postemployment benefits (OPEB) under two different plans: (1) a cost sharing, multiple employer, employee defined benefit other postemployment benefits plan administered through PSERS (PSERS OPEB Plan) and (2) a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan (College OPEB Plan). The College's aggregate net OPEB liability and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

			Deferred		I	Deferred
	1	Net OPEB		Outflows of		nflows of
Plan	Liability		Resources		R	esources
PSERS OPEB Plan College OPEB Plan	\$	192,000 1,398,017	\$	43,400 418,995	\$	30,000 121,619
	\$	1,590,017	\$	462,395	\$	151,619

General Information About the PSERS OPEB Plan

Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program

The System provides Premium Assistance which, is a governmental, cost sharing, multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) for all eligible retirees who qualify and elect to participate. Employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the Health Insurance Account that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Effective January 1, 2002, under the provisions of Act 9 of 2001, participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer of the PSERS' Health Options Program. As of June 30, 2020, there were no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees.

Premium Assistance Eligibility Criteria

Retirees of the System can participate in the Premium Assistance Program if they satisfy the following criteria:

- Have 24 ½ or more years of service, or
- Are a disability retiree, or
- Have 15 or more years of service and retired after reaching superannuation age, and

• Participate in the Health Option Program or employer-sponsored health insurance program.

Pension Plan Description

PSERS is a governmental cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The members eligible to participate in the System include all full-time public school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.psers.pa.gov.

Benefits Provided

Participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer or the PSERS' Health Options Program. As of June 30, 2020, there were no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees.

Contributions

The College's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was 0.82% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the College were \$10,400 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

PSERS State Contributions:

Pursuant to Section 8327 of the PSERS Retirement Code, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania funds 50 percent of the College's retirement expense directly to the plan. This arrangement does meet the criteria of a special funding situation in accordance with GASB standards. Therefore, the net other postemployment benefit liabilities and related other postemployment benefit expense represent 50 percent of the College's share of these amounts.

<u>PSERS OPEB Plan Liability, Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u>

At June 30, 2021, the College reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for Commonwealth of Pennsylvania pension support provided to the College. The amount recognized by the College as its proportionate share of net pension liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the College are as follows:

College's proportional share of the net pension liability	\$ 192,000
Commonwealth's proportional share of	
the net pension liability	192,000
Total proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 384,000

The net OPEB obligation was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB obligation used to calculate the net OPEB obligation was determined by rolling forward the System's total OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019. The College's proportion of the net OPEB obligation was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2021, the College's proportion was 0.0090 percent, which was a decrease of 0.0006 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the College recognized OPEB expense of \$7,514. At June 30, 2020, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		In	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Changes in proportion Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	\$	2,000 8,000 23,000 10,400	\$	- 4,000 26,000 -	
	\$	43,400	\$	30,000	

The \$10,400 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from College contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows for the years ending June 30:

2022	\$ (1,000)
2023	(1,000)
2024	(1,000)
2025	2,000
2026	4,000
Thereafter	-
	\$ 3,000

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2020, was determined by rolling forward the System's total OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2019 to June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal level percent of pay
- Investment return 2.66 percent S&P 20 Year Municipal Bond Rate
- Salary growth Effective average of 5 percent, comprised of inflation of 2.75 percent and 2.25 percent for real wage growth and for merit of seniority increases

- Premium Assistance reimbursement is capped at \$1,200 per year
- Assumed Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees with less than \$1,200 in premium assistance per year.
- Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale
- Participation rate:
 - Eligible retirees will elect to participate Pre-age 65 at 50%
 - Eligible retirees will elect to participate Post-age 65 at 70%

The following assumptions were used to determine the contribution rate:

- The results of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, determined the employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2020.
- Cost Method: Amount necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the valuation date.
- Asset valuation method: Market value
- Participation rate: 63% of eligible retirees are assumed to elect premium assistance.
- Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale

Investments consist primarily of short-term assets designed to protect the principal of the plan assets. The expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using the OPEB asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each asset class.

The OPEB plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the Board. Under the program, as defined in the retirement code employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the Health Insurance Account that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance for each succeeding year.

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Cash	50.3%	-1.0%
US core fixed income	46.5%	-0.1%
Non-US developed fixed	3.2%	-0.1%
	100.0%	

The above was the PSERS Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2020.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB obligation was 2.66 percent. Under the plan's funding policy, contributions are structured for short term funding of Premium Assistance. The funding policy sets contribution rates necessary to assure solvency of

Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the actuarial valuation date. The Premium Assistance account is funded to establish reserves that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Due to the short-term funding policy, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to meet projected future benefit payments, therefore the plan is considered a "pay-as-you-go" plan. A discount rate of 2.66% which represents the S&P 20-year Municipal Bond Rate at June 30, 2020, was applied to all projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in</u> Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees receiving less than \$1,200 in annual Premium Assistance. As of June 30, 2020, retirees Premium Assistance benefits are not subject to future healthcare cost increases. The annual Premium Assistance reimbursement for qualifying retirees is capped at a maximum of \$1,200. As of June 30, 2020, 93,693 retirees were receiving the maximum amount allowed of \$1,200 per year. As of June 30, 2020, 688 members were receiving less than the maximum amount allowed of \$1,200 per year. The actual number of retirees receiving less than the \$1,200 per year cap is a small percentage of the total population and has a minimal impact on Healthcare Cost Trends as depicted below.

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for the June 30, 2020 measurement date, calculated using current Healthcare cost trends as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if the health cost trends were one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current					
	1%	Decrease		Rate	1%	Increase
Cillerate according to the city						
College's proportionate share of the						
net OPEB liability	\$	192,000	\$	192,000	\$	192,000

Sensitivity of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 2.66 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (1.66%) or 1-percentage point higher (3.66%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1%	Decrease		Rate	1%	Increase
	1.66%		2.66%		3.66%	
College's proportionate share of the						
net OPEB liability	\$	219,000	\$	192,000	\$	170,000

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at www.psers.pa.gov.

Payables Related to the Plan

At June 30, 2021, the College had an accrued balance due to PSERS including contributions related to pension and OPEB liabilities of \$114,939. This amount represents the College's contractually obligated contributions for wages earned in April 2021 through June 2021.

College OPEB Plan

General Information About the College OPEB Plan

Plan description

Reading Area Community College administers a single-employer, defined benefit plan (the Postemployment Benefit Plan). The Plan provides life insurance and medical, dental, and prescription benefits for eligible retirees through the College's plan, which covers both active and retired members. Benefit provisions are established through negotiation with the College and the unions representing the College's employees. The OPEB Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report and no assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

Benefits Provided

Benefit A – Life Insurance

Retirees are provided with life insurance policies as follows: \$5,000 for individuals who retired before 2003, \$6,250 for individuals who retired before July 1, 2008, \$7,500 for individuals who retired before July 1, 2012, and \$10,000 for individuals retired after July 1, 2012. Employees hired on or after July 1, 2017 are not eligible for this benefit.

Benefit B – Medical, Prescription Drug, Vision and Dental

Eligible retirees may elect to remain in the College's self-insured plans based on the following options: B1 – Medical, Prescription Drug, and Vision; B2 – Dental; B3 – Medical, Prescription Drug, Vision, and Dental. The medical and prescription drug PPO plan is administered by Loomis. The vision plan is administered by Vision Benefits of America. The dental plan is administered by United Concordia. Benefits provided for the retiree only and will be provided for life or until the retiree opts out. The retiree is responsible for paying 102% of the premium rate for this coverage.

Benefit C – Early Retirement Lump Sum Payment

Eligible retirees are provided with one-time lump-sum payment of \$12,500 (option C1) or \$6,250 (option C2). The lump-sum payment may be divided into three installments.

Benefit D – COBRA Reimbursement

Retirees have the option of purchasing their own health insurance policy or participating in the benefits provided by the College. Eligible retirees will be reimbursed up to 100% (option D1) or 50% (option D2) of the College's COBRA rate for individual coverage. As of July 1, 2017, the new contract states that the benefit is to be provided to eligible retirees for two years, regardless of age.

Eligibility

The eligibility for retiree medical benefits differs by service and age. Below is a summary of the eligibility levels and the benefits provided within each level:

Retirement Level 1

A retiree is eligible for postretirement benefits offered under Retirement Level 1 provided they have completed at least 10 years of continuous full-time service with the College and have reached age 55. Retirees who are eligible for Retirement Level 1 are provided with Benefit A.

Retirement Level 2

A retiree is eligible for postretirement benefits offered under Retirement Level 2 provided they have completed at least 15 years of continuous full-time service with the College and have reached age 55. Retirees who are eligible for Retirement Level 2 are provided with Benefit A, a choice between Benefits B1, B2 and B3, and either Benefit C2 or D2.

Retirement Level 3

A retiree is eligible for postretirement benefits offered under Retirement Level 3 provided they have completed at least 20 years of continuous full-time service with the College and have reached age 59.5. Retirees who are eligible for Retirement Level 3 are provided with Benefit A, a choice between Benefits B1, B2 and B3, and either Benefit C1 or D1.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At July 1, 2019, the date of the most recent actuary valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active participants	190
Retired participants	116
	306

OPEB Liability

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability as of July 1, 2019, was determined by rolling forward the College's total OPEB liability as of July 1, 2018 to July 1, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal as a level percentage of pay
- Inflation rate 3 percent
- Salary increases –2.50 percent
- Discount rate 3.50 percent, based on the Bond Buyers 20-Bond Index
- Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 Total Dataset Mortality Table projected using Scale MP-2017

• Healthcare cost trend rates – 6.5 percent for 2021, decreasing between .25 percent and .50 percent per year to an ultimate rate of 4.50 percent for years ending June 30, 2029 and later

The actuarial assumptions were selected using input from the College based on actual experience:

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB
	Liability
Balance at July 1, 2020	\$ 1,069,085
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	40,345
Interest	37,418
Differences between expected and actual experience	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	274,384
Benefit payments	(23,215)
Net changes	328,932
	\$ 1,398,017

Balance at June 30, 2021

Changes of assumptions or other inputs reflect the following changes:

- The decrease in the discount rate from 3.50 percent in 2020 to 2.21 percent in 2021
- A change in the Mortality Improvement Projection Scale to MP-2019
- Changed the mortality table to Pri.H-2012 Total Dataset

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the College, as well as what the College's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage point lower (1.21%) or 1-percentage point higher (3.21%) than the current discount rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	1% Increase		
	1.21%	2.21%	3.21%	
OPEB Plan - Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,640,628	\$ 1,398,017	\$ 1,203,674	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the College, as well as what the College's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current	
		Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
OPEB Plan - Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,384,173	\$ 1,398,017	\$ 1,413,774

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the College recognized OPEB expense of \$123,382. At June 30, 2021, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred atflows of	Deferred Inflows of	
	esources	 esources	
Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual experience Benefit payments made subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 384,889 - 34,106	\$ 184,111 - 23,215	
	\$ 418,995	\$ 207,326	

The \$34,106 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB liabilities resulting from benefit payments made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB obligation in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows for the years ending June 30:

2022	\$ 45,619
2023	\$ 45,619
2024	\$ 45,619
2025	\$ 45,619
2026	\$ 41,598
Thereafter	39,196
Total	\$263,270

NOTE 16: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

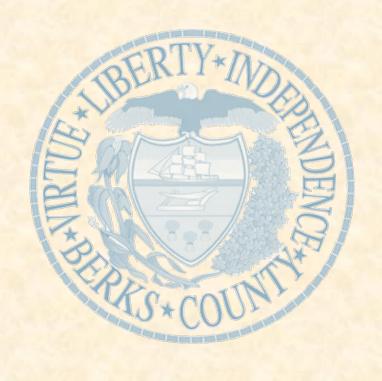
A. Primary government

The County has evaluated no subsequent events through June 30, 2021. This date is the date that the financial statements were available to be issued. No material events subsequent to December 31, 2021 were noted as a result of this evaluation.

B. Reading Regional Airport Authority

The Authority has evaluated subsequent events through February 15, 2022. This date is the date that the Authority's financial statements were available to be issued. The following event subsequent to September 30, 2021 were noted as a result of this evaluation:

The Authority is realizing cash flow concerns. Due to pending cash flow concerns, the Authority is continuously looking for additional sources of revenue to help facilitate airport operations. Ongoing efforts include outsourcing water management, review of tenant leases and evaluation of sewer rate structures. In addition, the Authority continues to negotiate tenant agreements that not only support aviation and local business, but also generate additional operating revenue going forward.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

The Required Supplemental Information represents prescribed financial information that addresses retirement fund data and budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major individual special revenue funds.

Pevenues		Original budget		Final budget	Actual	fir	Variance with final budget positive (negative)	
Property taxes Court costs, fines and forfeitures Investment earnings Intergovernmental revenue Departmental charges and reimbursements Payments in lieu of taxes Rentals Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$	147,794,054 2,655,412 2,606,661 12,941,774 57,960,933 233,704 292,964 10,845,634 235,331,136	\$	147,794,054 2,655,412 2,606,661 13,537,257 57,978,753 233,704 292,964 10,848,489 235,947,294	\$ 148,417,095 1,935,483 (600,941) 10,177,145 58,484,425 244,669 278,542 11,016,789 229,953,207	\$	623,041 (719,929) (3,207,602) (3,360,112) 505,672 10,965 (14,422) 168,300 (5,994,087)	
		<u> </u>		, ,	 · · · · ·			
Expenditures General government, administrative:								
Commissioners		1,840,754		2,828,839	2,455,753		373,086	
Solicitors		2,282,799		2,298,331	1,916,719		381,612	
Facilities		15,543,890		15,713,907	11,385,378		4,328,529	
Courthouse Security		1,203,620		1,259,508	1,035,324		224,184	
Election Services		3,855,391		4,176,262	3,348,585		827,677	
Real Estate Assessment		3,471,179		4,115,685	3,294,709		820,976	
Treasurer		968,451		1,038,982	986,844		52,138	
Tax Collectors		465,674		465,674	465,689		(15)	
Tax Claim Bureau		1,004,847		1,013,732	844,633		169,099	
Controller		2,195,525		2,277,646	2,196,742		80,904	
Recorder of Deeds		1,247,095		1,269,752	1,133,371		136,381	
Mailroom/Printing		510,051		518,686	508,361		10,325	
Information Systems		7,948,348		7,317,019	5,256,143		2,060,876	
Purchasing		945,964		971,112	921,701		49,411	
Archives		295,268		308,554	305,673		2,881	
Budget		1,486,551		1,527,544	1,407,060		120,484	
Human Resources		5,559,013		5,603,906	5,650,199		(46,293)	
Insurance		2,274,728		2,274,728	1,766,043		508,685	
Telecommunications		221,359		172,762	166,666		6,096	
Veterans Affairs		644,614		660,628	 647,137		13,491	
Total general government, administrative	_	53,965,121	_	55,813,257	 45,692,730		10,120,527	
General government, judicial:								
Register of Wills		1,140,939		1,159,976	1,103,354		56,622	
Sheriff		11,012,321		11,217,414	11,131,924		85,490	
Coroner		1,739,548		1,821,424	1,911,892		(90,468)	
Prothonotary		2,369,181		2,388,845	2,196,398		192,447	
Clerk of Courts		2,984,557		3,031,072	2,929,739		101,333	
Public Defender		3,883,638		3,928,652	3,827,746		100,906	
District Attorney		12,604,949		13,275,215	13,123,728		151,487	
Law Library		777,371		803,616	785,008		18,608	
Court Administration		10,872,299		11,293,519	10,712,717		580,802	
District Justices		9,161,221		9,334,343	7,960,789		1,373,554	
Court Reporters		2,723,700		2,744,313	 2,646,016		98,297	
Total general government, judicial	_	59,269,724	_	60,998,389	 58,329,311		2,669,078	

	Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance with final budget positive (negative)
Public Safety:				
Adult Probation	\$ 10,053,518	\$ 10,468,854	\$ 9,831,189	\$ 637,665
Juvenile Probation	15,761,796	15,835,550	12,252,065	3,583,485
Prison	47,047,524	47,516,991	46,063,486	1,453,505
Community Corrections	130,024	132,199	188,668	(56,469)
Emergency Services Non Communications	2,269,641	2,536,632	2,298,736	237,896
Total public safety	75,262,503	76,490,226	70,634,144	5,856,082
Culture and Recreation:				
Berks County Public Libraries	4,111,525	4,201,746	4,072,048	129,698
Parks	4,387,521	5,098,062	3,691,645	1,406,417
Total culture and recreation	8,499,046	9,299,808	7,763,693	1,536,115
Community and Economic Development:				
Planning	2,088,885	2,144,216	2,027,585	116,631
Agricultural Extension Service	618,782	618,782	657,540	(38,758)
Agland Preservation	1,429,425	1,439,441	1,308,974	130,467
Total community and economic development	4,137,092	4,202,439	3,994,099	208,340
Public Works:				
Recycling	20,745	20,745	22,298	(1,553)
Community Support: Contributions:				
Community Bail Program	763,155	765,399	765,178	221
Berks Economic Partnership	600,000	800,184	587,839	212,345
Libraries	900,000	900,000	900,000	,
Miscellaneous Contributions	864,613	8,514,019	8,490,578	23,441
Berks Heim	9,260,885	9,260,885	9,260,885	-
Reading Area Community College	3,250,000	3,250,000	3,250,000	-
Total community support	15,638,653	23,490,487	23,254,480	236,007
Contingency:				
Contingency general	4,500,000	456,580		456,580
Debt Service:				
Principal, interest and fiscal charges	12,710,835	12,710,835	12,457,418	253,417
Administrative expenses	16,263	16,263	88,392	(72,129)
Total debt service	12,727,098	12,727,098	12,545,810	181,288
Intergovernmental:				
Solid Waste debt service	300,720	300,720	300,720	
Total expenditures for general fund	234,320,702	243,799,749	222,537,285	21,262,464
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures	1,010,434	(7,852,455)	7,415,922	15,214,602
•	 -			

		Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance with final budget positive (negative)		
Other financing sources (uses):							
Proceeds of refunding notes		-	-	28,149,000		28,149,000	
Payment to refunded bonds escrow agent		-	-	(28,071,066)		(28,071,066)	
Transfers in	\$	3,886,618	\$ 21,701,431	\$ 22,137,187	\$	435,756	
Transfers out		(14,859,016)	(16,762,057)	(11,197,372)		5,564,685	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(10,972,398)	 4,939,374	11,017,749		6,078,375	
Net change in fund balances		(9,961,964)	 (2,913,081)	18,433,671		21,370,911	
Fund balances, beginning, as restated		157,034,811	 157,034,811	157,034,811			
Fund balances, ending	\$	147,072,847	\$ 154,121,730	\$ 175,468,482	\$	21,370,911	

		Original budget		Final budget		Actual		riance with al budget positive negative)
Revenues				10.010.000				(0.000.070)
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	39,866,820	\$	40,342,860	\$	32,050,781	\$	(8,292,079)
Departmental charges and reimbursements		786,680		786,680		742,036		(44,644)
Investment earnings		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		1,600		1,600		1,372		(228)
Total revenues		40,655,100		41,131,140		32,794,189		(8,336,951)
Expenditures Current:								
Human services		46,970,562		47,485,648		37,757,867		9,727,781
Total expenditures		46,970,562		47,485,648		37,757,867		9,727,781
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under)		(6,315,462)		(6,354,508)		(4,963,678)		1,390,830
expenditures			_					
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		6,637,733		6,676,779		5,255,957		(1,420,822)
Transfers out		(322,271)		(322,271)		(291,613)		30,658
Total other financing sources (uses)		6,315,462		6,354,508		4,964,344		(1,390,164)
Net change in fund balances		-		-		666		666
Fund balances, beginning, as restated	_	71,008	_	71,008		71,008		-
Fund balances, ending	\$	71,008	\$	71,008	\$	71,674	\$	666

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Health Choices Special Revenue Fund - Budget and Actual Year ended December 31, 2021

Parameter		Original budget		Final budget		Actual	fi	nriance with nal budget positive (negative)
Revenues	Ś	144244152	<u>,</u>	164 004 065	,	160.057.200	<u> </u>	(2.047.466)
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	144,244,152	\$	164,004,865	\$	160,957,399	\$	(3,047,466)
Investment earnings		123,000		123,000		61,204		(61,796)
Total revenues		144,367,152		164,127,865		161,018,603		(3,109,262)
Expenditures Current:								
Human services		144,353,933		164,114,646		161,005,489		3,109,157
Total expenditures		144,353,933		164,114,646		161,005,489		3,109,157
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures	_	13,219		13,219		13,114		(105)
Other financing uses:								
Transfers out		(13,219)		(13,219)		(13,114)		105
Total other financing sources (uses)		(13,219)		(13,219)		(13,114)		105
Net change in fund balances		-		-		-		-
Fund balances, beginning		<u>-</u> _		<u>-</u> _				-
Fund balances, ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Note 1: Budgets and budgetary accounting

Annual budgets are adopted by the County on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all governmental fund types.

On or before June 30, all County departments and agencies submit requests for appropriations for the following year to the Office of Budget and Finance, which compiles the requests and submits a comprehensive budget to the Board of Commissioners. The Board of Commissioners makes the proposed budget available for public inspection at least twenty days prior to the date of adoption. On or before December 31, the budget is adopted by the Board of Commissioners. Subsequent to the budget approval, the Board of Commissioners adopts the appropriation measures required to put the budget into effect and fixes the rate of taxation.

The County maintains budgetary control at the line item level of expenditures as authorized by resolution of the Board of Commissioners. The Chief Financial Officer may make transfers between accounts under \$10,000, while transfers of \$10,000 or greater require approval by the Board of Commissioners. Any supplemental appropriations to the Budget require approval by the Board of Commissioners.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental fund types. Encumbrances, which represent commitments for goods and services not yet received, are reported as assigned fund balance, and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities, because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual	\$ 10,022,547 37,214,627	\$ 10,088,504 35,784,446	\$ 9,947,632 34,184,164	\$ 9,849,878 32,446,090	\$ 11,027,621 30,192,609	\$ 10,623,914 29,071,529	\$ 10,332,061 27,673,435	\$ 10,035,976 25,973,019
experience Changes of Assumptions (1) Benefit payments, including refunds of	262,938 -	1,496,290 -	3,992,429	2,596,591 5,599,573	(5,056,232)	(501,667)	3,789,345	(3,642,225)
employee contributions	(28,545,773)	(25,510,784)	(23,391,279)	(23,038,743)	(20,418,548)	(19,382,776)	(18,690,853)	(16,016,484)
Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability, beginning Total pension liability, ending	18,954,339 499,924,403 \$ 518,878,742	21,858,456 478,065,947 \$ 499,924,403	24,732,946 453,333,001 \$ 478,065,947	27,453,389 425,879,612 \$ 453,333,001	15,745,450 410,134,162 \$ 425,879,612	19,811,000 390,323,162 \$ 410,134,162	23,103,988 367,219,174 \$ 390,323,162	16,350,286 350,868,888 \$ 367,219,174
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions-employer Contributions-member Net investment income Other additions/deductions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administrative expense	\$ 4,329,291 7,450,219 76,421,987 (35,174) (28,545,773) (34,500)	\$ 5,188,611 7,338,292 54,228,756 (34,853) (25,510,784) (17,000)	\$ 4,411,739 7,347,118 66,553,930 (30,718) (23,391,279) (38,415)	\$ 3,648,063 7,119,321 (23,240,032) - (23,038,743) (71,124)	\$ 2,601,477 6,900,703 58,362,251 - (20,418,548) (67,535)	\$ 2,088,776 6,500,174 29,291,596 - (19,382,777) (71,068)	\$ 1,408,537 6,256,829 (2,797,938) 5,708 (18,690,853) (72,490)	\$ 233,518 6,074,679 23,044,386 27,002 (16,016,484) (63,898)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position, beginning	59,586,050 \$ 525,391,259	41,193,022 \$ 484,198,237	54,852,375 429,345,862	(35,582,515) 464,928,377	47,378,348 417,550,029	18,426,701 399,123,328	(13,890,207) 413,013,535	13,299,203 399,714,332
Plan fiduciary net position, ending	\$ 584,977,309	\$ 525,391,259	\$ 484,198,237	\$ 429,345,862	\$ 464,928,377	\$ 417,550,029	\$ 399,123,328	\$ 413,013,535
County of Berks' net pension (liability) asset	\$ 66,098,567	\$ 25,466,856	\$ 6,132,290	\$ (23,987,139)	\$ 39,048,765	\$ 7,415,867	\$ 8,800,166	\$ 45,794,361
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension (liability) asset	112.74%	105.09%	101.28%	94.71%	109.17%	101.81%	102.25%	112.47%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 110,465,715	\$ 112,177,834	\$ 108,888,713	\$ 108,798,581	\$ 104,729,710	\$ 103,847,803	\$ 100,988,654	\$ 98,776,314
County of Berks' net pension (liability) asset as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	59.84%	22.70%	5.6%	-22.0%	37.3%	7.1%	8.7%	46.4%

Note to Schedule:
This schedule is to present the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for those years for which information is available is shown.

Schedule of County Contributions Berks County Employees' Retirement Fund Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	<u>2015</u>	2014	2013	2012	<u>2011</u>
Actuarially determined contributions	\$ 4,329,291	\$ 5,188,611	\$ 4,411,739	\$ 3,648,063	\$ 2,601,477	\$ 2,088,776	\$ 1,408,537	\$ 233,518	\$ 2,665,246	\$ 9,796,229	\$ 8,002,599
Pension prefunding Contributions in relation to the actuarially			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	63,144,061	-
determined contribution	4,329,291	5,188,611	4,411,739	3,648,063	2,601,477	2,088,776	1,408,537	233,518	2,665,246	9,796,229	8,002,599
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (63,144,061)	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 110,465,715	\$ 112,177,834	\$ 108,888,713	\$ 108,798,581	\$ 104,729,710	\$ 103,847,803	\$ 100,988,654	\$ 98,776,314	\$ 99,233,198	\$ 98,644,764	\$ 96,728,405
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	3.92%	4.63%	4.05%	3.35%	2.48%	2.01%	1.39%	0.24%	2.69%	9.93%	8.27%
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	14.73%	11.31%	15.68%	-4.75%	13.80%	7.89%	-0.51%	5.75%			

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: January 1 of each year

Actuarially determined contributions rates are calculated as of January 1, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age
Amortization method Level dollar
Remaining amortization period 15 years

Asset valuation method The Method that is prescribed by Pennsylvania State Law, Act 44

Inflation 3.0%

Salary increase 3.5%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.5%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

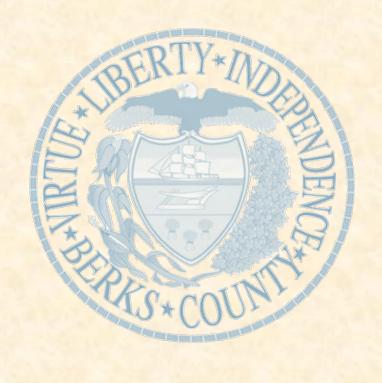
Retirement age Age 60 or 55 with 20 years' service

Mortality 2013 RP Annuitant and Non-Annuitant Mortality Tables for males and females with no projected improvement

Other information:

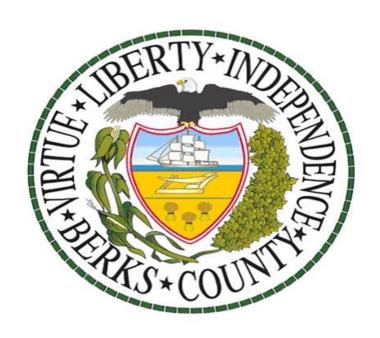
In 2012, the County prefunded the pension plan with cash and pension bonds.

Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense not computed before GASB 68 implementation in 2014.



OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Other Supplemental Information provides combining financial statements for non-major governmental funds, plus budgetary comparisons for these non-major funds, other Enterprise funds (business-type activities) and Agency funds.



	Special Revenue								
		Liquid Fuels		Domestic Relations		ployment & Training		Office of Aging	
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,372,869	\$	250	\$	100	\$	186	
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted		14,481,599		-		-		-	
Investments		747,000		-		-		-	
Taxes receivable		-		-		-		-	
Accounts receivable		5,204		7,637		39,307		5,580	
Accrued interest receivable		-		-		-		-	
Due from other governments		-		1,716,574		642,282		33,849	
Due from other funds		-		-		1,637,447		4,420,456	
Prepaid expenses		-		-		23,685		-	
Loans receivable		-		-		-		-	
Investments, non-current									
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	17,606,672	\$	1,724,461	\$	2,342,821	\$	4,460,071	
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	126,298	\$	8,773	\$	421,268	\$	554,751	
Accrued liabilities		1,838		398,668		35,935		168,922	
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		2,264,436	
Due to other funds		908,101		1,316,424		-		-	
Due to third parties		-		-		-		-	
Payable from restricted assets		-		-		-		1,052,114	
Total liabilities		1,036,237		1,723,865	-	457,203		4,040,223	
Deferred inflows of resources									
Other unavailable				-		-		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources								-	
Fund balances									
Nonspendable		-		596		19,933		-	
Restricted		16,570,435		-		1,865,685		419,848	
Current year income									
Current year expense									
Subtotal									
Assigned		-		-		-		-	
Unassigned				<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	
Total fund balances		16,570,435		596		1,885,618		419,848	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of									
resources and fund balances	\$	17,606,672	\$	1,724,461	\$	2,342,821	\$	4,460,071	

				Special	Revenu	е		
	L	Special egislation	Dev	ntal Health/ relopmental risabilities		Human Services	Drug and Alcohol	
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted		2,497,027		-		-		_
Investments		-		-		-		_
Taxes receivable		26,975		-		-		-
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		-
Accrued interest receivable		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		398,695		710,858		57,529		370,634
Due from other funds		673,593		4,292,196		56,116		7,708
Prepaid expenses		-		-		-		-
Loans receivable		-		-		-		-
Investments, non-current				-				_
Total assets	\$	3,596,290	\$	5,003,054	\$	113,645	\$	378,342
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	1,140,194	\$	1,295,402	\$	71,709	\$	370,634
Accrued liabilities		-		23,589		1,731		-
Unearned revenue		-		2,594,750		24,352		7,708
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-
Due to third parties		-		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		-
Payable from restricted assets		 _		1,089,313		3,624		<u> </u>
Total liabilities		1,140,194		5,003,054		101,416		378,342
Deferred inflows of resources								
Other unavailable		-		-		<u>-</u>		
Total deferred inflows of resources		-				-		-
Fund balances								
Nonspendable		61,924		-		-		-
Restricted		2,394,172		-		12,229		-
Current income								
Current expense								
Subtotal								
Assigned		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		 _		-		 _		
Total fund balances		2,456,096				12,229		-
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources and fund balances	\$	3,596,290	\$	5,003,054	\$	113,645	\$	378,342

	Special Revenue							
	De	partment of		-		COVID		
	Е	mergency	(Community		Impact		
		Services	D	evelopment		Grants		Total
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,559,804	\$	22,426,544	\$	1,021	\$	27,360,774
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted		6,847	\$	-		27,161,093		44,146,566
Investments		-	\$	-		-		747,000
Taxes receivable		-		-		-		26,975
Accounts receivable		2,261,639		138,524		-		2,457,891
Accrued interest receivable		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		-		-		-		3,930,419
Due from other funds		-		-		-		11,087,516
Prepaid expenses		3,025,636		-		-		3,049,321
Loans receivable		-		-		-		-
Investments, non-current								_
Total assets	\$	7,853,926	\$	22,565,068	\$	27,162,114	\$	92,806,462
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	218,473	\$	72,801	\$	-	\$	4,280,303
Accrued liabilities		371,518		-		-		1,002,201
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		4,891,246
Due to other funds		7,263,935		3,070,309		4,082,628		16,641,397
Due to third parties		_		-		_		_
Payable from restricted assets		-		-		-		2,145,051
Total liabilities		7,853,926		3,143,110		4,082,628		28,960,198
Deferred inflows of resources								
Other unavailable				19,421,958		23,079,487		42,501,445
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		19,421,958		23,079,487		42,501,445
Fund balances								
Nonspendable		2,683,614		-		-		2,766,067
Restricted		(2,683,614)		-		-		18,578,754
Current year income								-
Current year expense								-
Subtotal								-
Assigned		-		-		-		-
Unassigned								
Total fund balances		-		-	_	-		21,344,821
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources and fund balances	\$	7,853,926	\$	22,565,068	\$	27,162,114	\$	92,806,462

	Special Revenue			
	Liquid Fuels	Domestic Relations	Employment & Training	Office of Aging
Revenues				
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 1,551,178	\$ 4,883,682	\$ 5,675,947	\$ 9,149,861
Hotel tax	- 0.407.400	404.044	-	-
Departmental charges and reimbursements	2,137,400	164,014	-	233,506
Investment earnings	41,675	-	2,624	6,491
Rental	11,100	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	2,600 3,743,953	- - - -	220,564	703
Total revenues	3,743,953	5,047,696	5,899,135	9,390,561
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government, administrative	_	_	_	_
General government, administrative		_		
Public safety	_	_		
Human services	_	7,116,216	5,874,939	9,154,740
Capital outlay	_	7,110,210	-	-
Community and economic development	_	_	_	_
Public works	1,460,082	_	_	_
Total expenditures	1,460,082	7,116,216	5,874,939	9,154,740
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)	.,		 	
expenditures	2,283,871	(2,068,520)	24,196	235,821
·	2,200,011	(2,000,020)		
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	17,474	2,128,553	127	-
Transfers out	-	(60,033)	(17,726)	(82,041)
Total other financing sources (uses)	17,474	2,068,520	(17,599)	(82,041)
Net changes in fund balances	2,301,345	-	6,597	153,780
Fund balances, beginning	14,269,092	1,192	1,880,090	266,068
Prior Period Adjustment to Conversion Pay	-	(596)	(1,069)	-
Fund balances, ending	\$ 16,570,437	\$ 596	\$ 1,885,618	\$ 419,848

	Special Revenue											
				ental Health/								
		Special		evelopment				rug and				
	L	egislation	L	Disabilities	5	ervices		Alcohol				
Revenues												
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	992,417	\$	16,581,427	\$	889,218	\$	5,157,136				
Hotel tax		2,645,645		-		-		-				
Departmental charges and reimbursements		1,232,319		-		-		-				
Investment earnings		4,372		7,099		504		-				
Rental		-		-		-		-				
Miscellaneous				-								
Total revenues		4,874,753		16,588,526		889,722		5,157,136				
Expenditures												
Current:												
General government, administrative		2,659,040		-		-		-				
General government, judicial		103,996		-		-		-				
Public safety		-		-		-		-				
Human services		-		17,361,962		890,430		6,109,141				
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-				
Community and economic development		-		-		-		-				
Public works				<u> </u>								
Total expenditures		2,763,036		17,361,962		890,430		6,109,141				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)												
expenditures		2,111,717		(773,436)		(708)		(952,005)				
Other financing course (cose)												
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in				784,176				952,005				
Transfers out		(2,447,140)		(10,740)		(859)		952,005				
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,447,140)		773,436		(859)		952,005				
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				113,430	-			302,000				
Net changes in fund balances		(335,423)		-		(1,567)		-				
Fund balances, beginning Prior Period Adjustment to Conversion Pay		2,791,519		-		13,796		- -				
•	Φ.	2.456.006	<u> </u>		Φ.	12 220	Φ.	<u> </u>				
Fund balances, ending	\$	2,456,096	\$	<u>-</u>	Φ	12,229	Φ					

	Special Revenue										
	Department Emergency Services			community evelopment	lm	COVID	166 \$ 105,447,81 - 2,645,64 - 17,132,90 140 66,90 - 54,89 - 223,86 125,572,03 227 7,517,96 - 103,99 - 14,566,52 - 46,507,42 - 38,504,07 - 1,460,08 108,660,07				
				•		•					
Revenues											
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	299,851	\$	37,594,638	\$	22,672,466	\$	105,447,819			
Hotel tax		-		-		-		2,645,645			
Departmental charges and reimbursements		12,456,231		909,434		-		17,132,904			
Investment earnings		3,700		-		440		66,905			
Rental		43,795		-		-		54,895			
Miscellaneous				-		-		223,868			
Total revenues		12,803,577		38,504,072		22,672,906		125,572,036			
Expenditures											
Current:											
General government, administrative		-		-		4,858,927		7,517,967			
General government, judicial		-		-		-		103,996			
Public Safety		14,566,528		-		-		14,566,528			
Human services		-		-		-		46,507,427			
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-			
Community and economic development		-		38,504,072		-		38,504,072			
Public works		-		-		-		1,460,082			
Total expenditures		14,566,528		38,504,072		4,858,927		108,660,072			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)											
expenditures		(1,762,951)				17,813,979		16,911,964			
Other financing sources (uses)											
Transfers in		1,908,549		-		-		5,790,884			
Transfers out		(160,435)				(17,813,979)		(20,592,953)			
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,748,114				(17,813,979)		(14,802,069)			
Net changes in fund balances		(14,837)		-		-		2,109,895			
Fund balances, beginning		14,837		-		-		19,236,594			
Prior Period Adjustment to Conversion Pay		-		-		<u> </u>		(1,665)			
Fund balances, ending	\$		\$		\$		\$	21,344,824			

	Original budget	Final budget Actual			Variance with final budget positive (negative)		
Revenues Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 1,709,939	\$ 1,709,939	\$	1,551,178	\$	(158,761)	
Departmental charges and reimbursements	2,044,440 66.516	2,044,440 66.516		2,137,400 41.675		92,960	
Investment earnings Rental	11,100	11,100		41,675 11,100		(24,841)	
Miscellaneous	-	-		2,600		2,600	
Total revenues	3,831,995	3,831,995		3,743,953		(88,042)	
Expenditures							
Current:							
Public works	 4,238,631	 2,962,575		1,460,082		1,502,493	
Total expenditures	 4,238,631	 2,962,575		1,460,082		1,502,493	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures	 (406,636)	 869,420		2,283,871		1,414,451	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in	21,801	21,801		17,474		(4,327)	
Transfers out	 (6,563)	 (6,563)		-		6,563	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 15,238	 15,238		17,474		2,236	
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	(391,398)	884,658		2,301,345		1,416,687	
Fund balances, beginning	 14,269,092	 14,269,092		14,269,092			
Fund balances, ending	\$ 13,877,694	\$ 15,153,750	\$	16,570,437	\$	1,416,687	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Domestic Relations Special Revenue Fund - Budget and Actual Year ended December 31, 2021

	Original budget			Final budget		Actual	fin	iance with al budget positive negative)
Revenues Intergovernmental revenue	\$	5,208,608	\$	5,208,608	\$	4,883,682	\$	(324,926)
Departmental charges and reimbursements Investment earnings	•	177,000	•	177,000	•	164,014	•	(12,986)
Total revenues		5,385,608		5,385,608		5,047,696		(337,912)
Expenditures Current:								
Human services		7,536,332		7,536,332		7,116,216		420,116
Total expenditures		7,536,332		7,536,332		7,116,216		420,116
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures		(2,150,724)		(2,150,724)		(2,068,520)		82,204
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		2,279,594		2,279,594		2,128,553		(151,041)
Transfers out		(128,870)		(128,870)		(60,033)		68,837
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,150,724		2,150,724		2,068,520		(82,204)
Net change in fund balances		-		-		-		-
Fund balances, beginning		1,192		1,192		1,192		-
Prior Period Adjustment to Conversion Pay		-				(596)		(596)
Fund balances, ending	\$	1,192	\$	1,192	\$	596	\$	(596)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Employment and Training Special Revenue Fund - Budget and Actual Year ended December 31, 2021

	Original budget		Final budget	Actual	fir	riance with al budget positive negative)
Revenues						
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	5,650,104	\$ 7,585,001	\$ 5,675,947	\$	(1,909,054)
Departmental charges and reimbursements		-	-	-		-
Investment earnings		-	-	2,624		2,624
Miscellaneous		319,026	 337,378	 220,564		(116,814)
Total revenues		5,969,130	 7,922,379	 5,899,135		(2,023,244)
Expenditures Current:						
Human services		5,951,169	7,904,418	5,874,939		2,029,479
Total expenditures		5,951,169	 7,904,418	 5,874,939		2,029,479
Excess of revenue over expenditures	_	17,961	 17,961	 24,196		6,235
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		_	127	127		_
Transfers out		(17,961)	(17,961)	(17,726)		235
Total other financing sources (uses)		(17,961)	(17,834)	(17,599)		235
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	-	-	 127	 6,597		6,470
Fund balances, beginning		1,880,090	1,880,090	1,880,090		-
Prior Period Adjustment to Conversion Pay		-		(1,069)		(1,069)
Fund balances, ending	\$	1,880,090	\$ 1,880,217	\$ 1,885,618	\$	5,401

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Office of Aging Special Revenue Fund - Budget and Actual Year ended December 31, 2021

	Original budget			Actual	Variance with final budget positive (negative)		
Revenues							
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 9,241,980	\$	12,342,239	\$	9,149,861	\$	(3,192,378)
Departmental charges and reimbursements	175,000		175,000		233,506		58,506
Investment earnings	9,000		9,000		6,491		(2,509)
Miscellaneous	 1,300		1,300		703		(597)
Total revenues	9,427,280		12,527,539		9,390,561		(3,136,978)
Expenditures Current:							
Human services	9,341,197		12,441,456		9,154,740		3,286,716
Total expenditures	9,341,197		12,441,456		9,154,740		3,286,716
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures	86,083		86,083		235,821		149,738
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in	-		-		-		-
Transfers out	(86,083)		(86,083)		(82,041)		4,042
Total other financing sources (uses)	(86,083)		(86,083)		(82,041)		4,042
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	-		-		153,780		153,780
Fund balances, beginning	266,068		266,068		266,068		-
Fund balances, ending	\$ 266,068	\$	266,068	\$	419,848	\$	153,780

	Original budget		Final budget		Actual	Variance with final budget positive (negative)	
Revenues							
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 776,882	\$	776,882	\$	992,417	\$	215,535
Hotel tax	2,440,000		2,440,000		2,645,645		205,645
Departmental charges and reimbursements	1,109,882		1,109,882		1,232,319		122,437
Investment earnings	10,566		10,566		4,372		(6,194)
Miscellaneous	-		-		-		-
Total revenues	 4,337,330		4,337,330		4,874,753		537,423
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government, administrative	2,580,070		2,646,462		2,659,040		(12,578)
General government, judicial	67,400		119,184		103,996		15,188
Total expenditures	 2,647,470		2,765,646		2,763,036		2,610
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under)							
expenditures	 1,689,860	-	1,571,684	-	2,111,717		540,033
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in	-		19,503		_		(19,503)
Transfers out	 (1,861,812)		(1,881,315)		(2,447,140)		(565,825)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (1,861,812)		(1,881,315)	-	(2,447,140)		(565,825)
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	 (171,952)		(309,631)		(335,423)		(25,792)
Fund balances, beginning	2,791,519		2,791,519		2,791,519		-
Fund balances, ending	\$ 2,619,567	\$	2,481,888	\$	2,456,096	\$	(25,792)

	Original budget	Final budget Actu		Actual	Variance with final budget positive (negative)		
Revenues							
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 17,177,524	\$ 19,401,978	\$	16,581,427	\$	(2,820,551)	
Departmental charges and reimbursements	-	-		-		-	
Investment earnings	21,600	21,600		7,099		(14,501)	
Miscellaneous	-	-		-		-	
Total revenues	17,199,124	19,423,578		16,588,526		(2,835,052)	
Expenditures Current:							
Human services	18,084,221	20,420,607		17,361,962		3,058,645	
Total expenditures	 18,084,221	 20,420,607		17,361,962		3,058,645	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under)	 10,004,221	 20,420,007		17,301,302		3,038,043	
expenditures	 (885,097)	 (997,029)		(773,436)		223,593	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in	897,157	1,009,089		784,176		(224,913)	
Transfers out	(12,060)	(12,060)		(10,740)		1,320	
Total other financing sources (uses)	885,097	997,029		773,436		(223,593)	
Net change in fund balances	 -	 -		<u> </u>		-	
Fund balances, beginning	_	-		-		_	
Fund balances, ending	\$ -	\$ 	\$		\$	-	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Human Services Special Revenue Fund - Budget and Actual Year ended December 31, 2021

	Original budget	Final budget	Actual		Variance with final budget positive (negative)	
Revenues						
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 891,287	\$ 997,561	\$ 889,218	\$	(108,343)	
Investment earnings	1,300	1,300	504		(796)	
Miscellaneous	 _	 	 			
Total revenues	 892,587	 998,861	 889,722		(109,139)	
Expenditures Current: Human services Total expenditures	891,735 891,735	998,009 998,009	 890,430 890,430		107,579 107,579	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures	852	852	(708)		(1,560)	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers out	(852)	(852)	(859)		(7)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(852)	 (852)	(859)		(7)	
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	-	-	(1,567)		(1,567)	
Fund balances, beginning	13,796	13,796	13,796		-	
Fund balances, ending	\$ 13,796	\$ 13,796	\$ 12,229	\$	(1,567)	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Drug and Alcohol Special Revenue Fund - Budget and Actual Year ended December 31, 2021

	Original Final budget budget		Final budget	Actual	fina	iance with al budget positive negative)	
Revenue							
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	4,902,573	\$	5,549,393	\$ 5,157,136	\$	(392,257)
Total revenue		4,902,573		5,549,393	5,157,136		(392,257)
Expenditures							
Current:							
Human services		6,332,942		6,979,762	6,109,141		870,621
Total expenditures		6,332,942		6,979,762	6,109,141		870,621
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under)							
expenditures		(1,430,369)		(1,430,369)	 (952,005)		478,364
Other financing sources:							
Transfers in		1,430,369		1,430,369	952,005		478,364
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,430,369		1,430,369	952,005	1	478,364
Net change in fund balances		-		-	_		-
Fund balances, beginning		-		-	_		-
Fund balances, ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	_

	Original budget	Final budget		Actual		fir	riance with aal budget positive negative)
Revenues Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 28,700	\$	411,700	\$	299,851 12.456.231	\$	(111,849)
Departmental charges and reimbursements Investment earnings Rental	11,665,194 16,732 51,183		12,456,506 16,732 51,183		3,700 43,795		(275) (13,032) (7,388)
Miscellaneous Total revenues	 11,761,809		12,936,121		12,803,577		(132,544)
Expenditures Current: Public safety Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures	15,006,221 15,006,221 (3,244,412)	_	17,971,266 17,971,266 (5,035,145)		14,566,528 14,566,528 (1,762,951)		3,404,738 3,404,738 3,272,194
Other financing uses: Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balances (deficits) Fund balances, beginning	 3,442,091 (197,679) 3,244,412 - 14,837		5,181,056 (159,862) 5,021,194 (13,951) 14,837		1,908,549 (160,435) 1,748,114 (14,837) 14,837		(3,272,507) (573) (3,273,080) (886)
Fund balances (deficits), ending	\$ 14,837	\$	886	\$	-	\$	(886)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Community Development Special Revenue Fund - Budget and Actual Year ended December 31, 2021

	Original budget		Final budget		Actual	fii	riance with nal budget positive (negative)
Revenues							
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	6,262,700	\$ 39,262,785	\$	37,594,638	\$	(1,668,147)
Departmental charges and reimbursements		555,002	921,429		909,434		(11,995)
Investment earnings		-	-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-	 				-
Total revenues		6,817,702	 40,184,214		38,504,072		(1,680,142)
Expenditures Current:							
Community and economic development		6,817,702	40,184,214		38,504,072		1,680,142
Total expenditures		6,817,702	 40,184,214	-	38,504,072		1,680,142
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under)							
expenditures			 				<u>-</u>
Other financing uses:							
Transfers out		-	-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	 -	-	-		-
Net change in fund balances		-	-		-		-
Fund balances, beginning			 <u>-</u> _		-		-
Fund balances, ending	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances COVID Impact Grants Special Revenue Fund - Budget and Actual Year ended December 31, 2021

	Original budget		Final budget		Actual		Variance with final budget positive (negative)	
Revenues								
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	-	\$	22,690,179	\$	22,672,466	\$	(17,713)
Investment earnings		_		441		440		(1)
Total revenues				22,690,620		22,672,906		(17,714)
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government, administrative		-		4,876,641		4,858,927		17,714
Total expenditures		-		4,876,641		4,858,927		17,714
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures				17,813,979		17,813,979		
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers out		-		(17,813,979)		(17,813,979)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		(17,813,979)		(17,813,979)		-
Net change in fund balances (deficits)		-		-		-		-
Fund balances, beginning				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u> _		
Fund balances, ending	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

	Original budget	Final budget	Actual		riance with nal budget positive negative)
Operating revenues					
Charges for services	\$ 8,472,526	\$ 8,472,526	\$ 7,111,468	\$	(1,361,058)
Other operating revenues	711,800	 711,800	345,085		(366,715)
Total operating revenues	9,184,326	9,184,326	7,456,553		(1,727,773)
Operating expenses					
Shelter care - Immigration and naturalizations	7,619,930	7,619,930	5,945,679		1,674,251
Depreciation	-	 -	386,136		(386,136)
Total operating expenses	7,619,930	7,619,930	6,331,815		1,288,115
Operating income (loss)	1,564,396	1,564,396	1,124,738		(439,658)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)					
Investment earnings	-	-	-		-
Change in fair value of interest rate swaps	-	-	-		-
Interest expense	(129,108)	(129,108)	(95,745)		33,363
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(129,108)	 (129,108)	(95 <i>,</i> 745)		33,363
Income before transfers	1,435,288	1,435,288	1,028,993		(406,295)
Transfers in	-	-	-		-
Transfers out	 (1,088,977)	(1,088,977)	(1,088,977)		
Change in net position	346,311	346,311	(59,984)		(406,295)
Total net position, beginning	6,523,043	 6,523,043	6,523,043		
Total net position, ending	\$ 6,869,354	\$ 6,869,354	\$ 6,463,059	\$	(406,295)

Operating expenses	Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance with final budget positive (negative)
Operating revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 33,103,581	\$ 33,103,581	\$ 28,691,178	\$ (4,412,403)
Other operating revenues	16,550,003	16,552,703	18,143,834	1,591,131
Total operating revenues	49,653,584	49,656,284	46,835,012	(2,821,272)
Operating expenses				
Financial administration	3,124,754	3,124,789	2,835,665	289,124
Administrative expenses	2,127,610	2,252,126	955,544	1,296,582
Special services	132,790	132,790	109,170	23,620
Dietary	3,513,419	3,547,123	3,135,276	411,847
Laundry	801,671	804,171	445,462	358,709
Environmental services	1,940,056	1,944,720	1,858,184	86,536
Plant operations	1,534,336	1,593,581	1,625,166	(31,585)
add back to actuals only				
Nursing	19,763,298	19,947,671	15,926,875	4,020,796
Physician services	81,953	81,953	47,197	34,756
Pharmacy services	646,494	410,084	349,693	60,391
Medical services	267,336	267,336	259,742	7,594
Therapeutic activity	569,526	569,726	469,662	100,064
Social service	322,160	322,160	312,988	9,172
Physical therapy service	1,886,952	1,884,952	1,715,587	169,365
Staff development	394,612	394,612	389,299	5,313
Materials management	188,720	188,720	191,618	(2,898)
Personnel	151,641	151,641	146,656	4,985
Security	282,678	287,753	244,528	43,225
Volunteers	87,073	87,074	82,591	4,483
Nursing administration	1,593,878	1,604,990	1,498,287	106,703
Admissions	254,617	261,399	239,757	21,642
Depreciation			1,504,960	(1,504,960)
Total operating expenses	39,665,574	39,859,371	34,343,907	5,515,464
Operating income (loss)	9,988,010	9,796,913	12,491,105	2,694,192
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)				
Grants	-	109,027	939,267	830,240
Investment earnings	4,421	4,421	1,316	(3,105)
Interest Expense	(818,574)	(818,574)	(607,410)	211,164
Contribution to General Fund	(9,261,000)	(9,261,000)	(9,261,000)	, -
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(10,075,153)	(9,966,126)	(8,927,827)	1,038,299
Income before transfers	(87,143)	(169,213)	3,563,278	3,732,491
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	-
Change in net position	(87,143)	(169,213)	3,563,278	3,732,491
Total net position, beginning, as restated	25,107,835	25,107,835	25,107,835	-
Total net position, ending	\$ 25,020,692	\$ 24,938,622	\$ 28,671,113	\$ 3,732,491

County of Berks,
Pennsylvania
Annual Comprehensive
Financial Report
Statistical Information
for the Year Ending
December 31, 2021

County of Berks Statistical Section - Categories Year Ended December 31, 2021

This section presents trends, contextual and detail information to help readers evaluate the financial information presented in the proceeding sections. This information is presented in the following six categories:

Financial Trends

Financial trends information is intended to help readers understand and assess how the County of Berks' financial position has changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

Revenue capacity information is intended to assist readers to better understand and assess the factors affecting the County of Berks' ability to generate its own revenue, most notably the real estate property tax.

Debt Capacity

Debt capacity information is intended to assist readers to better understand and assess the County of Berks' debt burden and its ability to issue additional debt.

Demographic and Economic Information

Demographic and economic information is intended to help readers to better understand the socioeconomic environment in which the County of Berks' operates.

Operating Information

Operating information is intended to provide readers with information for evaluating the County of Berks' financial statement information as it relates to the services the County of Berks provides and activities it performs.

Miscellaneous Statistics

Miscellaneous statistics is intended to help readers to better understand the demographics in which the County of Berks' operates and exists.

County of Berks Net Position by Component Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Covernmental activities	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	2019 (Restated)	2018 (Restated)	2017 (Restated)	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	2012
Governmental activities Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position	\$ 180,572,215	\$ 174,067,177	\$ 137,967,636	\$ 114,240,905	\$ 95,148,395	\$ 81,931,824	\$ 43,806,168	\$ 23,918,071	\$ 9,829,007	\$ 17,083,783
	78,071,453	69,857,285	70,650,136	84,477,314	59,235,018	40,408,168	39,884,858	24,326,098	11,685,944	12,257,593
	123,567,732	99,085,554	97,549,776	86,028,855	117,240,734	129,854,361	156,023,750	159,475,948	(1) 160,689,349	(1) 165,487,146
	\$ 382,211,400	\$ 343,010,016	\$ 306,167,548	\$ 284,747,074	\$ 271,624,147	\$ 252,194,353	\$ 239,714,776	\$ 207,720,117	\$ 182,204,300	\$ 194,828,522
Business-type activities Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted deficit Total business-type activities net position	\$ 15,678,107 - 19,456,065 \$ 35,134,172	\$ 15,084,385 - 16,546,493 \$ 31,630,878	\$ 13,783,851 - 12,859,882 \$ 26,643,733	\$ 12,114,745 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 12,977,783 - - 3,236,555 \$ 16,214,338	\$ 13,723,645 - - 441,397 \$ 14,165,042	\$ 13,187,836 - - (1,095,778) \$ 12,092,058	\$ 25,658,496 - (10,451,880) \$ 15,206,616	\$ 25,034,275 - (2) (12,457,169) \$ 12,577,106	\$ 13,829,836 (2) (9,366,816) \$ 4,463,020
Primary government Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted Total primary government net position	\$ 196,250,322	\$ 189,151,562	\$ 151,751,487	\$ 126,355,650	\$ 108,126,178	\$ 95,655,469	\$ 56,994,004	\$ 49,576,567	\$ 34,863,282	\$ 30,913,619
	78,071,453	69,857,285	70,650,136	84,477,314	59,235,018	40,408,168	39,884,858	24,326,098	11,685,944	12,257,593
	143,023,797	115,632,047	110,409,658	90,844,453	120,477,289	130,295,758	154,927,972	149,024,068	148,232,180	156,120,330
	\$ 417,345,572	\$ 374,640,894	\$ 332,811,281	\$ 301,677,417	\$ 287,838,485	\$ 266,359,395	\$ 251,806,834	\$ 222,926,733	\$ 194,781,406	\$ 199,291,542

⁽¹⁾ Decrease is the result of implementing GASB 68 and other prior period adjustments described in Note 1. (2) Increase is the result of implementing GASB 68 and other prior period adjustments described in Note 1.

County of Berks Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2021	2020	2019	<u>2018</u>	2017	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	2014	<u>2013</u>	2012
Expenses	2021	2020	2010	2010	2011	2010	2010	2014	2010	2012
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 58,805,539	\$ 86,633,329	\$ 46,452,638	\$ 48,039,250	\$ 30,620,288	\$ 36,082,577	\$ 24,518,197	\$ 15,721,339	\$ 18,758,919	\$ 17,615,938
Judicial	53,371,300	47,847,465	53,106,071	52,034,508	50,672,477	50,162,752	49,573,970	48,391,839	47,033,776	48,313,567
Public safety	64,550,278	67,125,841	83,216,811	81,282,114	76,756,649	73,693,374	60,793,123	58,902,986	58,557,094	57,900,874
Human services	235,602,652	220,735,108	201,850,983	203,987,908	204,645,396	195,370,229	173,389,044	167,089,187	169,216,796	181,005,416
Culture and recreation	8,145,378	7,836,681	7,945,393	7,731,438	8,046,140	8,047,701	7,756,963	7,392,985	7,541,491	7,961,633
Community and economic development	47,331,860	7,702,249	5,888,248	4,809,666	5,218,666	5,736,313	6,466,588	5,790,903	4,674,567	5,447,335
Public works	1,780,482	1,624,303	1,488,806	1,979,939	1,241,733	1,108,162	2,212,561	1,518,619	1,143,574	997,263
Community support	3,323,528	2,117,029	2,124,745	2,770,282	626,679	601,605	564,489	1,825,423	5,706,515	5,308,083
Debt service administrative expenses	1,582,678	4,031,079	4,383,080	6,904,771	8,443,737	9,146,762	10,642,781	11,239,235	16,320,620	12,442,872
Capital Projects	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Solid waste	269,950	264,912	314,950	191,695	359,419	1,176,581	1,241,206	1,247,078	1,245,347	1,280,046
Total governmental activities expenses	\$ 474,763,645	\$ 445,917,996	\$ 406,771,725	\$ 409,731,571	\$ 386,631,184	\$ 381,126,056	\$ 337,158,922	\$ 319,119,594	\$ 330,198,699	\$ 338,273,027
Business-type activities										
Department of Emergency Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,445,334	12,793,480	8,652,660	8,614,042
Berks County Residential Center	6,427,560	7,036,871	7,545,851	8,170,840	7,701,449	7,877,438	6,999,440	5,667,274	6,088,570	6,047,116
Berks Heim	44,212,318	47,951,530	51,410,777	50,755,851	48,537,671	46,861,213	39,332,775	37,753,556	38,407,433	38,763,708
Youth Center	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,416,787
Total business-type activities expenses	50,639,878	54,988,401	58,956,628	58,926,691	56,239,120	54,738,651	58,777,549	56,214,310	53,148,663	57,841,653
Total primary government expenses	\$ 525,403,523	\$ 500,906,397	\$ 465,728,353	\$ 468,658,262	\$ 442,870,304	\$ 435,864,707	\$ 395,936,471	\$ 375,333,904	\$ 383,347,362	\$ 396,114,680
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services :										
General government	9,903,440	8,157,798	8,480,343	8,944,575	9,090,716	8,170,571	7,974,794	7,892,340	8.370.615	7.700.054
Judicial	8,401,830	7,776,595	10,021,136	9,962,280	10,246,205	12,480,779	11,114,805	12,229,763	11,650,097	10,056,699
Public safety	15,907,187	15,851,499	15,795,493	16,434,063	15,988,449	16,595,735	6,135,812	7,219,251	7,081,372	5.619.927
Human services	1,139,778	1,231,915	1,124,165	1,274,856	1,505,680	1,529,874	1,720,468	1.842.966	1.561.502	2.016.753
Culture and recreation	24,285	36,503	120,948	216,108	201,503	575,744	135,187	112,481	75,756	124,492
Community and economic development	1,040,660	785,328	659,079	(4,916,987)	861,287	2,035,597	940,375	672,165	749,067	1,053,516
Public works	2,140,000	2,044,440	2,032,415	1,822,805	1,043,790	1,178,078	2,021,583	22,902	-	-
Solid waste	4,793,065	5,566,364	3,577,836	4,594,787	4,147,808	3,647,496	3,422,991	3,574,193	2.820.596	2,775,018
Other activities	75,365	140,920	227,835	1,471,216	1,521,986	1,543,670	1,514,558	1,503,982	2,405,976	1,934,098
Operating grants and contributions	306,499,956	279,667,695	217,451,639	215,507,157	205,661,746	197,988,775	178,140,256	177,271,350	174,282,405	189,380,439
Capital grants and contributions	2,277,232	4,806,505	4,920,266	6,058,810	4,058,333	11,664,124	7,127,307	42,348	3,038,095	675,629
Total governmental activities program revenues	\$ 352,202,798	\$ 326,065,562	\$ 264,411,155	\$ 261,369,670	\$ 254,327,503	\$ 257,410,443	\$ 220,248,136	\$ 212,383,741	\$ 212,035,481	\$ 221,336,625
Business-type activities	<u>+ +++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++</u>	y ========	<u>+</u>	<u>+</u>	<u>+</u>	<u>+,</u>	<u>+ </u>	<u>+</u>	<u>+</u>	<u> </u>
Charges for services :										
Department of Emergency Services	_	_	_	_	_	_	10,787,498	8,753,289	8,059,740	7,687,064
Berks County Residential Center	7,456,553	8,056,510	8,562,482	9,187,097	8,703,124	8,836,182	8,861,784	7,664,164	6,985,278	6,523,375
Berks Heim	46,835,012	48,364,200	53,931,414	51,665,493	50,593,420	47,896,629	41,886,562	41,017,725	40,974,069	40,567,133
Youth Center	-	-	-	-	-	,000,020	- 11,000,002		.0,0.1,000	567,352
Operating grants and contributions	939,267	_	_	_	_	_	21,236	93,120	51,522	1,252,856
Capital grants and contributions	-	_	_	7,463	8,384	8,587	,			-,,
Total business-type activities program revenues	55,230,832	56,420,710	62,493,896	60,860,053	59,304,928	56,741,398	61,557,080	57,528,298	56,070,609	56,597,780
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 407,433,630	\$ 382,486,272	\$ 326,905,051	\$ 322,229,723	\$ 313,632,431	\$ 314,151,841	\$ 281,805,216	\$ 269,912,039	\$ 268,106,090	\$ 277,934,405
Total primary government program revenues	Ψ +01,+00,000	Ψ 302,400,272	Ψ 320,303,031	Ψ 522,223,725	Ψ 313,032,+31	Ψ 317,131,041	Ψ 201,000,210	Ψ 200,012,009	<u>¥ 200,100,090</u>	Ψ 211,00 1,1 00
Net (expense)/revenue										
Governmental activities	(122,560,847)	(119,852,434)	(142,360,570)	(148,361,901)	(132,303,681)	(123,715,613)	(116,910,786)	(106,735,853)	(118,163,218)	(116,936,402)
Business-type activities	4,590,954	1,432,309	3,537,268	1,933,362	3,065,808	2,002,747	2,779,531	1,313,988	2,921,946	(1,243,873)
Total primary government net expense	\$ (117,969,893)	\$ (118,420,125)	\$ (138,823,302)	\$ (146,428,539)	\$ (129,237,873)	\$ (121,712,866)	\$ (114,131,255)	\$ (105,421,865)	\$ (115,241,272)	\$ (118,180,275)

County of Berks Changes in Net Position (continued) Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities:										
Taxes:										
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	\$ 148,417,095	\$ 146,302,765	\$ 145,013,522	\$ 143,677,809	\$ 136,828,317	\$ 136,869,417	\$ 136,151,892	\$ 136,033,476	\$ 134,808,089	\$ 127,067,035
Hotel room	2,645,645	1,932,948	2,447,014	2,735,849	2,636,191	2,434,126	2,225,844	2,055,944	1,844,957	1,647,698
Payments in lieu of taxes	244,669	243,773	236,984	221,485	219,602	237,561	242,774	266,532	220,931	316,221
Investment earnings	(472,832)	4,933,309	5,647,379	3,331,494	1,616,192	1,474,025	1,134,503	639,352	550,091	833,259
Changes in fair value of investment rate swaps	.		845,879	(2,273,517)	581,988	(1,109,819)	490,084	601,668		.
Rentals	333,438	384,559	405,200	440,093	489,566	464,950	389,756	328,094	356,407	202,812
Miscellaneous	9,261,001	8,462,528	7,530,000	7,439,000	6,068,787	4,945,007	.	.	.	
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	(286,385)	(2,015,390)	-	(281,413)	(690,319)	86,776	20,720	(245,199)	68,874	46,931
Conversion to special revenue fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,089,996		-	-
Transfer of assets to related entity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5,746,011)	-	-
Swap termination fee	· · · · · · · · · · ·	. .	-	. .		.
Transfers	1,088,977	1,088,977	1,088,977	1,088,979	1,083,238	(146,980)	1,088,977	(436,774)	(10,196,998)	(4,816,823)
Total governmental activities	\$ 161,231,608	\$ 161,333,469	\$ 163,214,955	\$ 156,379,779	\$ 148,833,562	\$ 145,255,063	\$ 147,834,546	\$ 133,497,082	\$ 127,652,351	\$ 125,297,133
Business-type activities										
Investment earnings	1,315	5,245	6,013	4,448	14,667	1,986	8,088	7,349	5,962	5,248
Changes in fair value of investment rate swaps	-	-	-	(132,828)	52,475	(78,729)	626,541	830,097	-	-
Rental of space	-	-	-	-	-	_	48,230	43,998	27,643	22,464
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,696)	818	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	· -	-	-
Conversion to special revenue fund	-	-	-	-	-	_	(6,089,996)	-	-	-
Transfers	(1,088,977)	(1,088,977)	(1,088,977)	(1,088,979)	(1,083,238)	146,980	(1,088,977)	436,774	10,196,997	4,816,823
Total business-type activities	(1,087,662)	(1,083,732)	(1,082,964)	(1,217,359)	(1,016,096)	70,237	(6,496,114)	1,315,522	10,231,420	4,844,535
Total primary government general revenue	\$ 160,143,946	\$ 160,249,737	\$ 162,131,991	\$ 155,162,420	\$ 147,817,466	\$ 145,325,300	\$ 141,338,432	\$ 134,812,604	\$ 137,883,771	\$ 130,141,668
·	+ 100,110,010	+ 100,210,101	+ 10-110-110-1	<u>+,</u>	* , 	*,	* ***********************************	<u>+ 101,1012,001</u>	,	
Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities	38,670,761	36,842,468	20,854,385	8,017,878	16,529,881	21,539,450	30,923,760	26,761,229	9,489,133	8,360,731
Business-type activities	3,503,294	4,987,145	2,454,304	716,005	2,049,712	2,072,984	(3,716,583)	2,629,510	13,153,366	3,600,662
Total primary government net revenue	\$ 42,174,055	\$ 41,829,613	\$ 23,308,689	\$ 8,733,883	\$ 18,579,593	\$ 23,612,434	\$ 27,207,177	\$ 29,390,739	\$ 22,642,499	\$ 11,961,393

County of Berks Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2021	2020	2019 (Restated)	2018 (Restated)	<u>2017</u> (Restated)	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
General Fund Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total General Fund	\$ 8,820,887 3,263,764 9,406,471 4,015,377 149,961,983 \$ 175,468,482	\$ 1,338,410 3,414,364 14,476,735 4,012,877 133,260,135 \$ 156,502,521	\$ 1,338,410 3,414,320 43,167,366 4,012,877 105,605,582 \$ 157,538,555	\$ 1,761,032 4,077,110 30,871,588 4,012,877 113,305,213 \$ 154,027,820	\$ 1,405,524 4,012,464 19,322,610 4,083,786 115,222,806 \$ 144,047,190	\$ 1,641,843 2,859,389 7,327,174 4,082,537 118,930,211 \$ 134,841,154	\$ 1,584,554 4,125,006 - 10,551,289 135,023,020 \$ 151,283,869	\$ 1,364,327 4,201,282 - 11,323,251 134,990,876 \$ 151,879,736	\$ 398,435 4,869,238 - 16,953,963 110,406,873 \$ 132,628,509	\$ 592,927 2,299,603 - 19,545,324 102,045,175 \$ 124,483,029
All other governmental funds Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned Total all other governmental funds	2,769,792 18,646,706 - \$ 21,416,498	2,771,457 16,536,147 - \$ 19,307,604	2,771,457 17,380,172 - \$ 20,151,629	2,771,457 16,816,476 - \$ 19,587,933	2,712,241 14,259,149 - \$ 16,971,390	2,836,878 13,852,760 - \$ 16,689,638	3,116,156 10,523,506 66,759 (2,466,812) \$ 11,239,609	32,408 15,054,053 - \$ 15,086,461	12,455 49,188,337 - \$ 49,200,792	15,128 55,487,813 (45,567) \$ 55,457,374
Total governmental funds	\$ 196,884,980	\$ 175,810,125	\$ 177,690,184	\$ 173,615,753	\$ 161,018,580	\$ 151,530,792	\$ 162,523,478	\$ 166,966,197	\$ 181,829,301	\$ 179,940,403

Note

The County implemented GASB Statement No. 54 in 2011 under which governmental fund balances are reported as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned compared to reserved and unreserved.

County of Berks Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Revenues	<u>2021</u>	2020	2019	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Taxes: Property Hotel Court costs, fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental revenue Department charges and reimbursements Payments in lieu of taxes Rentals Sales of property, supplies and equipment Investment earnings Other revenue	\$ 148,417,095 2,645,645 1,935,483 308,633,147 76,359,366 244,669 333,437 - (472,832) 11,242,028	\$ 146,058,470 1,932,948 1,837,817 279,922,748 76,295,203 243,773 384,559 - 4,933,307 10,362,552	\$ 145,321,065 2,447,014 2,686,290 222,680,006 70,649,378 236,984 405,201 4,168 5,647,381 9,705,218	\$ 143,705,841 2,735,849 2,673,976 222,165,757 72,824,610 221,485 440,093 12,040 3,331,493 9,871,487	\$ 137,690,930 2,636,191 2,825,583 210,267,612 70,478,089 219,602 489,566 (770) 1,616,192 8,629,323	\$ 136,924,879 2,434,126 3,021,575 210,291,504 67,134,262 237,561 464,950 86,776 1,474,025 9,384,796	\$ 136,536,071 2,225,844 3,350,999 185,900,383 55,614,535 89,730 389,756 20,720 1,134,503 5,088,961	\$ 136,328,388 2,055,944 3,524,023 178,186,729 58,480,623 102,196 328,094 18,250 639,352 2,572,505	\$ 135,388,540 1,844,957 3,724,858 177,199,936 56,555,546 51,827 356,407 68,874 550,092 4,014,222	\$ 127,003,623 1,647,698 3,533,648 191,267,090 54,394,935 135,367 202,812 46,931 833,261 1,444,130
Total revenues	\$ 549,338,038	\$ 521,971,377	\$ 459,782,705	\$ 457,982,631	\$ 434,852,318	\$ 431,454,454	\$ 390,351,502	\$ 382,236,104	\$ 379,755,259	\$ 380,509,495
Expenditures Current:										
General government, administrative General government, judicial Public safety Human services Culture and recreation Community and economic development Public works Community support Intergovernmental expenditures- Solid waste Debt service:	\$ 53,201,921 58,433,307 82,045,738 245,270,784 7,763,693 42,498,172 1,482,380 23,254,480 300,720	\$ 84,970,233 55,515,168 84,646,852 230,481,238 7,544,387 8,609,019 4,720,420 14,763,123 300,900	\$ 50,043,396 56,278,837 82,307,298 212,397,394 6,833,114 7,068,718 4,207,148 13,160,403 250,720	\$ 43,284,381 54,987,295 80,767,060 215,335,012 6,964,018 5,741,639 6,276,293 13,455,946 220,870	\$ 44,076,078 52,602,699 74,497,685 204,636,989 6,998,988 6,160,562 2,729,499 12,035,621 295,029	\$ 43,561,692 51,897,682 72,303,496 195,598,654 8,705,093 6,892,219 11,693,954 10,538,809 928,453	\$ 42,140,641 51,638,171 61,057,768 173,905,554 6,801,869 7,976,468 8,681,128 5,537,268 993,342	\$ 41,134,083 50,335,681 61,456,822 167,515,886 6,435,971 6,820,729 5,699,803 5,980,470 998,452	\$ 39,852,191 49,460,353 58,692,210 169,602,996 7,885,299 6,526,379 2,721,058 5,061,857 997,007	\$ 47,959,429 65,573,490 72,374,351 191,747,864 9,268,854 7,180,694 1,868,944 5,307,490 1,000,219
Principal Interest Debt issuance costs Administrative expenditures Capital outlay Total expenditures	11,090,545 4,530,587 - 88,392 - \$ 529,960,719	17,474,779 15,897,346 - 16,948 - \$ 524,940,413	8,663,370 14,779,894 900,000 19,091 453,954 \$ 457,363,337	8,318,135 15,605,850 - 31,096 591,891 \$ 451,579,486	7,725,669 16,629,718 - 22,528 936,616 \$ 429,347,681	7,527,645 16,475,219 119,123 141,015 2,143,152 \$ 428,526,206	7,620,828 16,911,272 178,668 80,461 4,671,727 \$ 388,195,165	8,145,069 17,155,619 118,742 109,147 26,310,999 \$ 398,217,473	8,043,447 19,429,357 141,629 12,302 24,595,446 \$ 393,021,531	19,481,932 9,346,689 430,673 15,518 20,906,488 452,462,635
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 19,377,319	\$ (2,969,036)	\$ 2,419,368	\$ 6,403,145	\$ 5,504,637	\$ 2,928,248	\$ 2,156,337	\$ (15,981,369)	\$ (13,266,272)	\$ (71,953,140)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out Bond premium Issuance of long term notes Payments to refunded bond escrow agent Issuance of refunding bonds Conversion to special revenue fund Payment to escrow agent Total other financing sources (uses) Special Item Swap termination fee Net change in fund balances	\$ 33,184,029 (32,095,052) 	\$ 30,882,130 (29,793,153) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 14,261,224 (13,172,248) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 15,337,061 (14,248,082) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 16,582,778 (15,499,540) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 23,118,717 (22,044,742) 209,950 (24,943,412) 9,790,000 	\$ 13,749,987 (19,631,432) 3,613,694 (27,211,227) 23,776,200 554,492 	\$ 12,607,913 (11,870,836) 82,210 (9,963,468) 10,000,000 	\$ 14,488,107 (15,816,894) 2,860,762 17,785,000 - - \$ 19,316,975 \$ \$ 6,050,703	\$ 21,491,843 (27,676,447) - 29,940,941 - 9,870,000 - \$ 33,626,337 \$ \$ (38,326,803)
Debt Service Percentage of noncapital expenditures	1.6%	4.6%	3.4%	2.8%	2.2%	5.9%	4.9%	10.0%	8.1%	7.9%
i ercentage of floricapital experiultures	1.0%	4.0%	3.4%	2.0%	2.270	5.9%	4.9%	10.0%	0.176	1.970

Note:
This schedule has been included to provide prior years' information as it was presented in the prior years' reports, not restated for prior year adjustments.

County of Berks Total Revenue by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

		Court Costs.	Inter -	Department			Sale of property,			
Fiscal Year	Taxes	Fines & Forfeitures	Governmental Revenues	Charges & Reimbursements	Payments in Lieu of Taxes	Rentals	supplies, and equipment	Investment Earnings	Other Revenues	Totals
2021	\$ 151,062,740	\$ 1,935,483	\$ 308,633,147	\$ 76,359,366	\$ 244,669	\$ 333,437	\$ -	\$ (472,832)	\$ 11,242,028	\$ 549,338,038
2020	147,991,418	1,837,817	279,922,748	76,295,203	243,773	384,559	-	4,933,307	10,362,552	521,971,377
2019	147,768,079	2,686,290	222,680,006	70,649,378	236,984	405,201	4,168	5,647,381	9,705,218	459,782,705
2018	146,441,690	2,673,976	222,165,757	72,824,610	221,485	440,093	12,040	3,331,493	9,871,487	457,982,631
2017	140,327,121	2,825,583	210,267,612	70,478,089	219,602	489,566	(770)	1,616,192	8,629,323	434,852,318
2016	139,359,005	3,021,575	210,291,504	67,134,262	237,561	464,950	86,776	1,474,025	9,384,796	431,454,454
2015	138,761,915	3,350,999	185,900,383	55,614,535	89,730	389,756	20,720	1,134,503	5,088,961	390,351,502
2014	138,384,332	3,524,023	178,186,729	58,480,623	102,196	328,094	18,250	639,352	2,572,505	382,236,104
2013	137,233,497	3,724,858	177,199,936	56,555,546	51,827	356,407	68,874	550,092	4,014,222	379,755,259
2012	128,651,321	3,533,648	191,267,090	54,394,935	135,364	202,812	46,931	833,261	1,444,130	380,509,492

Source:

County of Berks, Financial Statements, as restated in individual Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

County of Berks Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Years

Fiscal					Total Taxable		Assessed Value as a Percentage of	Common Level	Total Direct
Year	Tax-Exempt Property	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Assessed Value	Market Value	Market Value	Ratio	Tax Rate
2021	\$ 2,932,016,200	\$ 14,748,202,100	\$ 3,810,743,000	\$ 936,002,600	\$ 19,494,947,700	\$ 20,230,314,800	96.3%	52.00%	7.657%
2020	2,959,293,300	14,697,408,900	3,631,975,900	883,952,700	19,213,337,500	19,945,612,100	96.3%	56.30%	7.657%
2019	2,976,705,700	14,631,813,800	3,526,903,700	875,883,200	19,034,600,700	19,764,524,800	96.3%	62.20%	7.657%
2018	2,850,561,100	14,567,436,400	3,465,305,500	850,850,000	18,883,591,900	19,610,606,700	96.3%	68.50%	7.657%
2017	2,838,979,500	14,509,132,100	3,459,131,800	824,364,000	18,792,627,900	19,515,064,200	96.3%	74.30%	7.372%
2016	2,813,697,200	14,452,726,600	3,390,894,000	815,271,200	18,658,891,800	19,378,229,700	96.3%	75.60%	7.372%
2015	2,792,647,500	14,426,375,000	3,388,924,200	806,010,200	18,621,309,400	19,335,256,500	96.3%	76.30%	7.372%
2014	2,773,724,300	14,383,351,500	3,381,283,700	792,507,900	18,557,143,100	19,265,737,800	96.3%	78.10%	7.372%
2013	2,756,192,800	14,339,515,800	3,363,960,000	787,046,700	18,490,522,500	19,194,308,100	96.3%	77.90%	7.372%
2012	2,744,225,900	14,333,218,900	3,364,298,400	775,615,500	18,473,132,800	19,170,097,000	96.4%	73.20%	6.935%

Notes:

For Population Figures, Refer to Demographic and Economic Statistics Page of Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Source:

County of Berks Property Tax Rates Per \$1,000 of Assessed Value Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Years

City, Borough, or

		J., DJ. Jag., J.		
Tax Year	County of Berks	Township	School District (1)	Total
2021	7.657	4.13	30.02	41.81
2020	7.657	4.07	29.56	41.28
2019	7.657	3.95	29.30	40.91
2018	7.657	3.84	28.81	40.31
2017	7.372	3.80	28.46	39.63
2016	7.372	3.63	28.07	39.07
2015	7.372	3.35	27.57	38.29
2014	7.372	3.32	27.22	37.91
2013	7.372	3.22	26.77	37.36
2012	6.935	3.08	26.24	36.26

Notes:

(1) Each unit within these classes levies its own millage rate. The rates shown are averages. The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report's statistical section contains a current year breakdown of overlapping taxes by municipality, and their related school districts.

Source:

County of Berks Principal Taxpayers Current and Nine Years Ago

		2021				2012			
		_			Percentage of Total County Taxable	_			Percentage of Total County Taxable
Taxpayer	Business/ Product	ıax	kable Assessed Value	Rank	Assessed Value	ıax	able Assessed Value	Rank	Assessed Value
Reading Hospital	Healthcare	\$	63,979,700	1	0.33%	\$	37,207,400	5	0.20%
HLP LLC	Warehousing	·	62,978,100	2	0.32%	·	. , . ,		
East Penn Manufacturing Co.	Battery Manufacturing		53,786,900	3	0.28%		45,806,900	2	0.25%
Duke Realty LP	Warehousing		50,131,600	4	0.26%		-,,		
GH Spring Ridge Associates LP	Shopping Mall		40,292,100	5	0.21%		41,491,000	4	0.22%
CBRE Group, Inc.	Warehousing		38,549,300	6	0.20%				
Green Hills Realty Association, LP	Leasing		38,247,700	7	0.19%		42,348,100	3	0.23%
Highlands at Wyomissing	Intermediate Care		37,449,800	8	0.19%		32,940,000	6	0.18%
BRE RC Exeter PA LP	Shopping Mall		36,139,100	9	0.19%		24,731,200	8	0.13%
Ludwig Owner LLC	Leasing		34,986,000	10	0.18%				
Phoebe Berks Village Inc.	Intermediate Care		-				26,956,300	7	0.15%
Carpenter Technology Corp.	Specialty Steel Manufacturing		-				24,203,400	10	0.13%
Morgantown Crossings LP	Shopping Mall		=				24,560,300	9	0.13%
Berkshire Mall LLC	Shopping Mall		-				62,917,100	1	0.34%
Total		\$	456,540,300		2.33%	\$	363,161,700		1.97%
Note Total County of Berks assessed valuat	ion for 2021 and 2012:	\$	19,494,947,700			\$ 1	8,473,132,800		

Source

County of Berks Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Years

Calendar Year ended December 31	otal Tax Levy (1)	Current Tax collections (2)	Percentage of Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax ollections (3)	Total Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections To Tax Levy
2021	\$ 149,272,826	\$ 143,788,997	96.33%	\$ 4,628,098	\$ 148,417,095	99.43%
2020	147,116,536	142,629,613	96.95%	3,428,857	146,058,470	99.28%
2019	145,747,949	141,210,114	96.89%	4,110,951	145,321,065	99.71%
2018	144,441,118	139,455,986	96.55%	4,249,856	143,705,842	99.49%
2017	138,386,112	133,476,216	96.45%	4,214,714	137,690,930	99.50%
2016	137,553,350	132,573,006	96.38%	4,351,873	136,924,879	99.54%
2015	137,276,293	132,039,450	96.19%	4,496,621	136,536,071	99.46%
2014	136,803,259	131,640,203	96.23%	4,688,185	136,328,388	99.65%
2013	136,318,729	130,260,182	95.56%	5,128,358	135,388,540	99.09%
2012	128,117,506	122,243,142	95.41%	4,760,481	127,003,623	99.06%

Notes:

- (1) Does not include interims and additions to duplicate
- (2) Includes discounts, penalties, interims, additions, rebates and error adjustments
- (3) Includes penalties and adjustments

Source:

County of Berks Assessment Office County of Berks Treasurer's Office County of Berks Tax Claim Bureau

County of Berks Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Years (rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

Function/Program	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
County Direct Rates Total direct rate	7.66	7.66	7.66	7.66	7.37	7.37	7.37	7.37	7.37	6.94
Municipalities City:										
City of Reading	18.13	17.69	17.69	17.69	17.69	17.69	15.69	15.69	15.69	14.33
Boroughs:										
Bally	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	4.70	4.50	4.50
Bechtelsville	6.00	6.00	5.50	5.00	5.00	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.00
Bernville	5.44	5.44	4.44	4.44	4.44	4.44	4.44	4.44	4.44	3.94
Birdsboro	6.86	6.86	6.86	6.86	6.86	6.86	6.66	6.66	6.16	6.16
Boyertown	7.49	7.34	6.69	6.34	6.14	5.64	5.14	5.14	5.14	5.14
Centerport	3.10	3.10	3.10	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Fleetwood	6.70	6.45	6.45	6.25	6.25	6.00	6.00	5.50	5.50	5.50
Hamburg	8.25	8.25	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	7.50	6.50	5.50
Kenhorst	5.81	5.81	5.81	5.60	5.60	5.60	5.60	5.60	4.60	3.60
Kutztown	4.60	4.60	4.10	4.10	4.10	4.10	4.10	3.35	3.10	3.10
Laureldale	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.05	6.05	5.90	5.90	5.90	4.90	4.90
Leesport	5.72	5.72	5.72	5.72	5.72	5.72	5.72	5.72	5.72	5.72
Lenhartsville	1.50	1.50	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Lyons	1.85	1.85	1.85	1.85	1.85	1.85	1.85	1.85	1.85	1.85
Mohnton	5.70	5.70	5.50	5.13	5.10	4.55	4.30	4.30	3.80	3.80
Mt. Penn	11.10	10.70	10.50	10.50	9.50	8.50	7.40	7.40	7.40	7.40
New Morgan	1.86	1.86	1.86	1.86	1.50	1.56	1.56	4.50	4.50	2.99
Robesonia	4.90	4.90	4.90	4.90	4.65	4.65	4.65	4.40	4.40	4.40
St. Lawrence	7.51	7.51	6.89	6.64	6.64	6.64	6.00	5.70	5.70	5.30
Shillington	7.14	7.14	7.14	7.14	7.14	7.14	5.89	5.89	4.89	4.89
Shoemakersville	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50
Sinking Spring	8.37	8.37	8.32	7.99	7.99	7.32	7.32	7.32	6.32	6.32
Topton	7.55	7.55	6.55	6.55	6.05	5.85	5.85	5.85	5.85	6.35
Wernersville	6.60	6.60	6.60	6.60	6.10	6.10	6.10	6.10	5.60	5.60
West Reading	10.85	9.85	9.60	8.85	8.10	7.60	7.10	7.10	7.10	7.10
Womelsdorf	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	3.50	3.50	3.00	3.00
Wyomissing	4.50	4.25	3.90	3.90	3.90	3.90	3.90	3.90	3.63	3.63
Townships:										
Albany	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60
Alsace	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Amity	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.60	2.45	1.95	1.95	1.95	1.80	1.80
Bern	4.19	4.19	3.94	3.94	3.94	3.44	3.44	3.19	3.12	3.12
Bethel	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Brecknock	2.58	2.58	2.33	2.33	2.33	2.33	1.95	1.95	1.95	1.95
Caernarvon	2.48	2.48	2.48	2.48	2.48	2.48	2.48	2.48	2.48	2.38
Centre	0.36	0.36	0.36	0.36	0.36	0.36	0.36	0.36	0.36	0.36
Colebrookdale	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.00
Cumru	6.48	6.48	6.46	6.20	6.18	6.18	6.18	5.68	5.28	5.28
District	1.10	0.60	0.55	0.45	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35
Douglass	4.80	4.30	4.30	4.30	3.30	3.30	2.30	2.30	2.00	2.00
Exeter	3.47	3.47	3.47	3.34	3.34	3.25	2.87	2.87	2.87	2.69
Greenwich	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Heidelberg	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
Hereford	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Jefferson	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18
Longswamp	3.21	3.21	3.05	3.05	3.05	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.85

County of Berks Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Years (rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

Function/Program	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Townships (continued)										
Lower Alsace	9.35	9.25	8.68	8.68	8.68	7.95	7.18	7.18	6.68	6.68
Lower Heidelberg	6.04	6.04	5.54	5.19	4.79	4.79	4.79	4.79	4.80	4.85
Maidencreek	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.50	1.50	1.13
Marion	2.00	2.00	1.80	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30
Maxatawny	2.36	2.36	2.36	2.36	2.36	2.36	2.36	2.36	3.36	3.36
Muhlenberg	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	4.80	4.80	4.50
North Heidelberg	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.40	0.40	0.40
Oley	4.19	4.19	4.19	4.10	3.20	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.59
Ontelaunee	4.05	4.05	4.05	4.05	4.05	4.05	3.80	3.80	3.80	3.80
Penn	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Perry	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80
Pike	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87
Richmond	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	2.50	2.25	2.00	1.75
Robeson	3.25	3.25	3.00	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.50	2.50
Rockland	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.60
Ruscombmanor	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
South Heidelberg	4.15	4.15	4.10	4.10	4.10	3.35	3.35	3.05	2.55	2.55
Spring	4.45	4.45	3.95	4.01	4.01	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25
Tilden	2.10	2.10	2.20	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45	0.95
Tulpehocken	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60
Union	3.65	3.65	3.65	3.65	3.65	3.65	3.65	3.65	3.65	2.15
Upper Bern	1.95	1.95	1.95	1.95	1.95	1.95	1.95	1.95	1.95	1.95
Upper Tulpehocken	1.00	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80
Washington	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	4.32	4.32
Windsor	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30
School Districts:										
Antietam	43.82	42.54	40.99	39.74	39.15	37.79	36.79	35.86	34.56	33.75
Boyertown	29.05	28.20	27.33	26.37	25.02	24.27	23.96	23.39	22.52	21.88
Brandywine Heights	34.42	34.08	33.74	33.24	32.78	32.30	32.30	32.30	32.30	31.25
Conrad Weiser	31.38	30.63	29.65	28.86	28.00	27.14	26.32	25.71	25.71	25.27
Daniel Boone	32.38	31.58	31.58	30.83	30.20	29.70	28.96	28.96	28.96	28.96
Exeter	34.20	33.61	33.11	32.62	32.62	32.22	31.25	31.25	30.80	30.10
Fleetwood	33.36	33.36	33.11	33.11	32.56	31.81	30.96	30.21	29.21	28.22
Governor Mifflin	29.10	28.60	28.60	28.10	27.60	27.10	26.60	26.00	25.30	24.50
Hamburg	26.96	26.96	26.96	26.96	26.96	26.71	26.46	26.21	25.96	25.71
Kutztown	29.95	29.95	29.95	29.95	29.95	29.95	29.95	29.95	29.25	28.76
Muhlenberg	31.48	30.73	30.73	29.81	29.06	28.56	27.81	27.56	26.81	26.31
Oley Valley	29.04	28.54	27.94	27.34	26.93	26.33	25.84	25.39	24.93	24.56
Reading	17.93	17.93	17.93	17.93	17.93	17.93	17.41	17.41	16.92	16.92
Schuylkill Valley	27.82	27.82	27.82	27.07	27.07	27.07	26.79	26.79	26.79	26.27
Tulpehocken	26.00	26.75	26.85	27.10	27.60	27.70	27.70	27.70	27.70	27.70
Twin Valley Upper Perkiomen	28.07	26.90	27.56	27.55	27.55	26.77	25.74	24.54	23.88	22.60
Upper Perkiomen Wilson	25.23	25.23	25.23	24.54	24.35	24.95	24.60	24.25	24.00	23.66
	27.66 32.54	26.26	26.26	25.67 30.67	25.29 30.07	24.95 30.07	24.60	24.25	24.00	23.66
Wyomissing	32.54	31.91	31.43	30.67	30.07	30.07	29.78	29.49	29.05	28.57

Note:

Total annual real estate taxes (county, municipal, school) per \$1,000 of assessed value.

Source:

County of Berks Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Years

	Governmental Activities			Bu	siness-type Activ	rities			
	General	0	General	General	0	General	T (I D :	Percentage of	
Year	Obligation Bond Long Term	Capital	Obligation Bond Current	Obligation Bond Long Term	Capital	Obligation Bond Current	Total Primary Government	Personal	Per Capita
2021	\$ 114.844.199	Leases \$ -	\$ 10.673.893	\$ 17.884.608	Leases	\$ 3.868.107	\$ 147.270.807	Income 0.74%	\$ 348.62
2021	127,893,467	ψ - -	10,772,529	21,329,701	φ -	3,087,471	163,083,168	0.83%	386.64
2019	152,700,553	-	20,302,848	24,631,280	-	466,142	198,100,823	1.01%	473.90
2018	169,202,807	-	20,686,984	25,004,760	-	438,016	215,332,567	1.10%	512.51
2017	188,367,121	-	20,504,206	25,653,096	-	425,795	234,950,218	1.20%	562.28
2016	206,960,390	-	19,676,075	26,289,210	-	418,780	253,344,455	1.30%	611.80
2015	235,441,478	-	20,516,681	26,919,161	-	748,319	283,625,639	1.47%	685.14
2014	203,053,850	-	19,417,949	71,001,906	-	1,692,051	295,165,756	1.53%	713.49
2013	262,360,301	-	20,007,023	27,108,396	-	922,977	310,398,697	1.62%	750.62
2012	254,178,922	-	18,724,352	30,903,986	-	1,480,648	305,287,908	1.59%	739.29

Note:

Amounts netted for discounts, premiums and deferred refundings losses.

Source

County of Berks Financial Statements, as restated in Prior Years adjustments

County of Berks Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Years

						Ratio of General Obligation Debt	General Obligation	
Fiscal		Е	stimated Actual	Ger	neral Obligation	to Assessed	Debt Per	
Year	Population		Taxable Value		Debt	Value	Capita	
2021	422,434	\$	20,230,314,800	\$	147,270,807	0.73%	\$ 348.62	
2020	421,799		19,945,612,100		163,083,168	0.82%	386.64	
2019	418,025		19,764,524,800		198,100,823	1.00%	473.90	
2018	420,152		19,610,606,700		215,332,567	1.10%	512.51	
2017	417,854		19,549,373,000		234,950,218	1.20%	562.28	
2016	414,097		19,454,270,800		253,344,455	1.30%	611.80	
2015	413,965		19,335,256,500		283,625,639	1.47%	685.14	
2014	413,691		19,265,737,800		295,165,756	1.53%	713.49	
2013	413,521		19,194,308,100		321,748,697	1.68%	778.07	
2012	412,948		19,170,097,000		305,287,908	1.59%	739.29	

Source:

Pennsylvania State Data Center or Census Bureau (Census Report or Most Recent Yearly Estimates) County of Berks Assessment Office

County of Berks Financial Statements, as restated in Prior Year adjustments

County of Berks Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt December 31, 2020

Direct Debt of County and Related Entities		Net Debt Outstanding	-	Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt			
County of Berks	\$	125,518,092	_	100%	\$	125,518,092		
Overlapping Debt								
School Districts:					_			
Antietam	\$	21,136,849		100%	\$	21,136,849		
Boyertown Area		92,167,000		100%		92,167,000		
Brandywine Heights		21,790,000		100%		21,790,000		
Conrad Weiser		43,672,415		100%		43,672,415		
Daniel Boone Area		69,515,000		100%		69,515,000		
Exeter Township		54,570,000		100%		54,570,000		
Fleetwood Area Governor Mifflin Area		20,179,738		100% 100%		20,179,738		
Hamburg Area		68,990,000		100%		68,990,000		
Kutztown Area		50,527,142 29,440,000		100%		50,527,142 29,440,000		
Muhlenberg Area		28,009,375		100%		28,009,375		
Oley Valley		22,219,535		100%		22,219,535		
Reading School District		456,476,952	(1)	100%		456,476,952		
Schuylkill Valley		30,167,000	(1)	100%		30,167,000		
Tulpehocken Area		12,954,724		100%		12,954,724		
Twin Valley		23,143,489		100%		23,143,489		
Wilson Area		100,610,000		100%		100,610,000		
Wyomissing Area		30,700,000		100%		30,700,000		
Total School Districts	<u>e</u>				<u> </u>			
Total School Districts	<u>\$</u>	1,176,269,219			\$	1,176,269,219		
Municipalities								
City of Reading	\$	352,436,914		100%	\$	352,436,914		
Albany Township	•	203,844		100%	•	203,844		
Alsace Township		1,908,090		100%		1,908,090		
Amity Township		4,070,000		100%		4,070,000		
Bally Borough		4,101,000		100%		4,101,000		
Bethel Township		620,686		100%		620,686		
Birdsboro Borough		838,000	(1)	100%		838,000		
Boyertown Borough		3,539,020	. ,	100%		3,539,020		
Caernarvon Township		1,006,000		100%		1,006,000		
Colebrookdale Township		514,083	(1)	100%		514,083		
Cumru Township		15,475,000	()	100%		15,475,000		
District Township		493,199		100%		493,199		
Exeter Township		13,557,912		100%		13,557,912		
Fleetwood Borough		1,284,682		100%		1,284,682		
Greenwich Township		133,023		100%		133,023		
Hamburg Borough		395,705		100%		395,705		
Hereford Township		60,703		100%		60,703		
Kutztown Borough		15,092,000		100%		15,092,000		
Leesport Borough		564,956		100%		564,956		
Lenhartsville Borough		388,015	(1)	100%		388,015		
Longswamp Township		194,119	` /	100%		194,119		
Lower Alsace Township		1,201,209	(1)	100%		1,201,209		
Lower Heidelberg Township		10,135,396	. ,	100%		10,135,396		
÷ ,						•		

Note

(1) Unavailable - used latest data available

County of Berks Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt December 31, 2020

Direct Debt of County and Related Entities (continued)	Net Debt Outstanding	=	Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Maidencreek Township	26,229		100%	26,229
Maxatawny Township	317,905		100%	317,905
Mt. Penn Borough	- /	(1)	100%	201,699
Mohnton Borough	486		100%	486
Muhlenberg Township	17,138,911		100%	17,138,911
Ontelaunee Township	14,532,000	(1)	100%	14,532,000
Penn Township	57,646		100% 100%	57,646
Richmond Township Robeson Township	2,018,233 471,933		100%	2,018,233 471,933
St. Lawrence Borough	•	(1)	100%	53,593
Shillington Borough	1,513,000	(')	100%	1,513,000
Shoemakersville Borough	2,035,945		100%	2,035,945
Sinking Spring Borough	5,410,483		100%	5,410,483
South Heidelberg Township	1,177,101		100%	1,177,101
Spring Township	15,900,000		100%	15,900,000
Tilden Township	4,190,820		100%	4,190,820
Topton Borough	2,128,264		100%	2,128,264
Tulpehocken Township	2,208,594	(1)	100%	2,208,594
Union Township	477,416	(·)	100%	477,416
Upper Bern Township	2,283,767		100%	2,283,767
Upper Tulpehocken Township	2,125,021		100%	2,125,021
Washington Township	8,338,000		100%	8,338,000
Wernersville Borough	976,000		100%	976,000
West Reading Borough	8,139,180		100%	8,139,180
Total Municipalities	\$ 520,239,334			\$ 520,239,334
Total overlapping debt TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT				\$ 1,696,508,553 \$ 1,822,026,645
TOTAL DINECT AND OVERLAPPING DEDT				Ψ 1,022,020,040

Note

(1) Unavailable - used latest data available

County of Berks Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Years

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	2013	2012
Debt Limit at 300%	\$ 1,704,298,292	\$ 1,619,503,910	\$ 1,535,260,685	\$ 1,501,171,348	\$ 1,433,540,382	\$ 1,378,800,855	\$ 1,324,954,399	\$ 1,307,926,447	\$ 1,309,909,635	\$ 1,288,660,406
Total amount of debt applicable to debt limit net of discount on zero coupon bonds	125,518,092	138,665,996	173,003,401	189,889,791	208,871,327	226,636,465	255,958,159	222,677,099	246,929,029	240,494,029
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 1,578,780,200	\$ 1,480,837,914	\$ 1,362,257,284	\$ 1,311,281,557	\$ 1,224,669,055	\$ 1,152,164,390	\$ 1,068,996,240	\$ 1,085,249,348	\$ 1,062,980,606	\$ 1,048,166,377
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	7.36%	8.56%	11.27%	12.65%	14.57%	16.44%	19.32%	17.03%	18.85%	18.66%
Total Revenues Received	\$ 603,629,603	\$ 578,392,087	\$ 522,276,602	\$ 518,835,221	\$ 494,148,862	\$ 488,187,265	\$ 451,204,255	\$ 439,409,335	\$ 434,340,809	\$ 434,176,303
Total net revenue Borrowing base = Total net revenues,	\$ 1,704,298,292	\$ 1,619,503,910	\$ 1,535,260,685	\$ 1,501,171,348	\$ 1,433,540,382	\$ 1,378,800,855				
divided by three	\$ 568,099,431	\$ 539,834,637	\$ 511,753,562	\$ 500,390,449	\$ 477,846,794	\$ 459,600,285				

Source:

County of Berks, Financial Statements

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures For General Obligation Bonded Debt To Total General Governmental Expenditures Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year	_ Principal	Interest	Debt Service	Total General Governmental Expenditures	Ratio of Debt Service to Total Governmental Expenditures
2021	\$ 11,090,545	\$ 4,530,587	\$ 15,621,132	\$ 529,960,719	2.95%
2020	17,474,779	15,897,346	33,372,125	524,940,413	6.36%
2019	8,663,370	14,779,894	23,443,264	457,363,337	5.13%
2018	8,318,135	15,605,850	23,923,985	451,579,486	5.30%
2017	7,725,669	16,629,718	24,355,387	429,347,681	5.67%
2016	7,527,645	16,475,219	24,002,864	428,526,206	5.60%
2015	7,620,828	16,911,272	24,532,100	388,195,165	6.32%
2014	8,145,069	17,155,619	25,300,688	398,217,473	6.35%
2013	8,043,447	19,429,357	27,472,804	393,021,531	6.99%
2012	19,481,932	9,346,689	28,828,621	452,462,635 *	6.37%

Notes:

Source:

County of Berks, Financial Statements

^{*} Includes prefunding of pension plan

County of Berks Demographic and Economics Statistics Last Ten Years

Calendar Year	Population	P	er Capita Personal ncome	Median Household Income		Median Age		Higher lucation rollment	Public Scho Enrollment				F Re	rage Sales Price of esidential Property
2021	422,434	\$	32,781	\$	66,154	39.9		*		*		5.1%	\$	187,600
2020	421,799		32,252		63,728	39.9		27,037		70,322		7.6%		178,700
2019	418,025		31,571		61,522	40.2		26,982		69,505		4.6%		174,200
2018	420,152		30,187		61,058	39.8		26,437		70,247		4.2%		173,700
2017	417,854		29,041		59,580	39.9		26,590		69,871		4.2%		170,900
2016	414,097		27,844		57,068	39.8		27,081		70,329		4.4%		169,000
2015	413,965		27,146		55,936	39.7		27,985		71,160		4.8%		168,200
2014	413,691		26,998		55,798	39.7		28,503		71,358		4.8%		169,200
2013	412,078		26,723		55,170	39.5		28,648		71,866		7.2%		170,600
2012	411,094		26,478		55,021	39.4		28,341		72,288		7.7%		173,400

Source:

Individual Institutions
County of Berks Assessment Office
Pennsylvania Department of Labor & Industry, Bureau of Research and Statistics

^{* 2021} data not available.

County of Berks Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2021		2012					
			Percentage of Total			Percentage of Total			
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment			
East Penn Manufacturing Co. Inc.	7,908	1	3.92%	6,526	2	3.11%			
Tower Health	7,206	2	3.57%	7,510	1	3.58%			
Wal-Mart Stores	2,300	3	1.14%	1,718	7	0.82%			
Penske Transportation Solutions	2,253	4	1.12%		(1)				
Reading School District	2,250	5	1.11%	2,080	5	0.99%			
Penn State St. Joseph Medical Center	2,177	6	1.08%	1,562	8	0.74%			
County of Berks	2,125	7	1.05%	2,411	3	1.15%			
Amazon	2,000	8	0.99%		(1)				
Carpenter Technology Corp.	1,878	9	0.93%	2,408	4	1.15%			
Wilson School District	1,541	10	0.76%		(1)				
Weis Markets		(1)	0.00%	1,450	10	0.69%			
Pennsylvania Government		(1)	0.00%	1,816	6	0.86%			
Redner's Markets Inc.		(1)		1,477	9	0.70%			
Total	31,638		15.68%	28,958		13.79%			
Total County Labor Force	201,800			210,000	(2)				
	_0.,000			= 10,000	\ - /				

Note:

- (1) Employer not on both lists
- (2) Estimated total

Source:

Pennsylvania Department of Labor & Industry, Bureau of Research and Statistics

County of Berks Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Years

	<u>2021</u>	2020	2019	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	2012
Function/Program										
Governmental activities:										
General government	213	202	182	184	200	197	196	193	205	203
Judicial	425	442	446	455	451	458	462	465	457	463
Public safety	476	504	506	492	505	487	412	398	397	390
Human services	270	280	286	291	288	294	293	297	302	307
Culture and recreation	30	35	41	39	32	34	35	35	35	35
Community and economic development	16	15	15	15	22	19	19	17	21	22
Total governmental activities	1,430	1,478	1,476	1,476	1,498	1,489	1,417	1,405	1,417	1,420
Business-type activities										
Berks Heim	278	366	375	381	396	399	402	398	399	398
Emergency Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	79	78	79	81
Berks County Residential Center	56	59	61	62	67	64	68	57	55	55
Youth Center	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Total business-type activities expenses	334	425	436	443	463	463	549	533	533	535
Total primary government expenses	1,764	1,903	1,912	1,919	1,961	1,952	1,966	1,938	1,950	1,955

Note:

A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and sick leave). Full-time equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 2,080.

- (1) Youth Center closed in 2012
- (2) Emergency Services merged with Public Safety in 2016

Source:

County of Berks, Personnel Statements

County of Berks Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Years

	<u>2021</u>	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	2017	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Function/Program Governmental activities: General government										
Elections										
New Registrations	10,829	26,100 **	6,400	10,245	4,000	20,387 **	4,859	4,896	4,360	11,283
Total Ballots Cast	75,527	272,192	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
In-Person Ballots	59,041	189,805 *	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mail-In Ballots	16,486	72,598	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Absentee Ballots Processed	- ***	9,789	3,289	6,392	1,500	9,358	2,177	2,830	1,962	7,396
Change of Address/Party	24,461	18,810	30,267	26,371	18,000	62,101	25,057	20,178	18,954	22,397
Cancellations	12,139	9,319	2,709	17,053	3,000	43,348	7,092	8,641	3,023	6,262
* New mail-in process started in 2020										
** 2012, 2016, and 2020 were presidential election years,*** Absentee and Mail-In Ballots combined as of 2021										
Real Estate										
Appeal summaries	669	788	596	573	713	950	1,485	1,657	1,075	1,517
Change Notices	2,458	1,807	3,150	3,577	2,616	3,190	2,964	4,299	3,205	3,840
Parcels Created	206	231	250	462	374	548	388	328	384	288
Acreage Changed	470	307	375	526	1,884	473	587	470	524	600
Judicial										
Coroner	4.070	4.440	0.505	0.000	0.074	0.000	0.000	0.057	0.470	0.000
Total Cases	4,279 2,737	4,112 2,636	3,505	3,363 2,043	3,371	3,386	3,230 1,865	3,057	3,172 1,696	2,966
Cremations District Attorney	2,131	2,030	2,197	2,043	2,028	2,004	1,000	1,699	1,090	1,518
Criminal Case Prosecution										
Adult Cases	5,082	4,536	6,251	6,473	7,019	6,560	6,533	6,865	6,500	6,135
Juvenile Cases	1,625	2,257	3,024	3,024	736	804	890	2,074	2,371	2,454
Narcotics Enforcement Team	211	319	241	235	272	780	602	187	251	236
DUI Central Booking	562	449	836	802	735	658	602	665	620	587
Major Crimes	2,318	1,750	2,917	2,401	2,408	2,484	2,215	1,592	2,481	1,382
Fugitive/Warrants Unit					-	-	226	-	-	-
Register of Wills										
Estates Opened	1,784	1,793	1,871	1,872	2,023	1,886	1,865	1,670	1,764	1,778
Marriage Licenses Issued	2,187	1,984	2,294	2,380	2,462	2,396	2,403	2,349	2,268	2,410
Adoptions	226	233	249	243	82	227	190	214	207	215
Public Safety County Prison										
Inmates Committed	3,493	3,623	6,094	6,611	6,994	6,328	6,701	6,840	7,050	6,774
Average Daily Population	747	743	1,044	1,104	999	1,024	1,171	1,187	1,199	1,115
Inmate Counseling Sessions	673	685	1,243	1,317	1,607	1,690	1,568	1,547	2,582	1,630
Inmate Work Release Participants	-	36	159	146	117	92	83	110	114	108
Inmates Enrolled in Education	346	570	388	463	542	422	498	395	362	502
Public Works										
Recycling Center										
Tons Recycled Curbside	55,000	55,976	44,031	44,133	45,759	51,597	55,291	51,757	52,250	51,708
Tons Recycled Drop-off	400	496	719	7,529	1,492	1,625	1,585	1,660	1,662	1,547
Tons Recycled Commercial	14,500 800	145,902 116	149,554	184,759 1,273	169,106	161,972 1,472	158,866	142,918 1,659	124,200	120,669
Tons Recycled by County	800	110	1,116	1,213	1,209	1,412	1,510	1,009	1,600	1,881

Note

^{**} Presidential election year, so more registrations processed.

County of Berks Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Years

Function/Program	<u>2021</u>	2020	<u>2019</u>	2018	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	2012
Human services										
CareerLink	750	000	754	054	0.47	405	447	075	0.40	705
Companies Served Adults Served	750 227	832 129	751 102	654 79	647 97	465 58	417 126	375 149	310 152	725 110
Youth Served	325	296	395	440	502	545	571	539	593	734
Dislocated Workers Served	113	79	97	135	324	265	304	434	451	472
JOBS Program (EARN)	152	211	327	359	327	340	442	342	356	609
Culture and recreation										
Ag Land Preservation										
Number of Farm Applicants	92	117	108	117	132	127	123	139	139	131
Number of Farms Selected	14	19	16	30	24	24	21	23	21	43
Funds Raised	150,196	675	522	10,000	4,625	100	-	197	-	2,349
Community and economic development Planning										
Act 247 Subdivision Reviews	213	128	150	153	180	151	134	152	142	143
Act 247 Ordinance Reviews	39	34	47	70	72	42	44	31	45	74
Act 537 Sewage Reviews	1	-	2	2	4	10	-	3	3	1
Act 97 Solid Waste Reviews	-	-	2	2	4	5	1	2	3	3
911										
Total 911 Calls	173,300	164,949	173,197	176,619	183,498	194,460	211,700	210,461	204,083	218,832
Average Daily Call Volume	475	452	475	484	503	533	580	577	560	600
Average Answer in < 10 seconds	(1)	(1)	(1)	93%	99%	99%	99%	99%	99%	99%
Surcharge Funds Received	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	\$ 1,297,310	\$ 2,194,832	\$ 2,286,686	\$ 2,346,944
Surcharge Funds Disbursed	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	\$ 1,054,321	\$ 1,628,053	\$ 1,776,841	\$ 1,923,136
Business-type activities Berks Heim										
In-house Days										
Private Pay	13,973	14,313	17,018	18,957	20,178	22,090	20,866	19,983	21,790	21,535
Medical Assistance/Medicare A	91,075	108,488	128,325	128,701	127,894	127,110	127,593	129,382	127,730	130,110
Bedhold Days	412	419	725	751	742	556	554	500	742	574
Berks County Residential Center/Youth Center										
Average Daily Population										
Berks County Residential Center	3	28	57	51	61	80	80	67	74	80
Bonto County Productinal Contor	J	20	31	31	01	00	00	O1	74	00

Note

(1) As of 2019, no longer tracked.
(2) As of August 2015, no longer tracking because of change in funding regulations.

Source: Individual County Departments

County of Berks Capital Asset Statistic by Function/Program Last Ten Years

		2021	2020	2019			2018	2017		2016	2015		2014	2013		2012
Function/Program																
Governmental activities: General government																
Land and land improvements		\$ 2,221,983	\$ 2,221,983 145,023,035	\$ 2,221 144,352		\$	2,221,983 144,173,026	\$ 2,221,983 143,483,130	\$	2,221,983 137,923,541	\$ 2,221,983 138,719,289	\$	2,221,983 112,252,678	\$ 3,499,090 111,790,776	\$	1,664,570 126,923,789
Buildings and building improvements Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		148,861,055 24,598,664	145,023,035	144,352			13.506.048	143,483,130		137,923,541	138,719,289 81.095.364		9.878.697	9.444.535		126,923,789
Construction in progress		10,109,129	17,788,559	10,296			6,689,024	6,046,603		6,970,633	3,285,230		26,820,832	46,783,680		23,243,334
Infrastructure		94,401	94,401	94	,401		94,401	94,401		85,760	-		-	-		-
Agricultural easements		83,767,156	83,034,255	82,534			81,438,317	80,229,316		79,371,116	78,161,441		76,669,703	75,085,203		73,173,727
		269,652,388	266,622,795	257,239	,921		248,122,799	245,560,649		240,001,403	303,483,307		227,843,893	246,603,284		237,339,596
Judicial																
Buildings and building improvements		1,216,111	1,744,724	1,388			1,005,804	1,005,804		1,005,804	907,096		757,634	1,128,901		1,128,901
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment Construction in progress		2,727,631	2,416,000	2,359	,845		2,623,239 223,792	2,302,377		2,552,861	2,262,887		2,625,854	2,577,830		2,537,914 87,621
Contraction in progress		3,943,742	4,160,724	3,952			3,852,835	3,308,181		3,558,665	3,169,983		3,383,488	3,706,731		3,754,436
Public Safety																
Buildings and building improvements		51,580,695	50,469,502	50,360	.727		50,195,720	49,937,349		49,830,760	48,959,401		46,797,847	46,872,609		53,039,836
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		66,408,061	66,522,427	65,775			64,951,402	64,568,334		67,310,794	2,168,160		2,356,084	2,104,994		2,469,719
Construction in progress		4,096,280	3,469,970	1,996			2,285,848	763,784		102,128			-	-		-
Infrastructure		28,759	28,759		,759		28,759	28,759		-			-			-
		122,113,795	120,490,658	118,161	,836		117,461,729	115,298,226		117,243,682	51,127,561		49,153,931	48,977,603		55,509,555
Public Works																
Land and land improvements		41,516	41,516		,516		41,516	41,516		41,516	41,516		41,516	41,516		41,516
Buildings and building improvements		8,051,863	8,051,863	8,051			8,051,863	8,051,863		8,051,863	8,051,863		8,051,863	8,051,863		8,051,863
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		148,217	88,063		,286		208,286	225,836		225,836	225,836		176,726	176,726		192,317
Construction in progress Infrastructure		1,054,575 40.103.929	546,345 39.990.550	3,423 35.070			3,266,432 31,652,761	1,902,992 27.944.838		15,158,118 12.757.777	6,599,210 10.587.072		4,619,721 6.051,426	2,000,718 4.799.840		1,160,164 4,132,152
IIII asu ucture		49,400,100	48,718,337	46,795			43,220,858	38,167,045	_	36,235,110	25,505,497	_	18,941,252	15,070,663		13,578,012
		43,400,100	40,710,337	40,730	,,,,,,,,,		43,220,030	30,107,043		30,233,110	25,505,451		10,341,232	15,070,005		10,570,012
Human services Buildings and building improvements		137,750	137,750	197	,750		137,750	137,750		137,750	113,931			110,700		110,700
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		563,945	635,231		,750		499,961	455,048		482,406	500,446		500,493	569,902		550,415
r armaro, intaroo, and oquipmon		701,695	772.981		.683		637,711	592,798	_	620,156	614,377		500,493	680,602	_	661,115
		,	,		,		,	,		,	,		,	,		,
Culture and recreation Land and land improvements		15.706.436	15.842.480	15.026	ann :		15.026.900	14.983.030		14.967.868	13.633.400		13.550.628	13.491.264		13.081.317
Buildings and building improvements		8,133,643	8,196,682	8,132			7,984,180	7,844,746		7,821,125	7,321,287		7,150,341	7,087,808		6,904,979
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		1,427,118	1,398,895	1,236			1,068,755	1,244,389		1,097,063	1,058,175		1,043,562	972,820		1,061,688
Construction in progress		468,559	286,216		,908		171,532	113,187		39,143			-	-		-
Historical treasures		2,290,344	2,290,344	2,279			2,279,644	2,279,644		2,279,644	2,279,644		2,279,644	2,279,644		2,166,153
Infrastructure		38,762 28,064,862	38,762 28,053,379	26,943	758		38,762 26,569,773	26,464,996		26,204,843	24,292,506		24,024,175	23,831,536		23,214,137
		20,004,002	20,000,010	20,540	,,,,,,,,		20,303,773	20,404,330		20,204,043	24,232,300		24,024,110	25,051,550		25,214,157
Community and economic development Buildings and building improvements		1,843,700	1,843,700	1,843	700		1,843,700	1,843,700		1,843,700	1,843,700		1,843,700	1,843,700		1,843,700
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		43,736	35,282		,204		30,217	43,254		23,359	23,359		23,359	23,359		48,648
r armaro, incaroo, and oquipmon		1,887,436	1,878,982	1,880			1,873,917	1,886,954		1,867,059	1,867,059		1,867,059	1,867,059		1,892,348
Total governmental - cost		\$ 475,764,018	\$ 470,697,856	\$ 455,605	091	-\$	441,739,622	\$ 431,278,849	S	425,730,918	\$ 410,060,290	s	325,714,291	\$ 340,737,478	\$	335,949,199
		<u> </u>	*	,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ť	,		Ť			Ť			Ť	
Business-type activities																
Department of Emergency Services	(1)															
Buildings and building improvements		\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	486,846	\$ 486,845	\$	486,846
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		-	-		-		-	-		-	-		67,581,031	11,301,560		9,954,737
Construction in progress					÷			<u>-</u>					668,570 68,736,447	8,103,310 19,891,715		6,885,539 17.327.122
													00,730,447	19,031,713		17,527,122
Berks County Residential Center	(2)															
Buildings and building improvements		11,782,088	10,328,645	10,187			10,187,060	10,187,060		10,187,060	8,909,018		7,912,681	7,902,464		505,847
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment Construction in progress		223,327 9 449	223,327 1,303,750	1 001	301		223,327	337,121		368,724	346,699		285,023 126,822	239,133		239,133 412,450
Construction in progress		12,014,864	11,855,722	11.411			10,410,387	10,524,181	_	10.555.784	9,255,717		8,324,526	8,141,597	_	1,157,430
		,. ,	,,-==	,			., .,	-,- ,		.,, =:			-,- ,-=+	-, ,		
Berks Heim		43,837,834	40,013,170	38,210	250		38,160,486	38,118,048		38,046,576	38,032,210		38,013,639	37,749,851		37.731.995
Buildings and building improvements		43,837,834 5,734,197	40,013,170 5,019,783	4,989			4,661,321	38,118,048 4,658,696		4,586,482	38,032,210 4,549,490		38,013,639	37,749,851		37,731,995
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment Construction in progress		5,734,197 259,770	1,297,768	4,989 1,266			4,661,321 35,398	4,658,696		4,586,482 17,642	4,549,490 14,367		278,646	3,001,423		3,000,013
Sorial delion in progress		49,831,801	46,330,721	44,466			42,857,205	42,806,689		42,650,700	42,596,067		42,255,114	41,637,274		41,540,008
Total business-type activities		\$ 61,846,665	\$ 58,186,443	\$ 55,877	806	s	53,267,592	\$ 53,330,870	\$	53,206,484	\$ 51,851,784	s	119,316,087	\$ 69,670,586	\$	60,024,560
															_	
Total primary government		\$ 537,610,683	\$ 528,884,299	\$ 511,482	,987	\$	495,007,214	\$ 484,609,719	\$	478,937,402	\$ 461,912,074	\$	445,030,378	\$ 410,408,064	\$	395,973,759

Note:
(1) Converted to special revenue fund in 2015

(2) Youth Center closed in 2012

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

